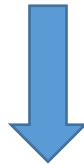


Microsoft MCSA Certification 70-347 Exam



- **Vendor: Microsoft**
- **Exam Code: 70-347**
- **Exam Name: Enabling Office 365 Services**

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QUESTION 1

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company has a single Active Directory Domain Services domain. As part of the Office 365 deployment, the company is preparing to deploy Office Telemetry. You need to disguise file names and document titles, while still collecting the telemetry data. What should you do?

- A. In the Telemetry Dashboard, display only files that are used by multiple users.
- B. On each client computer, edit the registry to prevent telemetry logging.
- C. In the Telemetry Dashboard, obfuscate the document name, title, and path.
- D. In the Telemetry Dashboard, apply a label named Private to employees.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The enable file obfuscation policy setting configures the Telemetry Agent to disguise the file name, file path, and title of Office documents before uploading telemetric data to the shared folder.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Displaying only files that are used by multiple users will not disguise file names and document titles, while still collecting the telemetry data.

B: The option to turn off logging also includes turning off the agent. This will also prevent the collection of the telemetry data.

D: Assigning a label named Private to employees will not disguise file names and document titles, while still collecting the telemetry data.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219431.aspx#agentpolicy>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj591589.aspx>

QUESTION 2

Hotspot Question

A company has an on-premises deployment of Microsoft Exchange Server 2010 with Service Pack 3. The company is migrating to Office 365. During the migration, users must be able to see availability information between the on- premises deployment and Office 365. You need to identify the appropriate mailbox migration strategy to use. Which migration strategies are supported for this scenario? To answer, drag the appropriate answer choices to the correct targets. Each answer choice may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Migration Strategy	Supported
Cutover migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No
Staged migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No
Remote move migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No
IMAP migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No

Answer:

Migration Strategy	Supported
Cutover migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No
Staged migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No
Remote move migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No
IMAP migration	<input type="text"/> Yes No

Explanation:

The only migration method that enables users to see availability information between the on-premises deployment and Office 365 is a remote move migration. A “remote move migration” is used to migrate on-premises Exchange mailboxes to Exchange Online in an Exchange hybrid

deployment. You must have an Exchange hybrid deployment to use a remote move migration. With a hybrid deployment, you get the following capabilities:

- User account management in your on-premises organization.
- Directory synchronization between your on-premises and Exchange Online organizations.
- Single sign-on to mailboxes located either on-premises or in the Exchange Online organization.
- Secure mail routing between on-premises and Exchange Online organizations.
- Free/busy and calendar sharing between on-premises and Exchange Online organizations.

Even if you plan to permanently move your on-premises email organization to Exchange Online and Office 365 over a longer period of time, you can take advantage of these hybrid deployment features during the transition.

Incorrect Answers:

Cutover migration: In a cutover Exchange migration, all mailboxes in the on-premises Exchange organization are migrated to Exchange Online in a single migration batch. In a cutover migration, new mailboxes are created in Exchange Online and the on-premise mailboxes are synchronized to the online mailboxes. After the initial synchronization, incremental synchronizations are performed until the on-premise and online mailboxes have the same data. The users are then switched over to the online mailboxes. As all users are switched to the online mailboxes at the same time, there is no period when some users are using online mailboxes while other users are using on-premise mailboxes. Therefore, the sharing of free/busy information between the on-premise and online environments is unnecessary. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

Staged migration: In a staged Exchange migration, mailboxes in the on-premises Exchange organization are migrated to Exchange Online in batches. However, staged migrations are not supported with on-premise Exchange 2010 or Exchange 2013. In this question, we're using on-premise Exchange 2010. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

IMAP migration: In an IMAP migration, the contents of users' mailboxes on an IMAP messaging system are migrated to their Exchange Online mailboxes. An IMAP migration does not provide Free/busy and calendar sharing between on-premises and Exchange Online organizations. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 3

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Employees share documents with internal and external users on Microsoft SharePoint Online sites. User1 inadvertently shares a link to Document1 with an external user named Customer1. You need to remove access to Document1 from Customer1. Which five actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
In the properties window, click Withdraw .	
Display the Site Settings page.	
Click Access requests and invitations .	
Point to Customer1, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	
Remove the SharePoint Online license from Customer1.	
Open the SharePoint library that contains the shared document.	

Answer:

	Answer Area
In the properties window, click Withdraw .	Open the SharePoint library that contains the shared document.
Display the Site Settings page.	Display the Site Settings page.
Click Access requests and invitations .	Click Access requests and invitations .
Point to Customer1, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	Point to Customer1, and then click the associated Open Menu button.
Remove the SharePoint Online license from Customer1.	
Open the SharePoint library that contains the shared document.	In the properties window, click Withdraw .

Explanation:

If you want to withdraw an invitation you have sent to an external user, you can revoke the invitation before it is accepted.

- Go to Settings -> Site Settings.
- Under Users and Permissions, click Access requests and invitations.
- Under Guest User Invitations, find the person you would like to uninvite to the site, and click the ellipses... to open the menu.
- In the properties window, click Withdraw.

https://support.office.com/en-in/article/Set-up-and-manage-access-requests-94b26e0b-2822-49d4-929a-8455698654b3#__toc334189260

QUESTION 4

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company's environment includes Office 2007, Office 2010, Office 2013, Windows 7, and Windows 8. The company uses Office Telemetry. You need to collect Office version usage data for an upcoming migration to Office 365 ProPlus.

What should you do?

- A. Open documents by using Office 2007, Office 2010, or Office 2013 on client computers that run Windows 7.
- B. Use the Get-MsolUsercmdlet with the ServiceStatus parameter.
- C. Search network shares for Office documents and export the results to a .log file.
- D. Search local computers for Office documents and export the results to a .csv file.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Telemetry Agents for all versions of Office collect the data of the most recently used documents, registered add-ins, and system and user information to upload to the shared folder. By opening documents by using Office 2007, Office 2010, or Office 2013 on client computers that run Windows 7, you allow the Telemetry Agents to collect the relevant data.

Incorrect Answers:

B: The ServiceStatus parameter is not valid for the Get-MsolUser cmdlet.

C: Searching network shares for Office documents and exporting the results to a .log file will not collect Office version usage data.

D: Searching local computers for Office documents and exporting the results to a .csv file will not collect Office version usage data.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj863580.aspx>

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn194133.aspx>

QUESTION 5

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. A user wants to share a link to a presentation with a salesperson. The salesperson will share the link with potential customers. You have the following requirements:

- Make a read-only version of the presentation available to anonymous users.
- Notify the salesperson by email when the presentation is available.

You need to configure the sharing settings. How should you configure the sharing settings? To answer, configure the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area.

Answer Area

Share 'Presentation1'



Shared with lots of people

Invite people

Enter names, email addresses, or 'Everyone'.

Can edit
Can view

Include a personal message with this invitation (Optional).

☒ Require sign-in

HIDE OPTIONS

☒ Send an email invitation

Share

Cancel

Answer:

Answer Area

Share 'Presentation1'



Shared with lots of people

Invite people

Enter names, email addresses, or 'Everyone'.

Can edit
Can view

Include a personal message with this invitation (Optional).

☐ Require sign-in

HIDE OPTIONS

☒ Send an email invitation

Share

Cancel

Explanation:

"Require sign-in" should not be checked.

QUESTION 6

Drag and Drop Question

Your company uses Microsoft SharePoint Online. You create a subsite in an existing site collection. The subsite will serve as a document repository from which anyone can download documents. External sharing is turned off globally. You plan to share documents with users by emailing document links. Users must not be required to sign in to the subsite to download the documents. You need to configure the environment to allow document sharing with external users. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Enable sharing for each document.	
Share the site collection.	
Share the subsite.	
Configure the tenant settings to allow external sharing.	
Configure the site collection properties to allow external sharing.	
Block inherited permissions for the subsite.	
Create a new public website.	

Answer:

Answer Area	
Enable sharing for each document.	Configure the tenant settings to allow external sharing.
Share the site collection.	
Share the subsite.	Configure the site collection properties to allow external sharing.
Configure the tenant settings to allow external sharing.	
Configure the site collection properties to allow external sharing.	Enable sharing for each document.
Block inherited permissions for the subsite.	
Create a new public website.	

Explanation:

Step 1. To be able to share documents, we first need to enable sharing at the top level, the Tenant. The question states: "You plan to share documents with users by emailing document links. Users must not be required to sign in to the subsite to download the documents". To do this, we need to select the following sharing option: "Allow both external users who accept sharing invitations and guest links".

Step 2. The second step is to allow sharing at the Site Collection level. Again, we need to configure the following sharing option: "Allow both external users who accept sharing invitations and guest links".

Step 3. The final step after sharing has been enabled is to share the required documents.

<https://support.office.com/en-in/article/Manage-external-sharing-for-your-SharePoint-Online-environment-c8a462eb-0723-4b0b-8d0a-70feafe4be85>

QUESTION 7

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company wants to increase the retention age for deleted email items to 90 days. You need to modify the retention age. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, drag the appropriate command segments to the correct locations. Each segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Set-RetentionPolicyTag	
Set-RetentionPolicy	
RetentionAge	
AgeLimitForRetention	

	"Deleted Items" -	90
--	-------------------	----

Answer:

The screenshot shows a question interface. On the left, there is a list of four options in green boxes: 'Set-RetentionPolicyTag', 'Set-RetentionPolicy', 'RetentionAge', and 'AgeLimitForRetention'. On the right, under the heading 'Answer Area', the correct answer is displayed in a box: 'Set-RetentionPolicyTag' 'Deleted Items' - 'AgeLimitForRetention' 90.

Explanation:

Retention Policy Tags are used to apply retention settings to folders and individual items such as e-mail messages. These settings specify how long a message remains in a mailbox and the action to be taken when the message reaches the specified retention age. The Set-RetentionPolicyTag is used to modify the settings of a retention policy tag. In this question, we use the AgeLimitForRetention parameter to set the retention period to 90 days.

Incorrect Answers:

Set-RetentionPolicy: a retention policy is a group of retention tags. The retention policy is applied to mailboxes or mailbox folders but it is the retention tag in the retention policy that specifies how long the email should be retained for. Therefore, to increase the retention period, we need to modify the retention policy tag, not the retention policy itself.

RetentionAge: it is not a valid parameter in either the Set-RetentionPolicyTag or Set-RetentionPolicy cmdlets.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-gb/library/dd298042%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 8

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Microsoft Exchange Online and Microsoft Lync Online. An employee named User1 has the user name, email address, and Lync address User1@contoso.com. The employee requests that you change only his Lync address to User1-Sales@contoso.com. You start a Windows PowerShell session and run the following commands, providing your admin account credentials when prompted. You need to complete the process of updating the employee's Lync address without affecting any other addresses. Which Windows PowerShell command should you run next?

```
$cred = Get-Credential
$session = New-PSSession -ConfigurationName Microsoft.Exchange -ConnectionUri https://ps.outlook.com/powershell/
-Credential $cred -Authentication Basic -AllowRedirection
Import-PSSession $session
$session = New-CsOnlineSession -Credential $cred
Import-PSSession $session
$ID = User1@contoso.com
$OldAddress = SIP:User1@contoso.com
$NewAddress = SIP:User1-Sales@contoso.com
```

- A. Set-MsolUser -UserPrincipalName \$ID -ProxyAddresses@{add = "\$NewAddress"; remove = "\$OldAddress">
- B. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$ID -EmailAddresses@{add = "\$NewAddress"; remove = "\$OldAddress"}
- C. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$ID -WindowsEmailAddress \$NewAddress
- D. Set-CsUser -Identity \$ID -ProxyAddresses@{add = M\$NewAddress'; remove="\$OldAddress">

Answer: B

Explanation:

D = wrong: The set-csUser cmdlet doesn't have the parameter Proxyaddress.

A = wrong: The set-MsolUser doesn't have the parameter ProxyAddress either.

C = wrong: This would set the primary mail address to the new address (I doubt even if it wouldn't give you an error since you try to set the sip as default reply address).

B = right: You try to do something with mail addresses, the hang on a mailbox, so you should set one of the mailbox properties.

<http://community.office365.com/en-us/f/166/t/37089.aspx>

QUESTION 9

Your company uses Microsoft Exchange Online and Microsoft Lync Online. You are planning the compliance strategy for electronic correspondence. You need to archive Lync communications for mailboxes that are placed on an in-place hold. Which two forms of Lync communications should you archive? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Multiparty instant messages
- B. Peer-to-peer file transfers
- C. Audio and video for peer-to-peer conferences
- D. Whiteboards and polls shared during conferences
- E. Desktop sharing sessions

Answer: AD

Explanation:

The following types of content are not archived: peer-to-peer file transfers, audio/video for peer-to-peer instant messages and conferences, application sharing for peer-to-peer instant messages and conferences, conferencing annotations and polls, conference content including uploaded content (for example, handouts), and event-related content (for example, joining, leaving, uploading, sharing, and changes in visibility).

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn194461.aspx>

QUESTION 10

Drag and Drop Question

Your company has an Office 365 subscription and uses Microsoft Exchange Online. You are creating several Exchange objects to meet different requirements. You need to ascertain the correct recipient type for each object based on the description. Which recipient type best matches each description? To answer, drag the appropriate recipient types to the correct targets. Each recipient type may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Recipient description	Recipient type
An external user who will not require access to the Office 365 portal. The GAL must display the user's external email address.	<input type="text"/>
An external user who will require access to the Office 365 portal. The GAL must display the user's external email address.	<input type="text"/>
Any department member must be able to open the mailbox and reply to email messages. The GAL must display this recipient.	<input type="text"/>
Email messages sent to this recipient must be sent to every department member. The GAL must display this recipient.	<input type="text"/>

Mail contact

Mail user

Shared mailbox

Distribution list

Answer:

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Answer Area	
Recipient description	Recipient type
An external user who will not require access to the Office 365 portal. The GAL must display the user's external email address.	Mail contact
An external user who will require access to the Office 365 portal. The GAL must display the user's external email address.	Mail user
Any department member must be able to open the mailbox and reply to email messages. The GAL must display this recipient.	Shared mailbox
Email messages sent to this recipient must be sent to every department member. The GAL must display this recipient.	Distribution list

Explanation:

A mail contact is a mail-enabled Active Directory contact that contains information about people or organizations that exist outside the Exchange organization. Each mail contact has an external email address. All messages sent to the mail contact are routed to this external email address. A mail user is a mail-enabled Active Directory user that represents a user outside the Exchange organization. Each mail user has an external email address. All messages sent to the mail user are routed to this external email address. A mail user is similar to a mail contact, except that a mail user has Active Directory logon credentials and can access resources (can log in to the Office 365 portal). A shared mailbox is a mailbox that is not primarily associated with a single user and is generally configured to allow access for multiple users. A distribution group or distribution list is a mail-enabled Active Directory distribution group object that can be used only to distribute messages to a group of recipients.

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb201680%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 11

Drag and Drop Question

Your company, Coho Vineyard, uses Microsoft Exchange Online. Coho Vineyard employees have email addresses on the domain cohovineyard.com. Coho Vineyard recently purchased the domain cohovinery.com. All employees of Coho Vineyard who work in the winery department should have an additional email address combining their current email alias with the domain cohovinery.com. Outgoing email messages must be sent from the existing cohovineyard.com email addresses. You need to add the cohovinery.com email addresses. Which three Windows PowerShell commands should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate commands from the list of commands to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
<pre>\$users = Get-User -Filter "Department -eq 'winery division'" -resultsize:unlimited</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {\$_ .WindowsEmailAddress = \$_.Alias + "cohowinery.com"}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox -Identity \$_.Identity -EmailAddresses \$_.EmailAddresses}</pre>	
<pre>\$users = Get-User -Filter "Department -eq 'winery division'" -resultsize:unlimited Get-Mailbox</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {\$_ .EmailAddresses.Add("smtp:" + \$_.Alias + "@cohowinery.com")}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox -Identity \$_.Identity -WindowsEmailAddress \$_.WindowsEmailAddress}</pre>	

Answer:

	Answer Area
<pre>\$users = Get-User -Filter "Department -eq 'winery division'" -resultsize:unlimited</pre>	<pre>\$users = Get-User -Filter "Department -eq 'winery division'" -resultsize:unlimited Get-Mailbox</pre>
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {\$_ .WindowsEmailAddress = \$_.Alias + "cohowinery.com"}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox -Identity \$_.Identity -EmailAddresses \$_.EmailAddresses}</pre>	<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {\$_ .EmailAddresses.Add("smtp:" + \$_.Alias + "@cohowinery.com")}</pre>
<pre>\$users = Get-User -Filter "Department -eq 'winery division'" -resultsize:unlimited Get-Mailbox</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {\$_ .EmailAddresses.Add("smtp:" + \$_.Alias + "@cohowinery.com")}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox -Identity \$_.Identity -WindowsEmailAddress \$_.WindowsEmailAddress}</pre>	<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox -Identity \$_.Identity -EmailAddresses \$_.EmailAddresses}</pre>

Explanation:

Box 1: This command is used to return a list of users who work in the winery department and store the results in the \$Users variable.

Box 2: This command says for each user name, take the user's alias, prepend SMTP: and append @cohovineyard.com and add the new address to any existing addresses (\$_.EmailAddresses). For example, for a user with an alias of John.Smith, the following email address would be created: SMTP:John.Smith@cohovineyard.com. That would then be added to his existing email address.

Box 3: The following PowerShell cmdlet can be used to define the email address for User1's mailbox:

Set-Mailbox -Identity user1 -EmailAddresses <list of email addresses>.

As Box 2 added the new @cohovineyard.com address to the existing @cohovineyard.com address, we can use the \$_.EmailAddresses value with the -EmailAddresses parameter instead of manually listing the addresses.

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-gb/library/bb123981%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 12

Drag and Drop Question

Your company uses Microsoft Exchange Online. End users access their mailboxes by using Outlook Web App (OWA). The company is deploying an end-user request process for new shared mailboxes. When a user requests a shared mailbox, a corresponding group must also be created. The requestor will manage the group membership in OWA to allow other users access to the shared mailbox. You are creating a Windows PowerShell script to meet the following requirements:

- Create a shared mailbox that has the requested display name and email address.
- Create a group and make the requestor both the owner and a member of the group.
- Assign full control for the shared mailbox to the group.

The script currently includes the following Windows PowerShell script segment:

```
param (
    [string]$requestorUPN = $(throw "-requestorUPN is required."),
    [string]$displayName = $(throw "-displayName is required."),
    [string]$alias = $(throw "-alias is required."),
    [string]$domain = $(throw "-domain is required.")
)
```

```
$SmbName = $alias + "@" + $domain
$GroupDisplayname = $displayName + "-Group"
$GroupAlias = $alias + "-group"
$GroupName = $GroupAlias + $domain
```

You need to complete the Windows PowerShell script. How should you complete the script? To answer, drag the appropriate cmdlets to the correct targets. Each cmdlet may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

	Answer Area
New-Mailbox	<input type="text"/> -Name \$SmbName -PrimarySmtpAddress \$SmbName
New-DistributionGroup	-Alias \$alias -DisplayName \$displayName -shared
Add-MailboxPermission	<input type="text"/> -Name \$GroupName -DisplayName
Add-RecipientPermission	-\$GroupDisplayname -Alias \$GroupAlias -ManagedBy \$requestorUPN -Type Security
Add-DistributionGroupMember	<input type="text"/> -Identity \$SmbName -User \$GroupName
New-MsolGroup	-AccessRights FullAccess
Add-MsolGroupMember	<input type="text"/> -Identity \$GroupName -Member \$requestorUPN
Enable-Mailbox	

Answer:

Answer Area	
New-Mailbox	-Name \$SmbName -PrimarySmtpAddress \$SmbName -Alias \$alias -DisplayName \$displayName -shared
New-DistributionGroup	-Name \$GroupName -DisplayName -\$GroupDisplayName -Alias \$GroupAlias -ManagedBy \$requestorUPN -Type Security
Add-MailboxPermission	-Identity \$SmbName -User \$GroupName -AccessRights FullAccess
Add-DistributionGroupMember	-Identity \$GroupName -Member \$requestorUPN

Explanation:

The script asks the user for the following information: RequestorUPN, DisplayName, Alias and Domain. The RequestorUPN is the name of the user requesting the mailbox. This value is stored in the \$requestorUPN variable. The DisplayName is the display name of the mailbox. This value is stored in the \$displayName variable. The Alias is the alias for the mailbox, for example: Jane.Doe. This value is stored in the \$Alias variable. The domain is the domain required for the mailbox, for example: contoso.com. The value is stored in the \$domain variable. The script uses the \$Alias variable and the \$domain variable to construct an email address. For example: jane.doe@contoso.com. This value is stored in the \$SmbName variable. For the group information, the group display name is constructed from the \$displayName variable and "-group". This value is stored in the \$GroupDisplayName variable. The group alias is constructed from the \$Alias variable and "-group". This value is stored in the \$GroupAlias variable. The group name is constructed from the \$GroupAlias variable and the \$domain variable. This value is stored in the \$GroupName variable.

Box 1: The New-Mailbox cmdlet is used to create a new mailbox. The values stored in the variables provide the information required to complete the command.

Box 2: The New-DistributionGroup cmdlet is used to create a new distribution group. The values stored in the variables provide the information required to complete the command.

Box 3: The Add-MailboxPermission cmdlet is used to assign the distribution group full control access to the shared mailbox. The values stored in the variables provide the information required to complete the command.

Box 4: The Add-DistributionGroupMember cmdlet is used to add the mailbox requestor to the distribution group. The values stored in the variables provide the information required to complete the command.

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa997663%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998856%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124097%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/bb124340%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 13

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. An employee with the user name User1 requests a shared mailbox named Sales1. User1 must be able to send messages from the Sales1 mailbox. You need to create and configure the online mailbox. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, select the correct answer from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

New-Mailbox [dropdown] -Name "Sales1" -Alias "Sales1"

[dropdown]
-Resource
-ConferenceRoom
-Shared

-PrimarySmtpAddress Sales1@contoso.com

[dropdown] -Identity "Sales1" -AccessRights [dropdown] [dropdown]

Add-AdPermission
Add-MailboxPermission
Add-RecipientPermission

FullAccess
SendAs

-Trustee
-User

User1@contoso.com

Answer:

Answer Area

New-Mailbox [dropdown] -Name "Sales1" -Alias "Sales1"

[dropdown]
-Resource
-ConferenceRoom
-Shared

-PrimarySmtpAddress Sales1@contoso.com

[dropdown] -Identity "Sales1" -AccessRights [dropdown] [dropdown]

Add-AdPermission
Add-MailboxPermission
Add-RecipientPermission

FullAccess
SendAs

-Trustee
-User

User1@contoso.com

Explanation:

We use the New-Mailbox cmdlet to create a new mailbox. Then we use the Add-RecipientPermission cmdlet to grant the SendAs permission on the mailbox to User1@contoso.com.

Box 1: We use the -Shared option to create a shared mailbox with the name of Sales1.

Box 2: We use the Add-RecipientPermission to add a permission (in this case SendAs permission) to the Sales1 mailbox.

Box 3: We need to select the SendAs permission to enable User1 to send messages from the Sales1 mailbox

Box 4: We need the -Trustee option to enable us to specify that we're granting the SendAs permission to a user (user1@contoso.com).

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-gb/library/ff935839\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-gb/library/ff935839(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 14

Your company subscribes to an Office 365 Plan E3. A user named User1 installs Office Professional Plus for Office 365 on a client computer. From the Microsoft Online Services portal, you assign User1 an Office Professional Plus license. One month after installing Office, User1 can no longer save and edit Office documents on the client computer. User1 can open and view Office documents. You need to ensure that User1 can save and edit documents on the client computer by using office. What should you do?

A. Install the Office Customization Tool.

- B. Reinstall Office Professional Plus.
- C. Install the Microsoft Online Services Sign-in Assistant.
- D. Upgrade the subscription to Plan E4.

Answer: C

QUESTION 15

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You need to identify which certificate is used for token signing between the on-premises environment and Office 365. Which tool should you use?

- A. the Exchange Management Console
- B. the AD FS 2.0 Management console
- C. the Active Directory Domains and Trusts snap-in
- D. the Office 365 portal
- E. the Certificates snap-in

Answer: B

Explanation:

AD FS creates a self-signed certificate by default. You are able to modify this certificate to a CA-issued certificate by using the AD FS management snap-in. Therefore it stands to reason that to identify which certificate is used for token signing between the on-premises environment and Office 365, you would have to access the AD FS 2.0 Management console.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The Exchange Management Console is a graphical representation of all the resources and components of an Exchange organization. It will not, however, identify which certificate is used for token signing between the on-premises environment and Office 365.

C: The Active Directory Domains and Trusts snap-in is used manage domain trusts, domain and forest functional levels, and user principal name (UPN) suffixes. It will not, however, identify which certificate is used for token signing between the on-premises environment and Office 365.

D: The Office 365 portal is used for sign-in and deployment, but not to identify which certificate is used for token signing between the on-premises environment and Office 365.

E: The Certificates snap-in can be used to view certificates linked to Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS). It will not, however, identify which certificate is used for token signing between the on-premises environment and Office 365.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Plan-for-third-party-SSL-certificates-for-Office-365-b48cdf63-07e0-4cda-8c12-4871590f59ce?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc505909.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc770299.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc725751.aspx>

QUESTION 16

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. A user named Test5 has a mailbox. You need to ensure that all of the email messages sent and received by Test5 are accessible to members of the audit department for 60 days, even if Test5 permanently deletes the messages. What should you do?

- A. Run the Set-User cmdlet.
- B. Run the Set-Mailbox cmdlet.
- C. Run the Set-RetentionPolicyTag cmdlet.
- D. Run the Set-MailboxDatabase cmdlet.
- E. Run the Set-RetentionPolicy cmdlet.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The AuditLogAgeLimit parameter of the Set-Mailbox cmdlet allows you to stipulate how long audit logs for a mailbox are retained. Logs older than the specified period are removed. The default value is 90 days.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The Set-User cmdlet is used to alter user attributes in Active Directory.

C: The Set-RetentionPolicyTag cmdlet is used to alter the properties of a retention tag, which is used to apply message retention settings to folders and items in a mailbox.

D: The Set-MailboxDatabase cmdlet is used to configure a variety of properties for a mailbox database, not the mailbox itself.

E: The Set-RetentionPolicy cmdlet is used to alter the properties of the current retention policy.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123981\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123981(v=exchg.150).aspx)

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998221\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998221(v=exchg.150).aspx)

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd298042\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd298042(v=exchg.150).aspx)

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123971\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123971(v=exchg.150).aspx)

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 17

You deploy Office 365. All the members of a team named Sales have full access to a shared mailbox named Sales. You enable auditing for all shared mailboxes. From the Sales mailbox, an email message that contains inappropriate content is sent. You need to identify which user sent the message. What should you do?

- A. From the Exchange Control Panel, run an administrator role group report.
- B. From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-SharingPolicy cmdlet.
- C. From Windows PowerShell, run the Write-AdminAuditLog cmdlet.
- D. From Windows PowerShell, run the New-MailboxAuditLogSearch cmdlet.

Answer: D

Explanation:

By process of elimination:

- The Write-AdminAuditLog cmdlet will write a comment to the administrator audit log.

- The Get-SharingPolicy cmdlet allows you to view the settings of sharing policies.

- The administrator role group report in EOP will list changes to the management role groups within a particular time frame.

- The New-MailboxAuditLogSearch cmdlet performs an async search of mailbox audit logs for the specified mailboxes and sends the search results by email to the specified recipients.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff522362%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 18

Your company deploys Microsoft Lync Online. You deploy the Microsoft Lync 2010 client to all client computers. All users log on to the local domain. You need to prevent users from modifying the Advanced Connection Settings on the Lync 2010 client. What should you do?

- A. Deploy a Group Policy object (GPO) that uses the Communicator.adm administrative template.
- B. Deploy a Group Policy object (GPO) that removes all of the members of the local Administrators group.
- C. From the Lync Server Management Shell, run the Set-CsClientPolicy cmdlet.
- D. From the Lync Server Management Shell, run the Set-CsUserServicesConfiguration cmdlet.

Answer: A

Explanation:

A group policy object (GPO) is used to configure client and server settings in an Active Directory domain. For client computer settings, the settings are applied when the computer starts up. By

installing Communicator.adm administrative template, you will add Lync specific client settings to a group policy. This will enable you to configure Lync client settings and deploy the settings to all client computers that run the Lync Client software. By configuring the Advanced Connection Settings using a group policy object, you will prevent the users from modifying the settings.

Incorrect Answers:

B: You should not deploy a GPO that removes all members from the Local Administrators group. Some users need to be members of the Local Administrators group. For example, in an Active Directory domain, the Domain Admins group needs to be a member of the local Administrators group on all computers. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: The Set-CsClientPolicy cmdlet is used to configure client policies. Client policies are applied each time a user accesses the Lync system, regardless of where the user logs on from and regardless of the type of device the user logs on with. The client policy is applied after the client connects which means the advanced connection settings of the Lync client are already configured to allow the client to connect. The client policy does not affect the advanced connection settings of the client. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: The Set-CsUserServicesConfiguration cmdlet modifies an existing collection of User Services configuration settings. The User Services service is used to help maintain presence information and manage conferencing. It does not affect the advanced connection settings of the client. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://www.microsoft.com/en-in/download/details.aspx?id=27217>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398340.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398300.aspx>

QUESTION 19

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. User1 has shared a link to edit a document with an external user. The shared document must not be modified. You need to update the sharing permissions so that the external user can display, but not modify, the document. In which order should you perform the actions? To answer, move all actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Point to the external user, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	
Display the Site Settings page.	
In the properties window, in the Permission list, click Read .	
Display the SharePoint library that contains the shared document.	
Click Resend .	
Click Access requests and invitations .	

Answer:

Answer Area	
Point to the external user, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	Display the SharePoint library that contains the shared document.
Display the Site Settings page.	Display the Site Settings page.
In the properties window, in the Permission list, click Read .	Click Access requests and invitations .
Display the SharePoint library that contains the shared document.	Point to the external user, and then click the associated Open Menu button.
Click Resend .	In the properties window, in the Permission list, click Read .
Click Access requests and invitations .	Click Resend .

Explanation:

The external user has already been invited to access the document. Therefore, the name of the external user will be listed under Access Requests and Invitations in the Site Settings page of the document library. We can select the user and modify the permissions to the document to Read only. After modifying the permission, we need to resend the invitation.

QUESTION 20

Drag and Drop Question

Your company uses Office 365 and Microsoft SharePoint Online. You are the SharePoint Online administrator. You need to set up resource monitoring and quota monitoring for the environment. What should you do? To answer, drag the appropriate terms to the correct targets. Each term may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Office 365 admin portal	Location
SharePoint Administration Center	Item to configure
Service settings	Alert type
Reports	
Site collections	
Quota alerts	
Document library alerts	

Answer:

Answer Area	
Location	SharePoint Administration Center
Item to configure	Site collections
Alert type	Quota alerts

Office 365 admin portal
SharePoint Administration Center
Service settings
Reports
Site collections
Quota alerts
Document library alerts

Explanation:

To set the server resource quota:

1. Browse to the SharePoint Online admin center.
2. On the Site Collections tab, choose one or more site collections.
3. Click Server Resource Quota.
4. In the Limit server resource quota dialog box, enter a maximum number of resources. The default number of available resources for a site collection depends on the number of users in your tenant. (Notice that this dialog lists the total number of resources that are available to you.)
5. Check the box to send an email alert that notifies you when the resource usage level is nearing its limit. Enter a number from 1 to 100 for the percentage of server resource limit to reach before an email alert is triggered.

<https://support.office.com/en-gb/article/Manage-SharePoint-Online-server-resource-quotas-for-sandboxed-solutions-90e4eaaa-899a-48d6-b850-f272366bf8cc>

QUESTION 21

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Your company uses Microsoft SharePoint Online to share documents with internal and external users. A document associated with a bidding process was shared in the environment. Guest access to the document was provided to several vendors. The bidding process has now ended. You need to revoke vendor access to the document. Which four actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
In the Users and Permissions area, click Access requests and invitations .	
Next to the URL for the guest link, click the Delete button.	
In the properties window, click Withdraw .	
Go to the Site Settings page.	
Point to the document, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	
In the External User Invitations area, point to each vendor you want to uninvite, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	
Browse to the SharePoint library that contains the document.	
In the sentence Open to anyone with a guest link , click a guest link .	

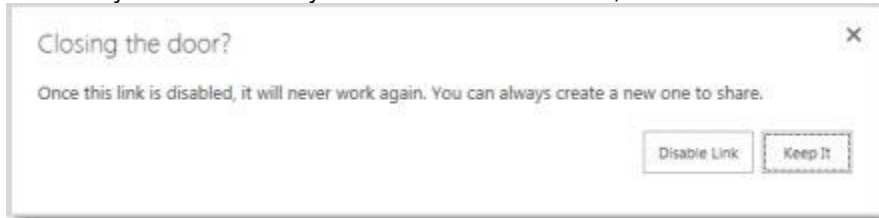
Answer:

	Answer Area
In the Users and Permissions area, click Access requests and invitations .	Browse to the SharePoint library that contains the document.
Next to the URL for the guest link, click the Delete button.	Point to the document, and then click the associated Open Menu button.
In the properties window, click Withdraw .	In the sentence Open to anyone with a guest link , click a guest link .
Go to the Site Settings page.	Next to the URL for the guest link, click the Delete button.
Point to the document, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	
In the External User Invitations area, point to each vendor you want to uninvite, and then click the associated Open Menu button.	
Browse to the SharePoint library that contains the document.	
In the sentence Open to anyone with a guest link , click a guest link .	

Explanation:

This question states that the document was shared with Guest access to the document provided to several vendors. This would have been done by providing the vendors with a 'guest link' to the document. You can revoke access to a document that has been shared through a guest link by disabling the link.

1. Go to the library that contains the document for which you want to remove a guest link.
2. Point to the document, and click Open Menu.
3. Click a guest link in the sentence Open to anyone with a guest link.
4. Next to the URL for the guest link, click the Delete button.
5. When you are asked if you want the link disabled, click Disable Link.



When people outside your organization attempt to access the content using the guest link, they will see a message indicating that they cannot access it.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Manage-sharing-with-external-users-in-Office-365-Small-Business-2951a85f-c970-4375-aa4f-6b0d7035fe35?CTT=5&origin=HA102816054&CorrelationId=45bdcfa5-40ca-4fb5-bd3b-1088546670e8&ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 22

Contoso, Ltd. has an Office 365 Enterprise E3 plan. Contoso uses the domain contoso.com for email and instant messaging (IM). Contoso requires that website visitors who go to <http://contoso.com> be directed to the company's Microsoft SharePoint Online publicwebsite. You need to configure Office 365 to redirect the website requests without affecting the company's email or IM. What should you do?

- A. In the SharePoint admin center, rename the public website to <http://contoso.com>.
- B. In the Office 365 admin center, change the domain purpose for contoso.com to SharePoint.
- C. On the authoritative DNS servers, add a CNAME record for contoso.com.
- D. In the Office 365 admin center, add a new subdomain. Then set up redirection for <http://contoso.com> to the subdomain.

Answer: D

QUESTION 23

You manage client computing devices for a company. Office 365 was recently deployed for all employees in the sales department. company policy requires the installation of Office 365 ProPlus on all new client computing devices for sales department employees. The company recently purchased Surface Pro 2 devices for all sales department employees. You are testing a new Office deployment for a specific user on a Surface Pro 2. You are unable to activate Office on the Surface Pro 2. An error message states that the install limit has been reached. You need to activate Office 365 ProPlus on the Surface Pro 2 for the user. What should you do?

- A. Sign in to the Office 365 portal as the user and deactivate unused Office 365 ProPlus licenses.
- B. Sign in to the Office 365 admin center as an Office 365 administrator.
Remove and then re-add the user's Office 365 ProPlus license.
- C. Install a licensed copy of Office Professional Plus 2013 that is covered under a volume licensing agreement.
- D. Sign in to the Office 365 admin center as an Office 365 administrator and deactivate unused Office 365 ProPlus

licenses.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Office 365 ProPlus license permits a user to install Office on a maximum of five devices. For the user to install office on a 6th device, one of the devices that Office was previously activated on must be deactivated.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Licenses are user specific, so using your Office 365 administrator account won't work.

C: Installing Office Professional Plus 2013 will not meet the question's requirements.

D: Licenses are user specific, so using your Office 365 administrator account won't work.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg982959.aspx>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Assign-or-unassign-licenses-for-Office-365-for-business-997596b5-4173-4627-b915-36abac6786dc?CorrelationId=74bfc029-2564-40e3-a0c6-cdd4ce77eb70&ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 24

You are the Office 365 ProPlus administrator for your company. Each user is assigned an E3 license. All client computers are on a local area network. Users do not have administrative privileges on their client computers. You are configuring a network-based installation of the most recent version of Office for all client computers. You need to ensure that the installation process does not display any dialog boxes or require user input. Which option should you specify in the Configuration.xml file?

A. `< Display Level = "Minimal" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />`

B. `< Display Level="Silent" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />`

C. `< Display Level="None" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />`

D. `< Display Level = "Full" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />`

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Display element sets the level of User Interface that Setup presents to the user. Setting the Display Level attribute to "none" configures Setup to run an unattended installation. Setting the AcceptEULA attribute to "TRUE" configures the Microsoft Software License Terms to be accepted on behalf of the user without displaying it.

Incorrect Answers:

A: "Minimal" is not a valid value for the Display Level attribute.

B: "Silent" is not a valid value for the Display Level attribute.

D: Setting the Display Level attribute to "Full" configures Setup to display all UI to the user.

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc179195\(v=office.15\).aspx#ElementDisplay](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc179195(v=office.15).aspx#ElementDisplay)

QUESTION 25

Drag and Drop Question

You are an Office 365 migration consultant. Your company has been hired to migrate the legacy email solution of another company to Office 365. You are creating a migration plan for the two scenarios shown in the following table.

Scenario	Desktop operating system	Current Office version
1	Windows 7 with Service Pack 1	Office 2010
2	Windows 7	Office 365 ProPlus

You need to evaluate whether the client computer software supports Office 365. Which software

requires action? To answer, drag the appropriate status to each target in the scenario table. Each status may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Scenario	Operating system status	Office status
1		
2		

Answer:

Scenario	Operating system status	Office status
1	Meets requirements	Office update required
2	Meets requirements	Meets requirements

Explanation:

Office 365 is designed to work with any version of Microsoft Office in mainstream support, which excludes Office 2010. You have to upgrade Office 2010 prior to the migration. The only requirement with regards to the operating system is that the operating system you use must be supported by its manufacturer. All versions of Windows 7 are still supported by Microsoft.

<http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/office365-suite-help/office-365-system-requirements-HA102817357.aspx>

QUESTION 26

Your company decides to migrate all users to Office 365. As part of the migration, Office 365 ProPlus will be installed on all client computers and the company will use Office Telemetry. You need to produce a report that contains the information collected by Office Telemetry. Which three types of information can you include in the report? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Information about files that are not in the Most Recently Used list
- B. The names of add-ins and solutions that interact with Office
- C. The file names of Office files that are in the Most Recently Used list
- D. System information such as user name and computer name
- E. The contents of all files that are in the Most Recently Used list

Answer: BCD

Explanation:

Telemetry Agents for all versions of Office collect the following data to upload to the shared folder:

- B: Registered add-ins
- C: The most recently used documents
- D: System and user information

Incorrect Answers:

A: The Telemetry Dashboard does not display the file names and titles of documents that are NOT in each user's Most Recently Used list, only the ones that is.

E: Telemetry Dashboard displays the file names and titles of documents in each user's Most Recently Used list, not the contents of the files.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj863580.aspx>

QUESTION 27

A company is upgrading from Office 2010 to Office 365 ProPlus. The company plans to use the

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Telemetry Dashboard to identify document compatibility issues. You need to enable telemetry and immediately trigger data collection. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Modify the AgentInitWait and AgentRandomDelay registry values on the client computers.
- B. Configure a Group Policy Object to turn on telemetry data collection in the User Configuration settings.
- C. Configure a Group Policy Object to turn on telemetry data collection in the Computer Configuration settings.
- D. Delete the contents of the telemetry shared folder.
- E. Run the gpupdate.exe /force command on the file server that hosts the telemetry shared folder.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

To trigger the data collection manually and see data uploaded immediately to Telemetry Dashboard, configure the AgentInitWait and AgentRandomDelay registry values on client computers. You can make use of Group Policy to enable and configure Telemetry Agents via the following path:

User Configuration\Administrative Templates\Microsoft Office 2013\Telemetry Dashboard

Incorrect Answers:

C: The Computer Configuration settings is not used to turn on telemetry data collection, the User Configuration settings is.

D: Since telemetry has not yet been enabled, there is no telemetry shared folder created yet.

E: The gpupdate.exe command with the /force parameter disregards all processing optimizations and reapplies all local and Active Directory-based Group Policy settings, including security settings. This will not meet the question's requirements.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219431.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb490983.aspx>

QUESTION 28

Your company hires a new human resources consultant. Corporate policy specifies the following requirements for consultants:

- Consultants must supply their own laptops.
- The company must supply an Office 365 cloud account.
- Consultants may have access only to Microsoft Exchange Online, Microsoft SharePoint Online, and Office 365 ProPlus.

In the Office 365 admin center, you create an account for the consultant and assign an E3 license to the account. You send instructions to the consultant for installing Office365 ProPlus on her laptop. The consultant signs in to the Office 365 portal and changes her password when prompted to do so. She successfully accesses her email by using Outlook Web App (OWA). She attempts to install Office 365 ProPlus, but is unable to do so. The Software page of the Office 365 portal displays the options shown in the following image. You need to ensure that the consultant can install Office 365 ProPlus. What should you do?



- A. License the consultant's account for Office 365 ProPlus.
- B. License the consultant's account for Office Web Apps.
- C. Issue a corporate laptop to the consultant and have her restart the Office 365 ProPlus installation process on that laptop.
- D. Assign an E1 license to the consultant's account.

Answer: A

Explanation:

When assigning a license to a user, you are able to select which services are enabled by that license. Select the down-arrow next to the name of the license and unselect the services that you want to restrict from that user. The Office 365 ProPlus check box was probably de-selected, therefore the user was unable to install it.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Since the user is able to access her e-mail via the Outlook Web App (OWA), it infers that she already has this license activated.

C: The corporate policy requires consultants to supply their own laptops. This option would violate the corporate policy.

D: E1 licenses do not support Office 365 ProPlus.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg982959.aspx>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Assign-or-unassign-licenses-for-Office-365-for-business-997596b5-4173-4627-b915-36abac6786dc?CorrelationId=74bfc029-2564-40e3-a0c6-cdd4ce77eb70&ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office-365-plan-options.aspx>

QUESTION 29

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company environment includes Office 2007, Office 2010, Office 2013, Windows 7, and Windows 8. Office Telemetry logging has been enabled in the environment. The company plans to use coauthoring. You need to gather information about Microsoft Excel XLS real-time data (RTD) add-ins. Which two methods can you use to achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Open workbooks by using Excel 2013 on client computers that run Windows 7.
- B. Open workbooks by using Excel 2013 on client computers that run Windows 8.
- C. Open workbooks by using Excel 2007 or Excel 2010 on client computers that run Windows 7.

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D. Open workbooks by using Excel 2007 or Excel 2010 on client computers that run Windows 8.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

Office Telemetry logging in Office 2013 works as follows: When an Office document or solution is loaded, used, closed, or raises an error in certain Office 2013 applications, the application adds a record about the event to a local data store. Each record includes a description of the problem and a link to more information. Inventory and usage data is also tracked. Office Telemetry is new for Office 2013, so it's not built into Office 2003, Office 2007, and Office 2010. For those clients, you deploy an agent that collects information about the installed add-ins and the most recently used documents. You won't get application event data for these clients like you do with Office 2013 clients, but you'll get inventory and usage data that helps you discover what is being used and likely important to your business. Microsoft Excel XLS real-time data (RTD) add-ins are Excel worksheets that use the RealTimeData worksheet function to call an Automation server to retrieve data in real-time. This add-in only works with Excel 2013. Therefore, the answer to this question is to open Excel 2013 either on a client running Windows 7 or on a client running Windows 8.

Incorrect Answers:

C: Microsoft Excel XLS real-time data (RTD) add-ins only work with Excel 2013; they do not work with Excel 2007 or Excel 2010 so no Microsoft Excel XLS real-time data (RTD) add-ins information will be recorded by running Excel 2007 or Excel 2010. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj863580\(v=office.15\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj863580(v=office.15).aspx)

[http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office/jj230106\(v=office.15\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office/jj230106(v=office.15).aspx)

QUESTION 30



Hotspot Question


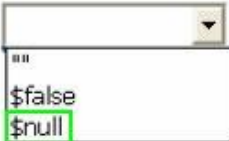
You are the Microsoft Exchange Online administrator for your company. The company has been using Exchange Online for over two years. Employees report that items are disappearing from their primary mailboxes. You discover that an old retention policy is enabled for the employee mailboxes. You need to ensure that items are not automatically removed from employees' primary mailboxes. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, select the correct code segment from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area			
\$UserMailboxes =	<div><div></div><div>Get-Mailbox Set-Mailbox New-Mailbox</div></div>	-Filter {(RecipientTypeDetails -eq	<div><div></div><div>'User' 'UserMailbox' 'RecipientPolicy'</div></div>)}
\$UserMailboxes	<div><div></div><div>Get-Mailbox Set-Mailbox New-Mailbox</div></div>	-RetentionPolicy	<div><div></div><div>"" \$false \$null</div></div>

Answer:

Answer Area

```
$UserMailboxes =  -Filter {(RecipientTypeDetails -eq  )}

$UserMailboxes |  -RetentionPolicy 
```

Explanation:

We need to remove any retention policies from the mailboxes.

Box 1: Use the Get-Mailbox cmdlet to retrieve a list of all mailboxes.

Box 2: The -Filter {(RecipientTypeDetails -eq 'UserMailbox')} option is used to filter the list of mailboxes to a list of user mailboxes only (thus excluding Room mailboxes, Resource mailboxes etc.).

Box 3: We use the Set-Mailbox cmdlet with the -RetentionPolicy parameter to assign retention policies to mailboxes (in this case, all the user mailboxes retrieved by the command in box 1 and box 2).

Box 4: A RetentionPolicy value of \$null removes any retention policies assigned to the mailboxes.
<http://o365info.com/manage-retention-policy-by-using/>

QUESTION 31

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You need to configure Microsoft Lync Online to disable alerts for voicemail and instant messages to Windows Phones. What should you do?

- A. Use the Set-CsHostedVoiceMailPolicy Windows PowerShell cmdlet.
- B. Use the Set-CsPushNotificationConfiguration Windows PowerShell cmdlet.
- C. In the Lync admin center, select the Display presence information only to a user's contacts option.
- D. Use the Set-CsUser Windows PowerShell cmdlet.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Push notifications, in the form of badges, icons, or alerts, can be sent to a Windows Phone even when the mobile application is inactive. Push notifications notify a user of events such as a new or missed IM invitation and voice mail. You can enable or disable push notifications for Windows Phone devices by using either Lync Server 2013 Control Panel or Lync Server 2013 Management Shell.

To disable push notifications for Windows Phone, set the value of the EnableMicrosoftPushNotificationService property to False (\$False). For example:

```
Set-CsPushNotificationConfiguration -Identity "site:Redmond" -  
EnableMicrosoftPushNotificationService $False  
https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj688162\(v=ocs.15\).aspx
```

QUESTION 32

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for Contoso, Ltd. An employee with the user name User1 has requested a secondary email address of Alias1@contoso.com. You need to assign the secondary

email address. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, select the appropriate option from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

<div><div></div><div>Set-Mailbox Set-MailContact Set-MailUser Set-MsolUser</div></div>	-Identity	<div><div></div><div>Alias1@contoso.com User1@contoso.com</div></div>	<div><div></div><div>-EmailAddresses -SecondaryAddress</div></div>
<div><div></div><div>"Alias1@contoso.com" "Alias1@contoso.com,User1@contoso.com" "User1@contoso.com" "User1@contoso.com,Alias1@contoso.com"</div></div>			

Answer:

Answer Area

<div><div></div><div>Set-Mailbox Set-MailContact Set-MailUser Set-MsolUser</div></div>	-Identity	<div><div></div><div>Alias1@contoso.com User1@contoso.com</div></div>	<div><div></div><div>-EmailAddresses -SecondaryAddress</div></div>
<div><div></div><div>"Alias1@contoso.com" "Alias1@contoso.com,User1@contoso.com" "User1@contoso.com" "User1@contoso.com,Alias1@contoso.com"</div></div>			

QUESTION 33

Your company uses Microsoft Exchange Online. Employees frequently need to change their primary email addresses. The messaging operations team has requested a script to simplify the process of changing email addresses. The script must perform the following actions:

- Obtain employee information from a .csv file that has a header line of UserPrincipalName, CurrentPrimaryAddress, NewPrimaryAddress.
- Change employees' primary email addresses to the values in the NewPrimaryAddress column.
- Retain employees' current email addresses as secondary addresses.

You create the following Windows PowerShell script to read the .csv file. Line numbers are included for reference only. You need to complete the script to meet the requirements. Which Windows PowerShell command should you insert at line 06?


```
01 param ([string]$filename = $(throw "-filename is required."))
02 import-csv $filename | foreach-object {
03     $UserPrincipalName = $_.UserPrincipalName
04     $OldPrimary = $_.CurrentPrimaryAddress
05     $NewPrimary = $_.NewPrimaryAddress
06
07 }
```

- A. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -WindowsEmailAddress\$NewPrimary
- B. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -PrimarySmtpAddress\$NewPrimary
- C. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -ExternalEmailAddress\$NewPrimary
- D. Set-MailUser -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -EmailAddresses@{add = "SMTP:" + "\$NewPrimary"; remove="SMTP:" + "\$OldPrimary"}

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://www.cogmotive.com/blog/office-365-tips/change-primary-smtp-address-without-changing-the-login-name-on-office-365>

QUESTION 34

Hotspot Question

You are the Microsoft Lync Online administrator for your company. Some authenticated users report that they must wait in the meeting lobby when they dial in to Lync meetings. You need to ensure that authenticated users can connect directly to Lync meetings without waiting in the meeting lobby. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, select the appropriate option from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

Get-CsMeetingConfiguration | Where-Object {

<div><div></div><div>\$_.AdmitAnonymousUsersByDefault</div><div>\$_.AssignedConferenceTypeByDefault</div></div>	-eq	<div><div></div><div>\$True</div><div>\$False</div></div>	}
---	-----	---	---

Set-CsMeetingConfiguration -PstnCallersBypassLobby

\$True

\$False

Answer:

Answer Area

Get-CsMeetingConfiguration | Where-Object {

	-eq	
\$_.AdmitAnonymousUsersByDefault		\$True
\$_AssignedConferenceTypeByDefault		\$False

Set-CsMeetingConfiguration -PstnCallersBypassLobby

\$True
\$False

Explanation:

We need to reconfigure all the meetings/conferences that require authentication or in other words, all meetings/conferences that do not allow anonymous users. We do this by running the Get-CsMeetingConfiguration cmdlet without any parameters to return a collection of all the meeting configuration settings currently in use. That collection is then piped to the Where-Object cmdlet, which selects only those settings where the AdmitAnonymousUsersByDefault property is equal to false. Now that we have all the meetings/conferences that require authentication, we can use the Set-CSMeetingConfiguration to reconfigure those meetings to enable the users to bypass the lobby by using the PstnCallersBypassLobby = True parameter.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg425875.aspx>

QUESTION 35

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You need to generate a list of all Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) addresses. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, drag the appropriate command segments to the correct targets. Each segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

	Answer Area
	Get-Mailbox -ResultSize Unlimited
{ \$_ -contains "SIP" }	
{ \$_ -match "SIP" }	
Select-Object	
Where-Object	
EmailAddresses	
-ExpandProperty	
PrimarySmtpAddress	
-Property	

Answer:

{ \$_ -contains "SIP" }

{ \$_ -match "SIP" }

Select-Object

Where-Object

EmailAddresses

-ExpandProperty

PrimarySmtpAddress

-Property

Answer Area

Get-Mailbox -ResultSize Unlimited |

Select-Object	-ExpandProperty	EmailAddresses
Where-Object	{ \$_ -match "SIP" }	

Explanation:

Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) addresses are notated by placing SIP: in front of the address. For example, SIP:user1@contoso.com. In this question we use the Select-Object cmdlet with the -ExpandProperty switch to examine the EmailAddresses property of each object (in this case, the object is a mailbox). The {\$_-match "SIP"} statement returns a list of objects where the EmailAddresses property starts with SIP.

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh849895.aspx>

QUESTION 36

Drag and Drop Question

You are deploying Office 365 for your organization. You are preparing to delegate permissions by using the built-in Microsoft Exchange Online role groups. You must assign teams to the roles that give them the least permissions while still allowing them to perform the following tasks:

- Team 1: place mailboxes on Litigation Hold
- Team 2: create retention tags and policies
- Team 3: create and manage resource mailboxes
- Team 4: update users' display names
- Team 5: create and manage security groups

You need to delegate permissions to the teams. To which role group should you assign each team? To answer, drag the appropriate role group to the correct team. Each role group may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Discovery Management

Organization Management

Recipient Management

Records Management

Help Desk

Hygiene Management

Answer Area

Team	Exchange role group
Team 1	
Team 2	
Team 3	
Team 4	
Team 5	

Answer:

Answer Area	
Team	Exchange role group
Team 1	Discovery Management
Team 2	Records Management
Team 3	Recipient Management
Team 4	Help Desk
Team 5	Organization Management

Explanation:

- Discovery Management: Administrators or users who are members of the Discovery Management role group can perform searches of mailboxes in the Exchange organization for data that meets specific criteria and can also configure litigation holds on mailboxes.
 - Records Management: Users who are members of the Records Management role group can configure compliance features, such as retention policy tags, message classifications, transport rules, and more.
 - Recipient Management: Administrators who are members of the Recipient Management role group have administrative access to create or modify Exchange 2013 recipients within the Exchange 2013 organization.
 - Help Desk: Users who are members of the Help Desk role group can perform limited recipient management of Exchange 2013 recipients. The Help Desk role group, by default, enables members to view and modify the Outlook Web App options of any user in the organization. These options might include modifying the user's display name, address, phone number, and so on. They don't include options that aren't available in Outlook Web App options, such as modifying the size of a mailbox or configuring the mailbox database on which a mailbox is located.
 - Organization Management: Administrators who are members of the Organization Management role group have administrative access to the entire Exchange 2013 organization and can perform almost any task against any Exchange 2013 object, with some exceptions. Of the groups listed, the Organization Management group is the only that can create and manage security groups.
- <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd638105%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 37

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company's Microsoft Exchange Online environment. The company recently subscribed to the Office 365 Enterprise E3 plan. Employees currently archive old email messages in .pst files. The company has now mandated that all email messages stored in .pst files must be archived online. You need to enable archiving for all mailboxes. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, select the appropriate cmdlet from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

-ResultSize unlimited -Filter

Get-Mailbox
Enable-Mailbox
Get-RemoteMailbox
Get-MsolUser

{(RecipientTypeDetails -eq 'UserMailbox')} |

-Archive

New-Mailbox
Enable-Mailbox
Set-Mailbox
New-RemoteMailbox

Answer:

Answer Area

-ResultSize unlimited -Filter

Get-Mailbox
Enable-Mailbox
Get-RemoteMailbox
Get-MsolUser

{(RecipientTypeDetails -eq 'UserMailbox')} |

-Archive

New-Mailbox
Enable-Mailbox
Set-Mailbox
New-RemoteMailbox

Explanation:

In-Place Archiving helps you regain control of your organization's messaging data by eliminating the need for personal store (.pst) files. With archiving enabled, users can store messages in an archive mailbox, also called an In-Place Archive, which is accessible by using Microsoft Outlook and Outlook Web App. In this question, we use the Get-Mailbox cmdlet to retrieve a list of all mailboxes. The -Filter {(RecipientTypeDetails -eq 'UserMailbox')} option is used to retrieve a list of user mailboxes only (thus excluding Room mailboxes, Resource mailboxes etc.). The Enable-Mailbox -Archive command is used to create an archive for each user mailbox returned by the Get-Mailbox command.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj984357\(v=exchg.150\)](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj984357(v=exchg.150))

QUESTION 38

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Microsoft Lync Online. Due to compliance changes, the company has established the following new requirements:

- All online meeting sessions must include a link to an associated legal disclaimer.
- Every online meeting attendee must be informed that communications might

be recorded.

You need to configure the online meeting settings. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, drag the appropriate command segments to the correct targets. Each segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

New-CsMeetingConfiguration
Set-CsMeetingConfiguration
-LegalUrl
-CustomFooterText
-HelpUrl
-Confirm
-EnableAssignedConferenceType
-Force

Answer Area

[Empty Box]
[Box with: *www.contoso.com/disclaimer.html*]
[Box with: *This meeting may be recorded.*]

Answer:

New-CsMeetingConfiguration
Set-CsMeetingConfiguration
-LegalUrl
-CustomFooterText
-HelpUrl
-Confirm
-EnableAssignedConferenceType
-Force

Answer Area

Set-CsMeetingConfiguration
-LegalUrl *www.contoso.com/disclaimer.html*
-CustomFooterText *This meeting may be recorded.*

Explanation:

The requirements set out in this question are:

1. All online meeting sessions must include a link to an associated legal disclaimer.
2. Every online meeting attendee must be informed that communications might be recorded.

We use:

- The Set-CsMeetingConfiguration cmdlet to modify the meeting (also called conferences) configuration settings for meetings configured in Lync.
- The Set-CsMeetingConfiguration cmdlet without any parameters to filter the list of meetings will modify the settings on all meetings in the organization.
- The LegalURL parameter enables you to provide a URL to a website containing legal information and meeting disclaimers. In this question, the URL is "www.contoso.com/disclaimer.html". This meets the legal disclaimer requirement set out in the question.
- The CustomFooterText parameter enables you to specify text to be added to the end of custom meeting invitations. In this question, we add the text "This meeting may be recorded" to the invitations to meet the second requirement.

Incorrect Answers:

The New-CsMeetingConfiguration cmdlet creates a new collection of meeting configuration settings at the site or service scope. Meeting configuration settings help dictate the type of meetings that users can create. We need to modify existing meeting settings, not create new ones. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398648.aspx>

QUESTION 39

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Many employees work in remote locations

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with intermittent Internet connectivity. Employees must be able to access and reply to email messages, and access calendars, even when their devices are not connected to the Internet. You need to ensure that employees can access their Microsoft Exchange content offline. What should you do?

- A. Configure the Directory Synchronization tool for offline access.
- B. Deploy and configure the AppFabric Caching service.
- C. Configure the Microsoft SkyDrive Pro Windows Sync client for offline access.
- D. Configure Exchange ActiveSync devices.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Exchange ActiveSync is a protocol that enables client devices (smart phones, PDAs, tablets, laptops) to synchronize Exchange mailbox data using HTTP over an Internet connection. All mailbox data including emails, contacts and calendar information is synchronized to the ActiveSync enabled device. A user can compose or reply to emails and configure calendar appointments while the device is not connected to the Internet. When the ActiveSync enabled device connects to the Internet, all changes made to the mailbox data (email replies, calendar events etc.) are synchronized back to the Exchange server.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The Directory Synchronization tool is used in a hybrid configuration of Office 365 and an on-premise Active Directory network. The Directory Synchronization tool is used to synchronize on-premise Active Directory data (user accounts etc.) to the Azure Active Directory. The Directory Synchronization tool is not used for email access. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: Windows Server AppFabric extends Windows Server to provide enhanced hosting, management, and caching capabilities for Web applications and middle-tier services. It is used for the deployment and hosting of applications on Windows Servers. It is not used for email access. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

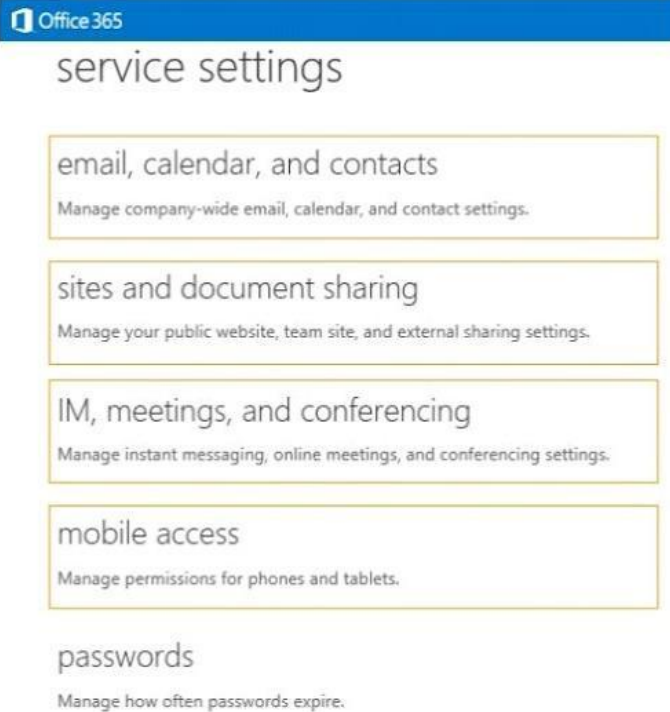
C: Microsoft SkyDrive Pro is a cloud storage platform provided by Microsoft. The Microsoft SkyDrive Pro Windows Sync client is used on client computers to synchronize data between the client computer and the SkyDrive cloud storage. It is not used for email access. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998357%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

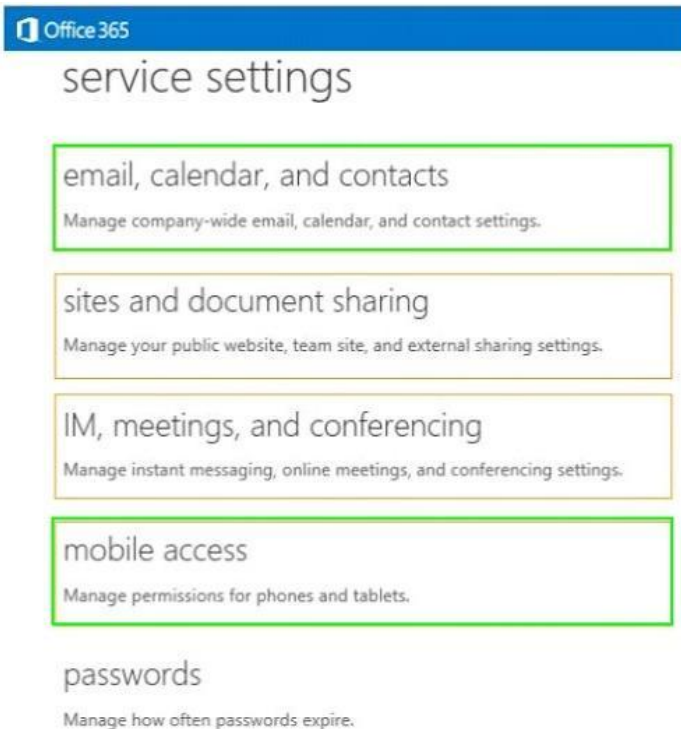
QUESTION 40

Hotspot Question

Your company subscribes to Office 365 Small Business. You need to disable all contact synchronization. Which two service categories should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate service categories in the answer area.



Answer:



Explanation:

- Contact synchronization can be configured in the “email, calendar, and contacts” section.
- Contact synchronization for mobile device can be configured in the “mobile access” section.

QUESTION 41

Hotspot Question

Your company uses Office 365 Small Business. You need to configure the Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync password policy and control the display of presence information. Which two service categories should you configure on the service settings page of the Office 365 admin portal? To answer, select the appropriate service categories in the answer area.

Office 365

service settings

email, calendar, and contacts
Manage company-wide email, calendar, and contact settings.

sites and document sharing
Manage your public website, team site, and external sharing settings.

IM, meetings, and conferencing
Manage instant messaging, online meetings, and conferencing settings.

mobile access
Manage permissions for phones and tablets.

passwords
Manage how often passwords expire.

Answer:

Office 365

service settings

email, calendar, and contacts
Manage company-wide email, calendar, and contact settings.

sites and document sharing
Manage your public website, team site, and external sharing settings.

IM, meetings, and conferencing
Manage instant messaging, online meetings, and conferencing settings.

mobile access
Manage permissions for phones and tablets.

passwords
Manage how often passwords expire.

Explanation:

Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync is used to enable mobile phone users to access their email, calendar, contacts, and tasks in an Exchange 2013 or Exchange Online environment. Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync password policy is configured in the Mobile Access section in the Office 365

Service Settings page. Presence information in Lync Server enables users to approach colleagues at the right time with the right form of communication, to lead to a more productive work environment. A user's presence is a collection of information that includes availability, willingness to communicate, additional notes (such as location and status), and how the user can be contacted. Presence is enhanced in Lync Server with pictures, location information, and a rich set of presence states that includes "Off Work," "Do Not Disturb," and "Be Right Back," in addition to basic states such as "Available," "Busy," and "In a Conference." To configure the display of presence information, we need to select the "IM, Meetings and Conferencing" option.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg417162%28v=ocs.15%29.aspx>

QUESTION 42

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company is running Microsoft Exchange Server 2007 with Service Pack 3 on-premises and has 500 mailboxes. Management requests that you migrate all mailboxes to Office 365. You are researching the available migration types. You need to generate a custom step-by-step checklist for multiple migration types. Which tool should you use?

- A. Exchange Server Deployment Assistant
- B. Exchange Best Practices Analyzer
- C. Exchange 2013 Server Role Requirements Calculator
- D. Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Exchange Server Deployment Assistant is used to help you configure an Exchange Server deployment. It is a web-based tool that asks you questions about your current environment and then generates a custom step-by-step checklist that will help you deploy Exchange Server for different types of scenarios. The Exchange Server Deployment Assistant asks you questions about your current environment, how many mailboxes you'd like to migrate and which method of migration you'd like to use. You can run the wizard multiple times selecting different options to generate checklists for different migration scenarios.

Incorrect Answers:

B: The Microsoft Exchange Best Practices Analyzer is designed to help you determine the overall health of an existing Exchange server deployment. The tool scans the Exchange servers and topology and identifies items that do not conform to Microsoft best practices. The Exchange Best Practices Analyzer does not generate custom step-by-step checklists for Exchange migrations. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: The Exchange 2013 Server Role Requirements Calculator is a tool used to plan an Exchange server deployment. It is used to help decide how many servers you need and which server roles can be deployed on the same servers or which roles need to be deployed to separate servers. The Exchange 2013 Server Role Requirements Calculator does not generate custom step-by-step checklists for Exchange migrations. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer is a website offered by Microsoft for testing remote connectivity to server services such as Exchange Server, Lync Server and Office 365. Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer does not generate custom step-by-step checklists for Exchange migrations. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/blainbar/archive/2014/09/26/part-31-modernizing-your-datacenter-for-hybrid-cloud-migrating-exchange-and-application-servers-to-windows-server-2012-r2.aspx>

QUESTION 43

Your company subscribes to the Office 365 Enterprise E1 plan. You are the Microsoft Exchange Online administrator. In the last week, employees have reported that they are receiving non-delivery report messages from other companies. The employees have not sent messages to recipients within those companies. You need to prevent non-delivery report messages from

reaching employees. Which content filter option should you turn on in the Exchange admin center?

- A. NDR backscatter
- B. Conditional Sender ID filtering: hard fail
- C. SPF record: hard fail
- D. Block all bulk email messages

Answer: A

Explanation:

NDR backscatter is when spammer forges the user's email address and sends email on their behalf to other recipients. If the "destination mail system" recognizes the mail as a spam or if the mail is sent to non-existing users, the "destination mail system" creates an NDR message that is sent to the organization recipient (the user whose email address was used by the spammer).

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/exchange/archive/2014/08/18/spam-email-and-office-365-environment-connection-and-content-filtering-in-eop.aspx>

QUESTION 44

You are the Office 365 administrator for Contoso, Ltd. Some email messages sent from the trusted domain fabrikam.com are being rejected as spam. Some of these email messages originate inside the fabrikam.com network, and some of them originate from an application in the fabrikam.com co-located data center. The fabrikam.com systems administrators have asked you to add their domain and the IP addresses of the data center that hosts their external application to your list of safe senders. You need to configure Microsoft Exchange Online Protection. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Configure a content filter to allow the fabrikam.com domain.
- B. Configure a mail flow rule to bypass spam filtering for the data center IP address range.
- C. Create a connection filter to allow the data center IP address range.
- D. Add the fabrikam.com domain as an accepted domain.
- E. Create an inbound connector for the fabrikam.com domain.
- F. Configure a mail flow rule to bypass spam filtering for the fabrikam.com domain.

Answer: CF

Explanation:

<http://blogs.msdn.com/b/tzink/archive/2013/07/02/how-to-use-safe-senders-in-eop-and-fope.aspx>

<http://www.msexchange.org/kbase/ExchangeServerTips/MicrosoftOffice365/ExchangeOnline/safe-andblocked-senders-list-owa-2013-and-office-365.html>

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dn198251\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dn198251(v=exchg.150).aspx)

Connection Filters

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj200718\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj200718(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 45

Drag and Drop Question

You are an Office 365 specialist for a consulting company. Your company has been hired by several companies to migrate their legacy email solutions to Office 365. You need to recommend mailbox migration strategies for the scenarios described in the following table.

Scenario	Existing email solution	Mailboxes	Migration condition
1	Microsoft Exchange Server 2010 SP3	15000	Move mailboxes by using the Mailbox Replication Service (MRS)
2	Non-Exchange messaging system	400	Move only user-specific mail folders

Which strategies should you recommend? To answer, drag the appropriate migration types to the correct targets. Each migration type may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Scenario	Migration type
1	
2	

Cutover migration

IMAP migration

Remote move migration

Staged migration

Answer:

Answer Area	
Scenario	Migration type
1	Remote move migration
2	IMAP migration

Cutover migration

IMAP migration

Remote move migration

Staged migration

Explanation:

For the Microsoft Exchange Server 2010 mailboxes, we can use a remote move migration. When the mailboxes are moved in the remote move operation, the Mailbox Replication Service is used. This is the same service that is used when moving mailboxes between mailbox servers in an on-premise environment. In this question, the Exchange on-premise and Exchange Online environments will be configured in a hybrid configuration. That will enable us to move mailboxes to Exchange Online in the same way you would move a mailbox to another local mailbox server. A "remote move migration" is used to migrate on-premises Exchange mailboxes to Exchange Online in an Exchange hybrid deployment. You must have an Exchange hybrid deployment to use a remote move migration. With a hybrid deployment, you get the following capabilities:

- User account management in your on-premises organization.
- Directory synchronization between your on-premises and Exchange Online organizations.
- Single sign-on to mailboxes located either on-premises or in the Exchange Online organization.
- Secure mail routing between on-premises and Exchange Online organizations.
- Free/busy and calendar sharing between on-premises and Exchange Online organizations.

For a non-Exchange messaging system, the only migration option available is the IMAP migration. In an IMAP migration, the contents of users' mailboxes on an IMAP messaging system are migrated to their Exchange Online mailboxes. Here are some requirements and considerations for using an IMAP migration:

- The Exchange Online mailboxes that you migrate email to must already exist. They aren't provisioned during the IMAP migration process.
- Only items in a user's inbox or other mail folders are migrated. Contacts, calendar items, or tasks aren't migrated.
- Small and medium-sized organizations can use an IMAP migration to migrate email from mailboxes on a hosted service provider.

Incorrect Answers:

Cutover migration: In a cutover migration, all mailboxes are moved in a single batch. A cutover migration should be used for less than 2,000 mailboxes. A cutover migration is not supported for non-Exchange mailboxes. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

Staged migration: A staged migration requires Exchange 2003 or Exchange 2007. It is not supported with Exchange 2010 or non-Exchange mailboxes. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.
[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 46

You are the Microsoft Lync administrator for a company that uses Lync Online. The company has mandated that employees may use Lync Online to communicate with contacts from approved external domains. You need to configure Lync Online to allow Lync federation with only three specific domains. You must achieve this goal by using the least amount of administrative effort. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. In the Lync admin center, set the External Access option to On except for blocked domains.
- B. In the Office 365 admin center, add the three domains to the domain list and set the domain intent for each domain to Lync Online.
- C. In the Lync admin center, set the External Access option to Off completely.
- D. In the Lync admin center, set the External Access option to On only for allowed domains.
- E. In the Lync admin center, configure the Presence Privacy Mode option to display presence information only to the users' contacts.
- F. In the Lync admin center, add the three domains to the Blocked Or Allowed Domains list.

Answer: DF

Explanation:

<http://solveit.openjive.com/post/2014/01/27/Lync-Federation-with-Office-365Lync-Online>
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh852512.aspx>
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj205126.aspx>

QUESTION 47

Your company is planning to migrate to Microsoft Exchange Online. The company employs 1,000 people, each with a mailbox currently located on Exchange 2010 on-premises. You estimate that it will take a minimum of four weeks to migrate all mailboxes from on-premises Exchange to Exchange Online. The company has the following migration requirements:

- During the migration, do not change the existing Microsoft Outlook profiles and .ost files used by the employees.
- Ensure that email messages sent between on-premises mailboxes and online mailboxes during the migration are secure.
- Do not send email messages between on-premises mailboxes and online mailboxes over the Internet in plain text.

You need to select the migration strategy that meets the requirements. Which migration strategy should you use?

- A. Cutover migration only
- B. IMAP migration only
- C. Remote move migration only
- D. Staged migration only

Answer: C

Explanation:

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291(v=exchg.150).aspx)
<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2798131/en-gb>
[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dn720476\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dn720476(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 48

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You have been receiving many unsolicited email messages originating from another country. Many of those messages contain foreign-language content. You need to configure Microsoft Exchange Online Protection to filter messages based on the language content and IP addresses of the country or region of origin. Which filters and options should you configure? To answer, drag the appropriate answer choices to the correct targets. Each answer choice may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Requirement	Filter	Option
Filter messages based on language		
Filter messages based on country or region of origin		

Malware filter

Connection filter

Content filter

International spam

IP allow list

IP block list

Answer:

Requirement	Filter	Option
Filter messages based on language	Content filter	International spam
Filter messages based on country or region of origin	Content filter	International spam

Malware filter

Connection filter

Content filter

International spam

IP allow list

IP block list

Explanation:

Content filter settings include selecting the action to take on messages identified as spam, and choosing whether to filter messages written in specific languages, or sent from specific countries or regions. Additionally, you can enable advanced spam filtering options if you want to pursue an aggressive approach to content filtering. Content-filter policy settings are applied to inbound messages only. On the International Spam page you can filter email messages written in specific languages, or sent from specific countries or regions. You can configure up to 86 different languages and 250 different regions. The service will apply the configured action for high confidence spam.

1. Select the Filter email messages written in the following languages check box to enable this functionality. Click "+", and then in the selection dialog box, make your choices (multi-selection is supported). For example, if you select to filter messages written in Arabic (AR), and Quarantine message is your configured action for high confidence spam messages, then any messages written in Arabic will be quarantined. Click ok to return to the International Spam pane.

2. Select the Filter email messages sent from the following countries or regions check box to enable this functionality. Click "+", and then in the selection dialog box, make your choices (multi-selection is supported). For example, if you select to filter all messages sent from Australia (AU), and Quarantine message is your configured action for high confidence spam messages, then any messages sent from Australia will be quarantined. Click ok to return to the International Spam pane.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj200684%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 49

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You manage an on-premises Microsoft Exchange Server 2003 environment that has 500 users and an externally-hosted Exchange environment that has 500 users. The hosted Exchange environment does not allow Outlook Anywhere connectivity. You do not have administrative access to all mailboxes in the hosted environment. You plan to migrate and consolidate both environments into Office 365. You have the following migration requirements:

- Migrate on-premises mailboxes in batches by department.
- Migrate email, calendar, and contact items from the on-premises environment.
- Migrate only email from the hosted environment.

In the table below, identify the migration type that must be used for each environment. Make only one selection in each column. Each correct selection is worth one point.

On-premises Exchange	Hosted Exchange	Migration type
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Remote move migration
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Staged migration
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Cutover migration
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	IMAP migration

Answer:

On-premises Exchange	Hosted Exchange	Migration type
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Remote move migration
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Staged migration
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Cutover migration
<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	IMAP migration

Explanation:

For the migration of the on-premise Exchange 2003 mailboxes, we can use a staged migration. In a staged Exchange migration, mailboxes in your on-premises Exchange organization are migrated to Exchange Online in batches. A staged Exchange migration is a good option if your current on-premises email organization and migration goals meet the following conditions:

- You want to permanently move your entire email organization to Office 365.
- You plan to migrate mailboxes to Exchange Online over a few weeks or months.
- You plan to manage user accounts in your on-premises organization and synchronize your on-premises Active Directory with Exchange Online.
- Your current on-premises email organization is Exchange 2003 or Exchange 2007. Staged migration doesn't support migrating Exchange 2010 or Exchange 2013 mailboxes.

For the migration of the hosted Exchange mailboxes, we can use an IMAP migration. In an IMAP migration, the contents of users' mailboxes on an IMAP messaging system are migrated to their Exchange Online mailboxes. Here are some requirements and considerations for using an IMAP migration:

- The Exchange Online mailboxes that you migrate email to must already exist. They aren't provisioned during the IMAP migration process.
- Only items in a user's inbox or other mail folders are migrated. Contacts, calendar items, or tasks aren't migrated.

- Small and medium-sized organizations can use an IMAP migration to migrate email from mailboxes on a hosted service provider.

Incorrect Answers:

Remote Move migration: A remote move migration is used for migration Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010. It cannot be used with Exchange 2003 mailboxes as a hybrid configuration is required. A remote move migration also cannot be used with the hosted Exchange mailboxes because we do not have administrative control of the hosted Exchange mailboxes. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

Cutover Migration: In a cutover Exchange migration, all mailboxes in your on-premises Exchange organization are migrated to Exchange Online in a single migration batch. We want to migration the on-premise mailboxes in batches. A cutover migration also cannot be used with the hosted Exchange mailboxes because we do not have administrative control of the hosted Exchange mailboxes. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 50

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company's Microsoft Exchange Online environment. The company recently subscribed to the Office 365 Enterprise E1 plan. The company wants to filter email messages based on the following criteria:

- Reverse DNS lookup
- Sender open proxy test
- HELO/EHLO analysis
- Analysis of spam confidence level (SCL) ratings on email messages from a specific sender

You need to filter all email messages. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, select the appropriate command segment from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

-Enabled \$true

-ExternalMailEnabled

-InternalMailEnabled

Answer:

Answer Area

-Enabled \$true

-ExternalMailEnabled

-InternalMailEnabled

Explanation:

Sender reputation is part of the Exchange anti-spam functionality that blocks messages according to many characteristics of the sender. Sender reputation relies on persisted data about the sender to determine what action, if any, to take on an inbound message. The Protocol Analysis agent is the underlying agent for sender reputation functionality. A sender reputation level (SRL) is calculated from the following statistics:

- HELO/EHLO analysis - The HELO and EHLO SMTP commands are intended to provide the domain name, such as Contoso.com, or IP address of the sending SMTP server to the receiving SMTP server. Malicious users, or spammers, frequently forge the HELO/EHLO statement.
- Reverse DNS lookup - Sender reputation also verifies that the originating IP address from which the sender transmitted the message matches the registered domain name that the sender submits in the HELO or EHLO SMTP command.
- Analysis of SCL ratings on messages from a particular sender - When the Content Filter agent processes a message, it assigns a spam confidence level (SCL) rating to the message. The SCL rating is a number from 0 through 9. A higher SCL rating indicates that a message is more likely to be spam. Data about each sender and the SCL ratings that their messages yield is persisted for analysis by sender reputation.
- Sender open proxy test – An open proxy is a proxy server that accepts connection requests from anyone anywhere and forwards the traffic as if it originated from the local hosts.

We use the Set-SenderReputationConfig cmdlet to enable filtering based on sender reputation analysis. In this question, it is enabled for both external email and internal email.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124512\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124512(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 51

Your company is planning to migrate to Microsoft Exchange Online. The company employs 5,000 people, each with a mailbox currently located on Exchange Server 2000. The company has the following migration requirements:

- Move mailboxes in batches.
- Do not migrate calendar or contact items.
- Provide migration status reports to administrators.

You need to select the appropriate migration strategy. Which migration strategy should you use?

- A. Staged migration
- B. Cutover migration
- C. IMAP migration
- D. Hybrid migration

Answer: C

Explanation:

The only migration method supported for Exchange Server 2000 mailboxes is an IMAP migration. In an IMAP migration, the contents of users' mailboxes on an IMAP messaging system are migrated to their Exchange Online mailboxes. Here are some requirements and considerations for using an IMAP migration:

- The Exchange Online mailboxes that you migrate email to must already exist. They aren't provisioned during the IMAP migration process.
- Only items in a user's inbox or other mail folders are migrated. Contacts, calendar items, or tasks aren't migrated.
- Small and medium-sized organizations can use an IMAP migration to migrate email from mailboxes on a hosted service provider.

Incorrect Answers:

A: A staged migration requires Exchange 2003 or Exchange 2007. It is not supported with Exchange 2000. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: A cutover migration requires Exchange 2003 or later. It is not supported with Exchange 2000. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: A hybrid migration requires Exchange on-premise and Exchange Online to be configured in a hybrid configuration. This is not supported with Exchange 2000. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.
[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj863291(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 52

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company has established the following new requirements:

- Members of the legal team must be able to conduct eDiscovery searches.
- Employees must be notified when they send email messages that contain confidential information.

You need to configure the environment. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Configure journaling to a Microsoft Exchange Online mailbox for all mailboxes.
- B. Add the members of the legal team to the Discovery Management role group.
- C. Create a Data Loss Prevention policy.
- D. Place all executive mailboxes on In-Place Hold for 365 days and use In-Place eDiscovery for mailbox searches.
- E. Enable Microsoft Exchange Online Archiving for the executive mailboxes.
- F. Place all executive mailboxes on Retention Hold.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

To enable members of the legal team to conduct eDiscovery searches, we need to add them to the Discovery Management role group. Members of the Discovery Management role group can access sensitive message content. Specifically, these members can use In-Place eDiscovery to search all mailboxes in your Exchange organization, preview messages (and other mailbox items), copy them to a Discovery mailbox and export the copied messages to a .pst file. In most organizations, this permission is granted to legal, compliance, or Human Resources personnel. To ensure that employees are notified when they send email messages that contain confidential information, we need to configure a Data Loss Prevention (DLP) policy. A Data Loss Prevention (DLP) policy is a set of conditions that define what is regarded as sensitive or confidential information. This new DLP feature performs deep content analysis through keyword matches, dictionary matches, regular expression evaluation, and other content examination to detect content that violates organizational DLP policies. In addition to the customizable DLP policies themselves, you can also inform email senders that they may be about to violate one of your policies—even before they send an offending message. You can accomplish this by configuring Policy Tips. Policy Tips are similar to MailTips, and can be configured to present a brief note in the Microsoft Outlook 2013 client that provides information about possible policy violations to a person creating a message.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Journaling lets you record a copy of, or journal, all email communications in your organization and send them to a dedicated mailbox on an Exchange Server. It is not used to ensure that employees are notified when they send email messages that contain confidential information. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: There is no need to place all executive mailboxes on In-Place Hold for 365 days and use In-Place eDiscovery for mailbox searches. Members of the legal team must be able to conduct eDiscovery searches on all mailboxes. They can do this when they have the appropriate permissions. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

E: Microsoft Exchange Online Archiving is not required to enable eDiscovery searches. We just need to assign the appropriate permissions to the legal team (by way of Discovery Management role group membership). Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

F: A retention hold is used to halt retention policy, which means the Managed Folder Assistant (MFA) does not move or delete items from the mailbox. A retention hold is not required to enable eDiscovery searches. We just need to assign the appropriate permissions to the legal team (by way of Discovery Management role group membership). Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dd298059%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj150527%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 53

Hotspot Question

Your company has an Office 365 subscription and uses Microsoft Lync Online. The environment includes the domains shown in the following image, and is configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

The screenshot shows the 'external communications' settings in the Lync Online admin center. The 'external access' section is active, showing a dropdown menu set to 'On only for allowed domains'. Below this, the 'public IM connectivity' section has a checkbox 'Turn on communication with Skype users and users of other public IM service providers.' which is checked. The 'blocked or allowed domains' section contains a table with one entry: 'fabrikam.com' with status 'Allowed'. Below the table are links: 'Add a domain', 'Buy a domain', 'Remove', 'View DNS settings', and 'Troubleshoot'. A second table below shows two domains: 'contoso.com' and 'contoso.onmicrosoft.com', both with status 'Active'. This second table also has the same set of links below it.

external access

You can control access to Lync users in other organizations in two ways: 1) block specific domains, but allow access to everyone else, or 2) allow specific domains, but block access to everyone else. [Learn more](#)

On only for allowed domains

public IM connectivity

☒ Turn on communication with Skype users and users of other public IM service providers.

blocked or allowed domains

+ ✎ 🗑️ 🔍

DOMAIN ▲	STATUS
fabrikam.com	Allowed

[Add a domain](#) | [Buy a domain](#) | [Remove](#) | [View DNS settings](#) | [Troubleshoot](#)

Domain name ▲	Status
contoso.com	Active
contoso.onmicrosoft.com	Active

[Add a domain](#) | [Buy a domain](#) | [Remove](#) | [View DNS settings](#) | [Troubleshoot](#)

Lync is not deployed in a hybrid configuration. An employee requires specific Lync communication settings. The employee's account is configured as shown in the following image. For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. Each correct selection is worth one point.

User1

general

external

communications

dial-in conferencing

Options

Choose people outside your organization that the user can communicate with. [Learn more](#)

☒ Lync users

☐ People on public IM networks

Answer Area

Yes	No	Statement
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the contoso.com domain
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the fabrikam.com domain
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	The employee can have Lync conversations with Skype users who sign in with a Microsoft account

Answer:

Answer Area

Yes	No	Statement
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the contoso.com domain
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the fabrikam.com domain
<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	The employee can have Lync conversations with Skype users who sign in with a Microsoft account

QUESTION 54

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Management has requested a report of all Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync-enabled employees and their devices. You need to generate a report that contains employee display names and device types. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, select the appropriate option from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

```
$ActiveSyncUsers = Get-CASMailbox -Filter "{ActiveSyncDebugLogging -eq $True}"  
Get-Mailbox  
  
$ActiveSyncUsers | Select-Object DisplayName, DistinguishedName, userPrincipalName, @Name="Device";  
  
Expression=((Get-ActiveSyncDevice -Mailbox $_.Mailbox -Identity $_.Identity).DeviceType \})
```

Answer:

Answer Area

```
$ActiveSyncUsers = Get-CASMailbox -Filter "{ActiveSyncDebugLogging -eq $True}"  
Get-Mailbox  
  
$ActiveSyncUsers | Select-Object DisplayName, DistinguishedName, userPrincipalName, @Name="Device";  
  
Expression=((Get-ActiveSyncDevice -Mailbox $_.Mailbox -Identity $_.Identity).DeviceType \})
```

Explanation:

We use the Get-CASMailbox cmdlet to view the client access settings that are configured on a mailbox. The setting we are interested in is HasActiveSyncDevicePartnership. This will return a list of all mailboxes that are configured for ActiveSync and store the results in the \$ActiveSyncUsers variable. We use the Select-Object cmdlet with the Displayname option to display the employee display names from the mailboxes. The "Expression=((Get-ActiveSyncDevice -Mailbox \$_.Identity).DeviceType \})" expression is used to return a list of Device Types.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124754%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh849895.aspx>

QUESTION 55

Your company has an Office 365 Enterprise E1 subscription. The company wants to implement an enterprise document collaboration and social networking platform that allows users to upload documents from their computers and conduct informal polls. You need to implement a solution that meets the requirements. Which solution should you implement?

- A. Microsoft SharePoint document libraries
- B. Microsoft SharePoint surveys
- C. Microsoft Yammer
- D. Microsoft SharePoint newsfeeds
- E. Microsoft SkyDrive Pro

Answer: C

Explanation:

Yammer is Microsoft's private collaboration platform for enterprise social networking. Unlike public social media platforms such as Twitter, Yammer only allows members to connect with other members who belong to the same email domain. This unique feature provides corporate employees with the ability to communicate privately, using a graphical user interface (GUI) that resembles Facebook.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Microsoft SharePoint document libraries can be used for document collaboration and enable users to upload documents. However, Microsoft SharePoint document libraries do not provide a social networking platform. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: A SharePoint survey is a kind of list that enables the owner to create questions, multiple people to respond to the questions, and the results to be summarized. This would meet the requirement of informal polls. However, a SharePoint survey does not provide document collaboration or a social networking platform. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: SharePoint Newsfeeds allow users to 'follow' a newsfeed and post to it in a similar way to Twitter. However, SharePoint Newsfeeds do not provide document collaboration or a social networking platform. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

E: SkyDrive Pro is a cloud storage service designed to facilitate business document sharing, either as a part of Office 365 (through the SharePoint Online service) or via on-premises SharePoint 2013. Documents are synchronized to user's computers in a similar way to Dropbox. In this way, SkyDrive Pro can be used for document collaboration. However, SkyDrive Pro does not provide a social networking platform. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

QUESTION 56

Your company has an Office 365 Small Business subscription. You are the Microsoft SharePoint Online administrator. The company wants to have two separate public websites with different URLs. You need to configure the environment to support the public websites. What should you do?

- A. Upgrade to SharePoint Online for Office 365 Enterprise, Education, and Government.
- B. Create one public website and one subsite, and then configure a redirect.
- C. Create two public websites and configure the DNS records for each site.
- D. Upgrade to SharePoint Online for Office 365 Midsize Business.

Answer: B

Explanation:

With an Office 365 subscription, you can have one public website hosted in SharePoint Online, but only one. In this question, they are asking for two public sites. No Office 365 subscription offers two public websites. The only way to have two separate public websites with different URLs is to create a single public website and then create a subsite. To enable the main site and subsite to be accessed via two different URLs, you will need to configure a redirect for the subsite. Note: You cannot create a subsite of a public facing website by using the SharePoint User Interface. You will have to use SharePoint Designer in order to create a subsite.

Incorrect Answers:

A: No Office 365 subscription offers two public websites so upgrading the subscription is not a solution. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: With an Office 365 subscription, you can have one public website hosted in SharePoint Online, but only one. You cannot create two public websites. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: No Office 365 subscription offers two public websites so upgrading the subscription is not a solution. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<http://msftplayground.com/2014/03/limitations-of-a-public-facing-website-in-office-365/>

QUESTION 57

Drag and Drop Question

Your company has an Office 365 Enterprise E3 subscription. You are the Microsoft SharePoint Online administrator. You create a site collection for the marketing department. After the site collection is created, a different employee is chosen as the site collection administrator. You need to grant the user the appropriate permissions. In the SharePoint admin portal, which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Add the employee as a site collection administrator.	
Add the employee as a SharePoint Online administrator.	
Add the employee to the Owners group of the site.	
From the SharePoint admin center, select the marketing department site collection.	
Add yourself as a global administrator.	
Sign in as a global administrator.	

Answer:

	Answer Area
Add the employee as a site collection administrator.	Sign in as a global administrator.
Add the employee as a SharePoint Online administrator.	
Add the employee to the Owners group of the site.	From the SharePoint admin center, select the marketing department site collection.
From the SharePoint admin center, select the marketing department site collection.	Add the employee as a site collection administrator.
Add yourself as a global administrator.	
Sign in as a global administrator.	

Explanation:

To change the primary administrator or to add or remove site collection administrators in SharePoint Online, do the following:

1. Sign in to Office 365 (with a global administrator account).
2. Go to the Office 365 admin center.
3. On the home page, click Service settings.
4. Click Manage under SharePoint Online.
5. Select the check box next to the appropriate site collection. (Select the Marketing site collection)
6. On the ribbon, in the Manage section, click Owners, and then click Manage Administrators.

7. In the manage administrators dialog box, add or remove names in the Site Collection Administrators box. (Add the employee as a site collection administrator)
8. Click Check Names to verify that the user names are valid.
9. Click OK.

References:

https://support.office.com/en-au/article/Manage-administrators-for-a-site-collection-9a7e46f9-3fc4-4297-955a-82cb292a5be0#__toc341786265

QUESTION 58

Your company plans to use Office 365 and Microsoft SharePoint Online. Another employee provisions the company's Office 365 tenant. You discover that the employee can create and manage SharePoint site collections. You need to prevent the employee from creating or managing site collections. From which role should you remove the employee?

- A. Service administrator
- B. SharePoint Online administrator
- C. Global administrator
- D. Site collection administrator

Answer: C

Explanation:

The question states that "Another employee provisions the company's Office 365 tenant". The person who provisions an Office 365 tenant will automatically be assigned to the Global administrator role. In Office 365, a Global administrator is also a SharePoint Online administrator. We could prevent the employee from creating or managing site collections by removing the employee from the SharePoint Online administrator role. However, as a Global Administrator, the employee could add himself/herself back to the SharePoint Online administrator role. Therefore, we should remove the employee from the Global Administrator role.

Incorrect Answers:

A: A Service Administrator does not have permissions to create or manage site collections. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: A SharePoint Online administrator does have permission to create or manage site collections so we could prevent the employee from creating or managing site collections by removing him/her from the SharePoint Online administrator role. However, as a Global Administrator, the employee could add himself/herself back to the SharePoint Online administrator role. This question does not state that the employee needs to retain his/her Global Administrator permissions to perform other functions. Therefore, we should remove the employee from the Global Administrator role so this answer is incorrect.

D: A Site collection administrator can only administer the site collection that he or she is assigned permissions to. A Site collection administrator cannot create or manage other site collections. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

https://support.office.com/en-au/article/Manage-administrators-for-a-site-collection-9a7e46f9-3fc4-4297-955a-82cb292a5be0#__toc341786265

QUESTION 59

Your company uses Microsoft SharePoint Online for collaboration. A document library is configured as shown in the following table. You need to enable the coauthoring of documents in the library. What should you do?

Configuration Option	Current Selection
Require content approval for submitted items?	Yes
Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library?	Create major versions
Who should see draft items in this document library?	Only users who can edit items
Require documents to be checked out before they can be edited?	Yes

- A. Change the Who should see draft items in this document library? setting to Any user who can read items.
- B. Change the Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library? setting to No Versioning.
- C. Change the Require documents to be checked out before they can be edited? setting to No.
- D. Change the Require content approval for submitted items? setting to No.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The question states that coauthoring of documents in the library is required. Coauthoring means the ability of multiple people to be able to edit a document simultaneously. One way to control document collaboration is to require check-out of files, especially when multiple users have access to the library. If you have a file checked out, you can be sure that other people cannot overwrite it. However, you are also preventing other people from seeing the latest changes or making changes themselves. Do not configure your library to require checkout if people plan to co-author documents in the library. People cannot work simultaneously on documents when required check-out is turned on.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Who should see draft items in this document library: You can control who can read drafts of files. Drafts are either the minor versions of files or files that are not yet approved. A draft can be a new item or an item that has changed. This setting is used to configure who can view files that have been edited but not yet published. It has no bearing on document co-authoring. Therefore, this option is incorrect.

B: Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library: Create Major Versions. This option is used to configure which versions of a document are saved. When a user edits a file then saves and closes it, the version is tracked as a minor version. You must first publish the file in order for it to become a major version. This setting means that only major (published) versions of a file are saved. This setting is for the saving of previous versions of a file and has no bearing on document co-authoring. Therefore, this option is incorrect.

D: Require content approval for submitted items: This option requires that any new items submitted to a library are inspected and approved by an administrator before the item is added to the library. This setting is for the submission of new items and has no bearing on document co-authoring. Therefore, this option is incorrect.

<https://support.office.com/en-gb/article/Set-up-a-library-to-require-check-out-of-files-0c73792b-f727-4e19-a1f9-3173899e695b>

QUESTION 60

Your company uses Office 365 and has an Enterprise E3 plan. The company has a Microsoft SharePoint Online public website that is currently configured to use the onmicrosoft.com domain name. The company purchases a new domain name. You need to change the address of the SharePoint Online public website to the new domain name. What should you do first?

- A. In the SharePoint Online Administration Center, add the new domain.
- B. In the Office 365 admin center, add the new domain.
- C. Create a new site collection and assign it the new domain.
- D. Create a new public website and assign it to the new domain.

Answer: B

Explanation:

When you purchase an Office 365 subscription and configure a Microsoft SharePoint Online public website, the website will use a URL like contoso.onmicrosoft.com. If you want to use your own domain name, for example www.contoso.com, the first step is to add the domain in the Office 365 admin center. This will start a wizard which will give you the option to create a new website using the new domain name or assign the new domain name to an existing website. The last step in the

wizard will tell you which DNS records you need to configure to point the new domain name to the SharePoint Online public website.

Incorrect Answers:

A: You need to add the new domain in the Office 365 admin center, not the SharePoint Online Administration Center. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: You do not need to create a new site collection. We already have a public website. It is possible to assign the new domain name to the existing public website when you add the domain name in the Office 365 admin center. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: You do not need to create a public website. We already have a public website. It is possible to assign the new domain name to the existing public website when you add the domain name in the Office 365 admin center. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://support.office.com/en-nz/article/Rename-your-SharePoint-Online-Public-Website-address-to-use-your-custom-domain-3d4bd288-772b-4f88-af4d-f025b3825ed3>

QUESTION 61

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company has multiple Microsoft SharePoint Online sites that are shared with external users. Individual documents have also been shared from other Microsoft SharePoint Online sites. The company recently ended collaboration with a vendor named Contoso, Ltd. You need to revoke all sharing with external users who log in with contoso.com accounts without affecting sharing with other vendors. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Use the Get-SPOUser cmdlet with the -external switch.	
Use the Remove-SPOUser cmdlet.	
Open the SharePoint Management Shell.	
Use the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet.	
Use the Connect-SPOService cmdlet.	
Open the SharePoint Online Management Shell.	
Use the Get-SPOSite cmdlet.	

Answer:

Answer Area	
Use the Get-SPOUser cmdlet with the - external switch.	Open the SharePoint Online Management Shell.
Use the Remove-SPOUser cmdlet.	
Open the SharePoint Management Shell.	Use the Connect-SPOService cmdlet.
Use the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet.	
Use the Connect-SPOService cmdlet.	Use the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet.
Open the SharePoint Online Management Shell.	
Use the Get-SPOSite cmdlet.	

Explanation:

Contoso users have access to multiple shared files and multiple shared sites throughout the SharePoint site structure. The easiest way to remove Contoso users' access to all the shared resources is to remove the Contoso users at the top level of the SharePoint structure, the Tenant. The Remove-SPOExternalUser PowerShell cmdlet is used to remove a collection of external users from the tenancy's folder. To run the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet, we first need to open the SharePoint Online management Shell (Step 1) and connect to the SharePoint Online tenant by running the Connect-SPOService cmdlet (Step 2). We can then run the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet as in Step 3.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-gb/library/jj730437.aspx>

QUESTION 62

Hotspot Question

Your company uses Microsoft SharePoint Online. You share a file named Document1 with several users, as shown in the image below.

Share 'Document1'

Shared with lots of people

Invite people

User1@contoso.com x User2@fabrikam.com x
User3@adatum.com x

Can edit

Include a personal message with this invitation (Optional).

☐ Require sign-in

HIDE OPTIONS

☒ Send an email invitation

Share Cancel

You need to ensure that the users can display, but not change, Document1. What should you do? Select the correct answer from each list based on the information presented in the image. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The first step to achieve the goal is:

- ☐ Withdraw the invitations to the users.
- ☐ Delete the guest link to the document.
- ☐ Change the permission level in the invitations to View Only.
- ☐ Open the Shared With dialog box for Document1 and remove the user.
- ☐ Run the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet for each of the users.

The second step to achieve the goal is:

- ☐ Resend the invitations to the users.
- ☐ Send new invitations that assign the View permission level to the user.
- ☐ Add the users to the Visitors group for the site.
- ☐ Add the users to the Visitors group for the document.

Answer:

Answer Area

The first step to achieve the goal is:

Withdraw the invitations to the users.
Delete the guest link to the document.
Change the permission level in the invitations to View Only.
Open the Shared With dialog box for Document1 and remove the user.
Run the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet for each of the users.

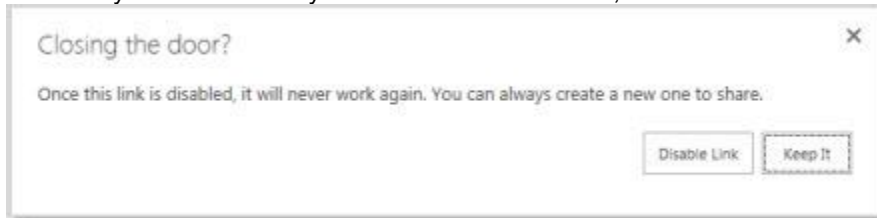
The second step to achieve the goal is:

Resend the invitations to the users.
Send new invitations that assign the View permission level to the user.
Add the users to the Visitors group for the site.
Add the users to the Visitors group for the document.

Explanation:

The exhibit shows that users are not required to sign-in and that email invitations have been sent. This is known as guest sharing where the users will have been sent a guest link to the document. To change the access to the document, we first need to disable the guest access to the document by deleting the guest link. Then we can reconfigure the shared access to the document. You can revoke access to a document that has been shared through a guest link by disabling the link.

1. Go to the library that contains the document for which you want to remove a guest link.
2. Point to the document, and click Open Menu.
3. Click a guest link in the sentence Open to anyone with a guest link.
4. Next to the URL for the guest link, click the Delete button.
5. When you are asked if you want the link disabled, click Disable Link.



When people outside your organization attempt to access the content using the guest link, they will see a message indicating that they cannot access it. Now that we have deleted the original guest link that provides Edit permission to the document, we can create a new guest link to provide View only access to the document.

Incorrect Answers:

Change the permission level in the invitations to view only: This is incorrect because the invitations have already been sent. You can change the permission level in an invitation before you send it, but not after it has been sent. After an invitation has been sent, you can change a user's permissions to the file by selecting the user in the Site Settings page of the SharePoint library that contains the document. However, that would have to be done for all users that the invitations were sent to.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Manage-sharing-with-external-users-in-Office-365-Small-Business-2951a85f-c970-4375-aa4f-6b0d7035fe35?CTT=5&origin=HA102816054&CorrelationId=45bdcfa5-40ca-4fb5-bd3b-1088546670e8&ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 63

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. All users have been assigned E3 licenses and use Office Web Apps to create and edit documents. A user attempts to access documents stored on a USB flash drive. When the user double-clicks a file that is stored on the USB flash drive, an error message states that Windows can't open the file and needs to know what program to use to open it. You need to ensure that the user can start Office applications and edit Office

documents by double-clicking files. What should you do on the user's computer?

- A. Use Office on Demand.
- B. Install Office 365 ProPlus from the Office 365 portal.
- C. Copy the files from the USB flash drive to the local hard drive.
- D. Install and configure Microsoft Word Viewer.

Answer: B

Explanation:

You can deploy Office 365 ProPlus in your organization by allowing users to install Office 365 ProPlus directly from the Office 365 portal, or by downloading the Office 365 ProPlus software to the local network and then deploying it to your users.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Office on Demand is a feature available to subscribers of Office 2013, not Office 365.

C: Copying the files from the USB flash drive to the local hard drive will still produce the same result, as there are no Office applications installed.

D: Microsoft Word Viewer allows you to view, print and copy Word documents. It does not allow for editing of word documents.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg998766.aspx>

<http://blogs.office.com/2012/08/27/click-to-run-and-office-on-demand/>

<https://www.microsoft.com/en-za/download/details.aspx?id=4>

QUESTION 64

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Executive employees have been assigned E3 licenses. Non-executive employees have been assigned E1 licenses. An employee who is not on the executive team wants to communicate with executive team members by using Microsoft Lync instant messaging. You need to ensure that the employee can use Lync. What should you do?

- A. Sign in to the Office 365 portal and use Office on Demand.
- B. Sign in to the Office 365 portal and then run the Office 365 Desktop Setup.
- C. Sign in to the Office 365 portal and then download and install Office 365 ProPlus.
- D. Sign in to the Office 365 portal and then download and install the Lync Basic desktop client.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The E1 plan doesn't include an Office client so we must download and install the Lync Basic Desktop client.

<https://blog.blksth1.com/2015/06/16/office-365-feature-comparison-chart-all-plans/>

QUESTION 65

Drag and Drop Question

Your company uses Office 365. You are planning a user-driven deployment of Office 365 ProPlus. You need to provide users with the minimum requirements for running Office 365 ProPlus. Which requirements should you provide? To answer, drag the appropriate requirements to the correct targets. Each requirement may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Description	Requirement
Local computer group membership	<input type="text"/>
Minimum Internet connection frequency	<input type="text"/>

Administrators
Power Users
Users
Every 30 days
Every 90 days
Persistently

Answer:

Answer Area	
Description	Requirement
Local computer group membership	Administrators
Minimum Internet connection frequency	Every 30 days

Administrators
Power Users
Users
Every 30 days
Every 90 days
Persistently

Explanation:

For users to have the ability to install Office 365 ProPlus on their computers, they must be configured as local administrators. Furthermore, users don't have to be connected to the Internet all the time to use Office 365 ProPlus. They do, however, have to connect every 30 days to prevent Office 365 ProPlus from going into reduced functionality mode.

Incorrect Answers:

Members of the Power Users group can create user accounts and then modify and delete the accounts they have created. This exceeds the requirements for running Office 365 ProPlus. Members of the Users group can perform common tasks, which does not include installing Office 365 ProPlus. This does not meet the requirements for running Office 365 ProPlus. Connecting every 90 days will allow Office 365 ProPlus to go into reduced functionality mode. Persistent connectivity is allowed, but it is not a minimum requirement.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg998766.aspx>

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc785098\(v=ws.10\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc785098(v=ws.10).aspx)

QUESTION 66

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company is deploying Office 365 ProPlus. The company has the following deployment requirements:

- Office applications must be installed from a local network location by using a self- service model.
- Office application updates must not be deployed until they have been tested for compatibility.
- The installation of Office applications and updates must occur without user interaction.

You need to deploy Office 365 ProPlus. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Configure an installation text-file and set the SourcePath parameter to %deployroot%\applications\Office365 . Copy installation files to the source path.	
Configure a content delivery network for software updates.	
Configure an installation XML file and set the SourcePath parameter to %deployroot%\applications\Office365 . Copy installation files to the source path.	
Configure an installation text file and set the SourcePath parameter to \\Server\Share\Office . Copy installation files to the source path.	
Configure a Group Policy Object to install Office applications by using the installation XML file.	
Configure a Group Policy Object to install Office applications by using the installation text file.	
Configure an installation XML file and set the SourcePath parameter to \\Server\Share\Office . Copy installation files to the source path.	
Create a software distribution point at \\Server\Share\Office .	

Answer:

	Answer Area
Configure an installation text-file and set the SourcePath parameter to %deployroot%\applications\Office365. Copy installation files to the source path.	Create a software distribution point at \\Server\Share\Office.
Configure a content delivery network for software updates.	
Configure an installation XML file and set the SourcePath parameter to %deployroot%\applications\Office365. Copy installation files to the source path.	Configure an installation XML file and set the SourcePath parameter to \\Server\Share\Office. Copy installation files to the source path.
Configure an installation text file and set the SourcePath parameter to \\Server\Share\Office. Copy installation files to the source path.	
Configure a Group Policy Object to install Office applications by using the installation XML file.	Configure a Group Policy Object to install Office applications by using the installation XML file.
Configure a Group Policy Object to install Office applications by using the installation text file.	
Configure an installation XML file and set the SourcePath parameter to \\Server\Share\Office. Copy installation files to the source path.	
Create a software distribution point at \\Server\Share\Office.	

Explanation:

A new build of Office 365 ProPlus is released to the Microsoft Content Delivery Network (CDN) every 2nd Tuesday of every month. You would therefore need to configure a content delivery network. You can configure Office 365 ProPlus to get updates automatically from a location on your network, i.e. distribution point, using the Office Deployment Tool or Group Policy. This is a good option if you want to test to make sure that your line-of-business applications work with the new version. The Office Deployment Tool makes use of a Configuration.xml file, which includes the instructions for what Office software to download from Office 365.

http://blogs.technet.com/b/office_resource_kit/archive/2014/01/28/managing-updates-for-office-365-proplus-part-2.aspx

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc179070.aspx#BKMK_RunSetupFromLIS

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Content-delivery-networks-0140f704-6614-49bb-aa6c-89b75dcd7f1f?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 67

You subscribe to Office 365. You plan to implement single sign-on. You need to deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) to a server for the planned implementation. Which deployment methods should you use? (Each correct answer presents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.)

- A. On a server that runs Windows Server 2008 R2, download and install AD FS 2.0.
- B. On a server that runs Windows Server 2008, download and install AD FS 2.0.

- C. On a server that runs Windows Server 2008, install the AD FS server role.
- D. On a server that runs Windows Server 2008 R2, install the AD FS server role.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

AD FS has a separate installation package for the Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system platforms (and it is commonly referred to as AD FS 2.0) or it can be installed by adding the Federation Service server role as part of the Windows Server 2012 or Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system.

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn151311.aspx>

QUESTION 68

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You discover that some Active Directory user accounts are unavailable in Office 365. You need to identify why the user accounts are unavailable in Office 365. What should you do?

- A. Verify the miissetup.log file.
- B. Run the Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer.
- C. Run the Test-OutlookWebServices cmdlet.
- D. Run miisclient.exe.

Answer: D

Explanation:

In a hybrid deployment, user accounts and groups in the on-premise Active Directory are synchronized to the Azure Active Directory by using the Azure Active Directory Synchronization Tool (DirSync.exe). When DirSync is installed on a server in the on-premise network, a utility known as the "Synchronization Service Manager" (miisclient.exe) is also installed in the "C:\Program Files\Microsoft Online Directory Sync\SYNCBUS\Synchronization Service\UIShell\" directory. This "Synchronization Service Manager" can help you with managing MS DirSync especially if errors arise.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The miissetup.log file is the Microsoft Identity Information Server (MIIS) setup log file used to verify successful installation of MIIS. It is not used for troubleshooting Active Directory Synchronization problems. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer is a website offered by Microsoft for testing remote connectivity to server services such as Exchange Server, Lync Server and Office 365. Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer is not used for troubleshooting Active Directory Synchronization problems. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: The Test-OutlookWebServices cmdlet is used to verify the Autodiscover service settings for Microsoft Outlook on a computer running the Microsoft Exchange Server Client Access server role. It is not used for troubleshooting Active Directory Synchronization problems. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<http://www.codetwo.com/admins-blog/sync-premises-ad-office-365/>

QUESTION 69

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365. All mailboxes are hosted on Office 365. All users access their Office 365 mailbox by using a user account that is hosted on-premises. You need to delete a user account and its associated mailbox. Which tool should you use?

- A. The Remove-MSOLUser cmdlet
- B. The Remove-Mailbox cmdlet
- C. The Office 365 portal
- D. Active Directory Users and Computers

Answer: D

Explanation:

In a hybrid deployment of Office 365, the user accounts in the on-premise Active Directory are replicated to the Azure Active Directory using the Azure Active Directory Sync Tool (DirSync). This enables users to access Office 365 resources such as Exchange Online mailboxes by using the on-premise Active Directory credentials. Any changes to a user account must be performed in the on-premise Active Directory. The changes will then be replicated to Azure Active Directory. To delete a user account and mailbox, the user account must be deleted in the on-premise Active Directory. The user account deletion will be replicated to Azure Active Directory. The Exchange Online mailbox will then be deleted.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The Remove-MSOLUser cmdlet can be used to delete a user account from Azure Active Directory. However, in a hybrid configuration, the user accounts in the on-premise Active Directory are replicated to the Azure Active Directory so the user account would be recreated at the next replication. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: The Remove-Mailbox cmdlet can be used to delete a mailbox from Exchange Online and the associated user account from Azure Active Directory. However, in a hybrid configuration, the user accounts in the on-premise Active Directory are replicated to the Azure Active Directory so the user account would be recreated at the next replication. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: The Office 365 portal can be used to delete a user account from Azure Active Directory. However, in a hybrid configuration, the user accounts in the on-premise Active Directory are replicated to the Azure Active Directory so the user account would be recreated at the next replication. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn194132.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/aa995948%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj200581%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 70

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You need to create a group. The group must have the following characteristics:

- Group properties are synchronized automatically.
- Group members have the ability to control which users can send email messages to the group.

What should you do?

- A. Create a distribution group and configure the Mail Flow Settings.
- B. Create a dynamic distribution group.
- C. Create a new role group.
- D. Create a distribution group and configure the Membership Approval settings.

Answer: A

Explanation:

A distribution group is a mail-enabled Active Directory distribution group object that can be used only to distribute messages to a group of recipients. In this question, we have a hybrid deployment. This means that the on-premise Active Directory is synchronized to the Azure Active Directory. We can create the distribution group in the on-premise Active Directory and it will replicate to Azure Active Directory. The Mail Flow Settings can be configured to control which users can send email messages to the group. In the Mail Flow Settings tab, double-click on Mail Delivery Restrictions to open the Mail Delivery Restrictions page. On this page, there is an "Accept Messages From..." section. In this section, select the "Only senders in the following list:" option. This will give you the option to list who can send email to the distribution group.

Incorrect Answers:

B: A dynamic distribution group is a distribution group where the membership of the group is specified by rules and can change according to the rules. For example, a distribution group could be based on the membership of an Active Directory security group. A dynamic distribution group alone has no mechanism to control who can send email to the group as required in this question. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: A role group is used to assign permissions in the Role Based Access Control (RBAC) model. It is not used for email distribution or for controlling who can send email to an email distribution group. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: A distribution group is a mail-enabled Active Directory distribution group object that can be used only to distribute messages to a group of recipients. Membership Approval settings are used to configure the approval requirements for membership of the group. For example, you can require that anyone can join the group or that only group owners can add members to the group. However, this does not enable you to control who can send email to the group as required in this question. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb201680%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<http://www.msexchange.org/articles-tutorials/exchange-server-2010/management-administration/managing-distribution-groups-exchange-server-part3.html>

<http://exchangeserverpro.com/configuring-membership-approval-for-distribution-groups-in-exchange-server-2010/>

QUESTION 71

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365 that uses single sign-on. The company uses the contoso.com SMTP domain. You have a server named ADFS_Server5 that has the Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) 2.0 server role installed. A power failure occurs at the data center. Power is restored at the data center. You need to verify that AD FS functions on ADFS_Server5. What should you do?

- A. Run the Test-MapiConnectivity cmdlet.
- B. Connect to https://ADFS_Server5.tailspintoys.com/adfs/ls/default.aspx.
- C. Connect to https://ADFS_Server5.contoso.com/adfs/fs/federationsservice.asmx.
- D. Run the Test-Connectivity cmdlet.

Answer: C

Explanation:

To verify that a federation server is operational:

1. To verify that Internet Information Services (IIS) is configured correctly on the federation server, log on to a client computer that is located in the same forest as the federation server.
2. Open a browser window, in the address bar type the federation server's DNS host name, and then append /adfs/fs/federationsservice.asmx to it for the new federation server, for example: <https://fs1.fabrikam.com/adfs/fs/federationsservice.asmx>
3. Press ENTER, and then complete the next procedure on the federation server computer. If you see the ERROR message, there is a problem with this website's security certificate, click Continue to this website.
4. The expected output is a display of XML with the service description document. If this page appears, IIS on the federation server is operational and serving pages successfully.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The Test-MapiConnectivity cmdlet verifies Exchange server functionality. This cmdlet logs on to the mailbox that you specify (or to the SystemMailbox if you don't specify the Identity parameter) and retrieves a list of items in the Inbox. It is not used to test AD FS functionality. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: The URL in this answer is close to the Federation Service endpoint URL that a client connects to. That takes the form <https://FullyQualifiedDomainName/adfs/ls/>. It is not used to test AD FS functionality. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: Test-Connectivity is not a valid PowerShell cmdlet. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd807076.aspx>

QUESTION 72

Drag and Drop Question

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. A user has a desktop computer and has been assigned an E3 license. The user plans to travel to multiple branch offices and will use a shared desktop computer at each branch office. The user will not have administrative privileges on the branch office computers. You need to ensure that the user has access to all features of Microsoft Word 2013 and Excel 2013 at the branch offices. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Click Sites .	
Sign in to the Office 365 portal.	
On the Desktop Setup page, click set up .	
Choose Tools & Add-Ins and then click Install .	
Choose Office on Demand , and then select the appropriate Office application.	
Edit a document in the browser by using Office Web Apps.	
Select the appropriate language and platform version, and then click Install .	
Click Office 365 settings , and then click software .	
Click SkyDrive .	

Answer:

QUESTION	
Click Sites .	Answer Area
Sign in to the Office 365 portal.	
On the Desktop Setup page, click set up .	Click SkyDrive .
Choose Tools & Add-Ins and then click Install .	Choose Office on Demand , and then select the appropriate Office application.
Choose Office on Demand , and then select the appropriate Office application.	
Edit a document in the browser by using Office Web Apps.	
Select the appropriate language and platform version, and then click Install .	
Click Office 365 settings , and then click software .	
Click SkyDrive .	

Explanation:

Office on Demand enables you to 'download' Office applications from Office 365 by using Microsoft's click-to-run technology. With an Office 365 subscription, you can log in to your Office 365 account from any computer with an Internet connection then select which Office application you want to use. Office on Demand is described by Microsoft as an Office 365 feature that provides access to productivity apps such as Excel, Word and PowerPoint on a PC "that doesn't have the latest version of Office installed locally." The application gets streamed down to the local device via Microsoft's click-to-run technology. After the Office on Demand session is over, the application is wiped automatically from the machine. With Office on Demand, Office 365 subscribers can be assured of gaining access to Office apps on the go by just using an available, Internet-connected PC.

QUESTION 73

Drag and Drop Question

Your company has an Office 365 subscription and uses Microsoft Exchange Online. Employees have archive mailboxes that have the default retention policy applied. A new company policy requires some existing mailboxes to have a retention policy that deletes only email messages in the Deleted Items folder after 90 days. Deleted messages must be recoverable. None of the existing retention tags meet the new requirement. You create an empty retention policy named Policy-90. You need to configure the retention policy and apply it to the mailboxes. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, drag the appropriate code segments to the correct targets. Each segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

	Answer Area
RecoverableItems	<input type="text"/> "Tag-90" -Type <input type="text"/> -RetentionEnabled \$True
Set-CASMailbox	-AgeLimitForRetention 90 -RetentionAction DeleteAndAllowRecovery
DeletedItems	<input type="text"/> "Policy-90" -RetentionPolicyTagLinks "Tag-90"
Enable-Mailbox	Get-Mailbox <input type="text"/> -RetentionPolicy "Policy-90"
New-RetentionPolicy	
Set-RetentionPolicy	
New-RetentionPolicyTag	
Set-Mailbox	

Answer:

	Answer Area
RecoverableItems	New-RetentionPolicyTag "Tag-90" -Type DeletedItems -RetentionEnabled \$True
Set-CASMailbox	-AgeLimitForRetention 90 -RetentionAction DeleteAndAllowRecovery
DeletedItems	Set-RetentionPolicy "Policy-90" -RetentionPolicyTagLinks "Tag-90"
Enable-Mailbox	Get-Mailbox Set-Mailbox -RetentionPolicy "Policy-90"
New-RetentionPolicy	
Set-RetentionPolicy	
New-RetentionPolicyTag	
Set-Mailbox	

Explanation:

Retention Policy Tags are used to apply retention settings to folders and individual items such as e-mail messages. These settings specify how long a message remains in a mailbox and the action to be taken when the message reaches the specified retention age. A Retention Policy is a group of retention tags that can be applied to a mailbox. In this question, we have a new retention policy named Policy-90. We need to create a new retention tag to specify the deletion of email messages in the Deleted Items folder after 90 days. We then need to assign the retention tag to the Policy-90 retention policy. Then we apply the Policy-90 retention policy to mailboxes. The New-RetentionPolicyTag cmdlet creates a new retention tag. The Set-RetentionPolicy cmdlet adds the retention tag to the retention policy. The Get-Mailbox cmdlet retrieves a list of mailboxes and the Set-Mailbox cmdlet is used to assign the retention policy to the mailboxes.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dd297955\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dd297955(v=exchg.150).aspx)

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dd335226%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 74

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. The company is currently migrating from a hosted POP3 email solution to Microsoft Exchange Online. The company maintains extensive lists of external contacts in several Microsoft Excel workbooks. You plan to import all the external contact information from the workbooks into the Exchange Online Global Address List (GAL). The external contacts must not be able to sign in to your company's Windows Azure Active Directory service. You consolidate all the external contact information into a file named ExternalContacts. You need to import the file into the GAL. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell script? To answer, drag the appropriate command segments to the correct targets. Each command segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

	Answer Area
Import-ContactList	
Import-Csv	
ExternalContacts.csv	
ExternalContacts.xls	
New-MailContact	
New-MailUser	

Answer:

	Answer Area
Import-ContactList	
Import-Csv	
ExternalContacts.csv	
ExternalContacts.xls	
New-MailContact	
New-MailUser	

Explanation:

Box 1: We use the Import-CSV cmdlet to import the list of names in the ExternalContacts.csv file.

Box 2: We specify the filename of the csv file to import.

Box 3: We use the New-MailContact cmdlet to create new mail-enabled contacts in Active Directory based on the names in the csv file.

A mail contact is described as, "A mail-enabled Active Directory contact that contains information about people or organizations that exist outside the Exchange organization. Each mail contact has an external email address. All messages sent to the mail contact are routed to this external email address." Mail contacts are listed in the Exchange Online Global Address List (GAL) but they cannot sign in to the Azure Active Directory service.

Incorrect Answers:

Import-ContactList can be used to import a list of contacts into a user's mailbox. However, it only works for mailboxes; you cannot use it to import contacts into Active Directory and the Exchange Online Global Address List (GAL). Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb201680%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh849891.aspx>

[https://technet.microsoft.com/EN-US/library/2a354fe4-34ed-4f8a-bc21-e092b27e133d\(EXCHG.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/EN-US/library/2a354fe4-34ed-4f8a-bc21-e092b27e133d(EXCHG.150).aspx)

QUESTION 75

Drag and Drop Question

Your company has an Office 365 subscription and uses Microsoft Exchange Online. Some employees have archive mailboxes that have the default retention policy applied. The default retention policy does not meet the latest company requirements. You create a retention policy named RetentionPolicy1 and apply the necessary retention tags to the policy. You need to apply the new retention policy to all archive mailboxes and ensure that the new retention policy tags are applied as soon as possible. Which three Windows PowerShell commands should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate commands from the list of commands to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

QUESTION	
	Answer Area
<pre>\$users = Get-Mailbox -ResultSize unlimited - Filter {(ArchiveStatus -eq "Active")}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-MailboxPlan \$_.Identity -RetentionPolicy "RetentionPolicy1"}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox \$_.Identity -RetentionPolicy "RetentionPolicy1"}</pre>	
<pre>\$users = Get-MailUser -ResultSize unlimited - Filter {(ArchiveStatus -eq "Active")}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Start- ProvisioningRequest -Identity \$_.Identity}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Start- ManagedFolderAssistant -Identity \$_.Identity}</pre>	

Answer:

QUESTION	
	Answer Area
<pre>\$users = Get-Mailbox -ResultSize unlimited - Filter {(ArchiveStatus -eq "Active")}</pre>	<pre>\$users = Get-Mailbox -ResultSize unlimited - Filter {(ArchiveStatus -eq "Active")}</pre>
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-MailboxPlan \$_.Identity -RetentionPolicy "RetentionPolicy1"}</pre>	<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox \$_.Identity -RetentionPolicy "RetentionPolicy1"}</pre>
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Set-Mailbox \$_.Identity -RetentionPolicy "RetentionPolicy1"}</pre>	
<pre>\$users = Get-MailUser -ResultSize unlimited - Filter {(ArchiveStatus -eq "Active")}</pre>	<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Start- ManagedFolderAssistant -Identity \$_.Identity}</pre>
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Start- ProvisioningRequest -Identity \$_.Identity}</pre>	
<pre>\$users ForEach-Object {Start- ManagedFolderAssistant -Identity \$_.Identity}</pre>	

Explanation:

Retention Policy Tags are used to apply retention settings to folders and individual items such as e-mail messages. These settings specify how long a message remains in a mailbox and the action to be taken when the message reaches the specified retention age. A Retention Policy is a group of retention tags that can be applied to a mailbox.

Box 1: The Get-Mailbox cmdlet retrieves a list of mailboxes. The -Filter {(ArchiveStatus -eq 'Active')}} statement filters the list of retrieved mailboxes to list only the mailboxes that have Archiving enabled and active.

Box 2: The Set-Mailbox cmdlet is used to assign the retention policy to the mailboxes retrieved in step 1.

Box 3: The Start-ManagedFolderAssistant cmdlet is used to immediately start messaging records management (MRM) processing of mailboxes. This will immediately apply the new retention policy.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dd297955\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/dd297955(v=exchg.150).aspx)

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196(v=exchg.150).aspx)

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998864%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 76

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company allows external communications through Microsoft Lync Online for all domains. The call center manager reports that call center personnel are spending too much time chatting with friends and not enough time taking calls. She requests that the call center personnel be blocked from chatting with anyone external to the company by using Lync Online. They still must be able to communicate with internal users. You need to prevent all call center personnel from communicating with external contacts by using Lync Online, while still allowing other employees to communicate with external contacts. What should you do?

- A. In the Lync admin center, select all users, edit their external communications settings, and clear the Lync Users check box.
- B. On the External Communications page of the Lync admin center, turn off external access.
- C. In the Lync admin center, remove the Lync Online license from each of the call center personnel.
- D. In the Lync admin center, select all call center personnel, edit their external communications settings, and clear the People on Public IM Networks check box.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The question states that "You need to prevent all call center personnel from communicating with external contacts by using Lync Online, while still allowing other employees to communicate with external contacts." Therefore, we need to apply the restriction to the call center personnel only. The question also states that "They still must be able to communicate with internal users." You can turn off external messaging for a single user by clearing the People on Public IM Networks check box. This will override the company setting of allowing external access. The image below shows the People on Public IM Networks check box. To ensure that the call center personnel can continue to be able to communicate with internal users, we need to leave the Lync users checkbox ticked.

Choose people outside your organization that the user can communicate with. [Learn more](#)

- ☒ Lync users
- ☐ People on public IM networks

Incorrect Answers:

A: The question states that "You need to prevent all call center personnel from communicating with external contacts by using Lync Online, while still allowing other employees to communicate with external contacts." Clearing the Lync Users check box will disable external communications for all users. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: The question states that "You need to prevent all call center personnel from communicating with external contacts by using Lync Online, while still allowing other employees to communicate with external contacts." Turning off external access in the Lync Admin Center will disable external communications for all users. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: The question states that the call center personnel must be able to communicate with internal users. Removing the Lync Online license from each of the call center personnel will prevent them from using Lync Online. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

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<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn771172.aspx?f=255&MSPPErr=-2147217396>

QUESTION 77

Hotspot Question

You are the Microsoft Exchange Online administrator for Contoso, Ltd. The company has purchased contoso.com for use as an email domain. You need to add an email address for each employee. You add the new domain into Office 365 and set the domain intention to Exchange Online. You need to complete a Windows PowerShell script to add email addresses for all employees. How should you complete the script? To answer, select the correct answer from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

\$mailboxes =

Get-Mailbox
Set-Mailbox
Move-Mailbox

foreach (\$mailbox in \$mailboxes) { \$newaddress = \$mailbox.alias +

"@contoso.com"
"@contoso.office.com"
"@office.com"

; \$mailbox.EmailAddresses += \$newaddress

Get-Mailbox
Set-Mailbox
Move-Mailbox

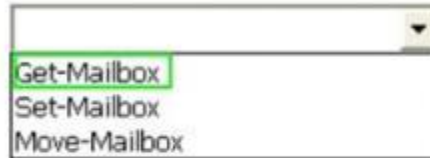
-Identity \$mailbox.alias -EmailAddresses

\$mailbox.EmailAddresses }

Answer:

Answer Area

\$mailboxes =



foreach (\$mailbox in \$mailboxes) { \$newaddress = \$mailbox.alias +



; \$mailbox.EmailAddresses += \$newaddress



-Identity \$mailbox.alias -EmailAddresses

\$mailbox.EmailAddresses }

Explanation:

\$mailboxes = Get-Mailbox: This will retrieve a list of all mailboxes and store it in the \$mailboxes variable.

\$newaddress = \$mailbox.alias + "@contoso.com": This will take each mailbox's alias and append @contoso.com to it. For example: an alias of Jane.Thomas will become Jane.Thomas@contoso.com. This is therefore creating a new email address for each user (mailbox) and storing it in the \$newaddress variable.

\$mailbox.EmailAddresses += \$newaddress: This adds the new (@contoso.com) email address to any existing email addresses and stores the new value in the \$mailbox.EmailAddresses variable.

Set-Mailbox -Identity \$mailbox.alias -EmailAddresses \$mailbox.EmailAddresses: This cmdlet sets the email addresses in the \$mailbox.EmailAddresses variable to be the email addresses for each mailbox based on the mailbox's alias.

QUESTION 78

Your company has a Microsoft Exchange Server 2010 Service Pack 1 (SP1) organization and a hybrid deployment of Office 365. All mailboxes are hosted on Office 365. All user accounts are hosted on-premises. You need to delete a user account and its associated mailbox. Which tool should you use?

- A. the Exchange Control Panel
- B. the Set-Mailbox cmdlet
- C. the Remove-MailUser cmdlet
- D. Active Directory Users and Computers

Answer: D

Explanation:

In a hybrid deployment of Office 365, the user accounts in the on-premise Active Directory are replicated to the Azure Active Directory using the Azure Active Directory Sync Tool (DirSync). This

enables users to access Office 365 resources such as Exchange Online mailboxes by using the on-premise Active Directory credentials. Any changes to a user account must be performed in the on-premise Active Directory. The changes will then be replicated to Azure Active Directory. To delete a user account and mailbox, the user account must be deleted in the on-premise Active Directory. The user account deletion will be replicated to Azure Active Directory. The Exchange Online mailbox will then be deleted.

Incorrect Answers:

A: The Exchange Control Panel, or ECP is a component of Outlook Web App 2010 where an administrator can sit in their OWA screen and perform some administrative tasks. However, you cannot delete a user account and Exchange Online mailbox using the ECP. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: The Set-Mailbox cmdlet is used to configure mailbox properties. It is not used to delete mailboxes or user accounts. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: The Remove-MailUser cmdlet can remove a mail-enabled user from Active Directory. This would work if the mailboxes were on-premise and therefore in the same Active Directory as the user accounts. The alternative would be to run the Remove-MailUser cmdlet against the Azure Active Directory. However, the changes would then be overwritten by the Active Directory synchronization. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj200581%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 79

You administer Microsoft Exchange Online for Fabrikam, Inc. Fabrikam's Exchange Online tenant domain name is fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com. You verify the domain fabrikam.com in the Office 365 admin center and instruct other administrators to configure new Exchange Online users with fabrikam.com as the primary SMTP domain. The fabrikam.com domain is not federated. A user reports that his reply-to address is displayed to external email message recipients as User1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com. You need to configure the user's mailbox to meet the following requirements:

- The user's reply-to address must be User1@fabrikam.com.
- The email address User1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com must function as a secondary email address for the user.

Which Windows PowerShell command should you run?

- A. `Set MsolUser -UserPrincipalName User1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com - AlternateEmailAddresses user1@fabrikam.com`
- B. `Set-Mailbox -Identity user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com - ForwardingAddress "User 1"`
- C. `Set-Mailbox -Identity user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com - WindowsEmailAddress User1@fabrikam.com`
- D. `Set-Mailbox -Identity user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com - EmailAddresses user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com, user1@fabrikam.com`

Answer: C

Explanation:

The WindowsEmailAddress parameter specifies the Windows email address for this recipient. In cloud environments or in on-premises environments where the recipient isn't subject to email address policies (the EmailAddressPolicyEnabled property is set to the value False for the recipient), the WindowsEmailAddress parameter updates the WindowsEmailAddress property and the primary email address to the same value.

QUESTION 80

Drag and Drop Question

You are a Microsoft SharePoint administrator for Contoso, Ltd. Contoso recently purchased Office 365 E3 licenses for all employees. You administer Office 365 by using the admin@contoso.com

account. Contoso plans to migrate all legacy SharePoint sites to SharePoint Online. The human resources department manager asks you to set up a SharePoint Online site collection that meets the requirements described in the following table. You need to set up the site collection. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Site name	https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/HR
Site collection administrator	user1@contoso.com
Compatibility level	SharePoint 2013
Storage quota	1000
Resource quota	300

	Answer Area
Open Windows PowerShell.	
Run the New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/HR -Owner user1@contoso.com -StorageQuota 1000 -CompatibilityLevel 14 -ResourceQuota 300 -Title "HR at Contoso" Windows PowerShell command.	
Run the Connect-SPOService -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com -credential admin@contoso.com Windows PowerShell command.	
Run the New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/HR -Owner user1@contoso.com -StorageQuota 1000 -ResourceQuota 300 -Title "HR at Contoso" Windows PowerShell command.	
Run the Connect-SPOService -Url https://contoso-admin.sharepoint.com -credential admin@contoso.com Windows PowerShell command.	
Open the SharePoint Online Management Shell.	

Answer:

	Answer Area
Open Windows PowerShell.	Open the SharePoint Online Management Shell.
Run the New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/HR -Owner user1@contoso.com -StorageQuota 1000 -CompatibilityLevel 14 -ResourceQuota 300 -Title "HR at Contoso" Windows PowerShell command.	Run the Connect-SPOService -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com -credential admin@contoso.com Windows PowerShell command.
Run the Connect-SPOService -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com -credential admin@contoso.com Windows PowerShell command.	
Run the New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/HR -Owner user1@contoso.com -StorageQuota 1000 -ResourceQuota 300 -Title "HR at Contoso" Windows PowerShell command.	Run the New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/HR -Owner user1@contoso.com -StorageQuota 1000 -ResourceQuota 300 -Title "HR at Contoso" Windows PowerShell command.
Run the Connect-SPOService -Url https://contoso-admin.sharepoint.com -credential admin@contoso.com Windows PowerShell command.	
Open the SharePoint Online Management Shell.	

Explanation:

To administer Office 365 services using Windows PowerShell, you first need to Open SharePoint Online Management Shell. You then need to connect to the Office 365 service, in this case, SharePoint Online by running the Connect-SPOService cmdlet and providing the SharePoint site URL and your administrative credentials (Step2). To create a new SharePoint Online site collection using PowerShell, you run the New-SPOSite cmdlet (Step 3). The URL, Owner and StorageQuota parameters are required. The ResourceQuota and Title parameters are optional. The CompatibilityLevel parameter is also optional. This question states that the compatibility level should be SharePoint 2013. As this parameter is not specified in the answer, the compatibility level will be set at the default setting. The default is SharePoint 2013.

Incorrect Answers:

A compatibility level of '14' is SharePoint 2010. In this question, the compatibility level should be SharePoint 2013. Therefore, this option is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-gb/library/fp161370.aspx>

QUESTION 81

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Office 365 ProPlus and has multiple Microsoft SharePointOnline sites. The company recently started a project that requires employees to collaborate with external users on the development of a set of documents that are stored in a team site. You need to ensure that external users can access and edit the documents without affecting the security of other content. What should you do?

- A. Create a new SharePoint team site and share it by using the Share function and adding the external users to the Visitors group.
- B. Create a new SharePoint team site and share it by using the Share function and adding the external users to the Contributors group.
- C. Share the existing SharePoint team site by using the Share function and adding the external users to the Visitors group.

- D. Share the existing SharePoint team site by using the Share function and adding the external users to the Contributors group.

Answer: B

Explanation:

SharePoint Online gives us the ability to share individual documents or sites with external users provided that sharing is enabled at the higher levels, parent sites, site collections, tenant. In this question, we need to share multiple documents with external users and ensure that the external users can access and edit the documents without affecting the security of other content. To edit documents, the external users will need Contribute access (by way of membership in the Contributors group). To ensure that other content remains secure, we need to ensure that the other content cannot be accessed by the external users. We can do this by separating the documents that should be accessed by the external users into a separate site. Therefore, we should create a new SharePoint team site, move the project documents to the new site and share the new site.

Incorrect Answers:

A: To edit documents, the external users will need Contribute access (by way of membership in the Contributors group). Adding the external users to the Visitors group will give them Read access to the documents but they won't be able to edit the documents. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

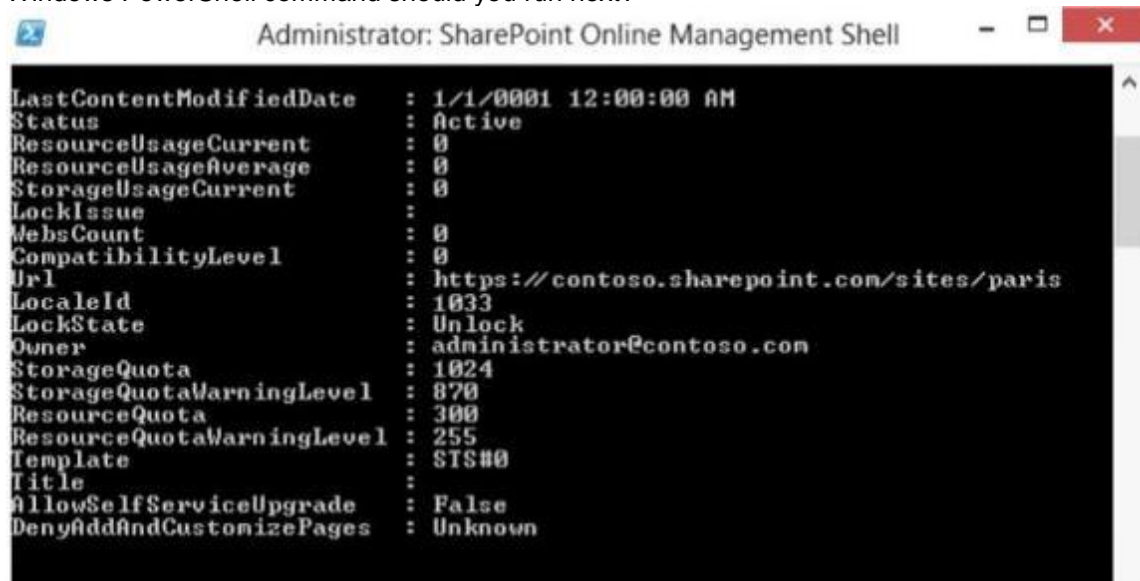
C: The question states that the security of other content must not be affected. By sharing the existing site adding the external users to the Visitors group, the external users will be able to view all other content in the site. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: The question states that the security of other content must not be affected. By sharing the existing site adding the external users to the Contributors group, the external users will be able to view and edit all other content in the site. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://support.office.com/en-in/article/Manage-external-sharing-for-your-SharePoint-Online-environment-c8a462eb-0723-4b0b-8d0a-70feafe4be85>

QUESTION 82

You are an Office 365 administrator for Contoso, Ltd. Contoso recently opened an office in Paris. Employees in the Paris office speak only French. The manager of the Paris office requests that you create a private Microsoft SharePoint team site for the Paris office. You create the site and list the properties, which are shown in the following graphic. The manager reports that the site does not meet his requirements. You need to resolve the issue. You remove the existing site. Which Windows PowerShell command should you run next?



- A. New-SPOSite -Url http://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/paris
-Owner administrator@contoso.com
-StorageQuota 1000 -template STS#0 -LocaleId 1036
- B. New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/paris
-Owner administrator@contoso.com
-StorageQuota 1000 -template STS#0 -LocaleId 1036
- C. New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/paris
-Owner administrator@contoso.com
-StorageQuota 1000 -template STS#0
- D. New-SPOSite -Url https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/paris
-Owner administrator@contoso.com
-StorageQuota 1000 -template BLOG#0 -LocaleId 1036

Answer: B

Explanation:

We can use the New-SPOSite PowerShell cmdlet to create a new a SharePoint Online site collection. To match the settings shown in the exhibit:

- The URL parameter must be https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/paris (note the https://). The Owner parameter must be administrator@contoso.com.
- The StorageQuota parameter must be 1000. The Template parameter must be STS#0. The LocaleId parameter must be 1036 (1036 is France).

Incorrect Answers:

A: This answer specifies http://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/paris for the URL. It should be https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/paris. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: This answer has no LocaleId parameter. We need a LocaleId of 1036 for France. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: This answer has a template parameter of BLOG#0. The template parameter should be STS#0. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-gb/library/fp161370.aspx>

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/goglobal/bb964664>

QUESTION 83

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company requests that you implement a document collaboration and social networking solution that meets the following requirements:

- Users must be able to join groups to receive project updates.
- Any user must be able to post an event.

You need to implement a solution. Which solution should you implement?

- A. Microsoft SharePoint document libraries
- B. Microsoft Yammer
- C. Microsoft SkyDrive Pro
- D. Microsoft SharePoint newsfeeds

Answer: B

Explanation:

Yammer is Microsoft's private collaboration platform for enterprise social networking. Unlike public social media platforms such as Twitter, Yammer only allows members to connect with other members who belong to the same email domain. This unique feature provides corporate employees with the ability to communicate privately, using a graphical user interface (GUI) that resembles Facebook.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Microsoft SharePoint document libraries can be used for document collaboration and enable users to upload documents. However, Microsoft SharePoint document libraries do not provide a social networking platform. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

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C: SkyDrive Pro is a cloud storage service designed to facilitate business document sharing, either as a part of Office 365 (through the SharePoint Online service) or via on-premises SharePoint 2013. Documents are synchronized to user's computers in a similar way to Dropbox. In this way, SkyDrive Pro can be used for document collaboration. However, SkyDrive Pro does not provide a social networking platform. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

D: SharePoint Newsfeeds allow users to 'follow' a newsfeed and post to it in a similar way to Twitter. However, SharePoint Newsfeeds do not provide document collaboration or a social networking platform. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://about.yammer.com/>

QUESTION 84

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company recently subscribed to Office 365 ProPlus. When performing a test deployment, you receive the following error message:

"Windows cannot find 'C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office 15\clientX64\integratedOffice.exe'. Make sure you typed the name correctly, and then try again."

You need to successfully complete the test deployment. Which two actions can you perform to achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Manually remove the registry subkeys associated with Office 2013, and then restart the Office 365 ProPlus installation.
- B. Completely uninstall existing versions of Office 2013 and then restart the Office 365 ProPlus installation.
- C. Download the Office 365 ProPlus package to a file share, and then deploy Office 365 ProPlus by using Group Policy.
- D. Automate the installation of Office 365 ProPlus applications by using Microsoft System Center Configuration Manager.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

You're seeing this error because another Office 2013 product isn't completely removed from the PC. Remove it by uninstalling it or manually remove the proper Office 365 ProPlus registry entries.

http://answers.microsoft.com/en-us/office/forum/office_365hp-office_install/get-integratedofficeexe-error-when-i-try-to/c9df55b9-0137-4612-ad73-2cdba55be16b?auth=1

QUESTION 85

A company is upgrading its 3,000 client computers to Office 365 ProPlus. The company uses the Telemetry Dashboard to identify document compatibility issues. The Telemetry Agent is deployed to all client computers. The telemetry environment is described in the following table. You need to ensure that telemetry data is collected for more than 20 client computers at a time. What should you do?

Item	Configuration
Telemetry database	Microsoft SQL Server 2005
Telemetry Processor	Windows 8

- A. Migrate the telemetry database to a computer that runs SQL Server 2008.
- B. Use the Registry Editor to trigger the data collection.
- C. Use Group Policy to set the MaxConnectionsPerServer setting to 100.
- D. Migrate the Telemetry Processor to a computer that runs Windows Server 2012.

Answer: D

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Explanation:

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219431\(v=office.15\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219431(v=office.15).aspx)

Telemetry Processor runs on one or more computers and collects inventory, usage, and telemetric data from the telemetry shared folder and imports the data to the telemetry database. Telemetry Processor is installed as a Windows service named "Telemetry Processor." We recommend the following operating systems for computers that run Telemetry Processor (for production environments, for best performance), we recommend these operating systems:

- Windows Server 2008
- Windows Server 2008 R2
- Windows Server 2012
- Windows Server 2012 R2

For test or small production environments, you can use computers that run Windows 7, Windows 8, and Windows 8.1 in test environments and in small production environments. There is a limit of 20 concurrent connections for client operating systems, but in small environments, the agent randomization setting should minimize any chances of more than 20 agents connecting at one time. [http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj863580\(v=office.15\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj863580(v=office.15).aspx)

QUESTION 86

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Employees do not have local administrative privileges on client computers. The company has the following client computer software:

- Windows 7 and Windows 8.
- 32-bit and 64-bit Office 2007, Office 2010, and Office 2013.

When accessing the corporate Microsoft SharePoint 2010 site, some users are unable to display SharePoint lists in the Datasheet view. You need to ensure that all users can display SharePoint lists in the Datasheet view. What should you do?

- A. Upgrade to the latest version of Office 365 ProPlus.
- B. Force a reinstallation of Office by using Group Policy and specifying a network location.
- C. Uninstall the 64-bit version of Office and then install the 32-bit version of Office.
- D. Upgrade all Office 2007 and Office 2010 versions to Office 2013.

Answer: C

Explanation:

A 64-bit version of the Datasheet component is not available for Office 2010.

<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2266203/en-us>

<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/909506>

QUESTION 87

Your company uses Office 365 and has an Enterprise E3 license plan. Employees are issued laptop computers that are configured with a standard image. The image includes an installation of Office 365 ProPlus that must be activated by the employees. An employee recently received a new laptop computer to replace an older laptop. The older laptop will be reimaged. When the employee attempts to start Word for the first time, she receives a message saying that she cannot activate it because she has already activated five devices. You need to help the employee activate Office on her new laptop computer. What should you do?

- A. Assign a second E3 license to the employee.
- B. Remove the employee's E3 license and then assign a new E3 license.
- C. Sign in to the Office 365 portal as the employee and deactivate the old laptop.
- D. Sign in to the Office 365 portal by using your Global Admin account and then deactivate the old laptop.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Office 365 ProPlus license permits a user to install Office on a maximum of five devices. For the user to install office on a 6th device, one of the devices that Office was previously activated on must be deactivated.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg982959.aspx>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Assign-or-unassign-licenses-for-Office-365-for-business-997596b5-4173-4627-b915-36abac6786dc?CorrelationId=74bfc029-2564-40e3-a0c6-cdd4ce77eb70&ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 88

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. You need to add the label "External" to the subject line of each email message received by your organization from an external sender. What should you do?

- A. From the Exchange Control Panel, add a MailTip.
- B. From the Forefront Online Protection Administration Center, set the footer for outbound email.
- C. Run the Enable-InboxRule cmdlet.
- D. From the Exchange Control Panel, run the New Rule wizard.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The New Rule wizard in the Exchange Control Panel is used to configure Transport Rules. You can use Exchange transport rules to look for specific conditions in messages that pass through your organization and take action on them. Transport rules contain a set of conditions, exceptions, and actions, which provides you with the flexibility to implement many types of messaging policies. Transport rules have the following components:

- Conditions specify the characteristics of messages to which you want to apply a transport rule action.
- Exceptions identify messages to which transport rule actions should not be applied.
- Actions are applied to messages that match all the conditions and don't match any of the exceptions.

In this question, we would configure a transport rule with a condition configured to specify email from external senders and an action of adding the label "External" to the subject line of the email message.

Incorrect Answers:

A: MailTips are informative messages displayed to users while they're composing a message. Microsoft Exchange Server 2013 analyzes the message, including the list of recipients to which it's addressed, and if it detects a potential problem, it notifies the user with MailTips prior to sending the message. MailTips cannot be used to label messages from external senders. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: This answer suggests configuring a footer for outbound email. We need to label inbound email from external senders, not outbound email. We also need to modify the subject line, not the footer of the emails. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: An inbox rule applies actions to emails after they have been delivered. We need to use a transport rule which applies actions to emails while they are still in transit. Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-GB/library/jj919238%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

QUESTION 89

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company recently migrated to Office 365 and is planning to deploy Office 365 ProPlus to client computers in the main office and all branch offices. Due to limited bandwidth at the branch offices, the company decides to have users install Office 365 ProPlus from a network share by using the Click-to-Run deployment method. You need to install Office 365 ProPlus on a client computer. How should you complete the relevant

command? To answer, drag the appropriate command segments to the correct targets. Each command segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

office.xml
setup.exe
/configure
/download
/packager
office.msi

Answer Area

\\server01\Office\ [] [] [] \\server01\office\ []

Answer:

office.xml
setup.exe
/configure
/download
/packager
office.msi

Answer Area

\\server01\Office\ setup.exe /configure \\server01\office\ office.xml

Explanation:

In order to install Office 365 ProPlus on a client computer from a network share, the syntax should include the location, the path to the setup.exe file, the setup file, parameter, the path to the configuration file, and the configuration file. In this case:

- The location and path to the setup.exe file - \\server01\Office
- The setup file - setup.exe
- The /configure parameter, which specifies the path to the configuration file
- The location and path to the configuration file - \\server01\Office
- The configuration file - office.xml

Incorrect Answers:

- The /download parameter runs the Office Deployment Tool in download mode.
- The /packager parameter converts the Click-to-Run package into an App-V package.
- An .msi file would be used to install from a local installation source.

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/emeaoffice/archive/2013/11/22/installing-office-2013-o365-with-the-office-deployment-tool-odt-for-c2r.aspx>

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc179070.aspx#BKMK_RunSetupFromLIS

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219422.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219424.aspx>

QUESTION 90

Your company has an Exchange Server 2010 Service Pack (SP1) organization and a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You have two federation servers named Server1 and Server2. You manage Server1 and Server2 by using a user account that is a member of the Domain Admins group. You need to set the authentication method of the federation servers to forms-based authentication. What should you do?

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- A. Modify the Web.config file in the %systemroot%\inetpub\ads\ls directory.
- B. Modify the Global.asax file in the %systemroot%\inetpub\ads\ls directory.
- C. From the AD FS 2.0 Management console, add a claims provider trust.
- D. From the AD FS 2.0 Management console, add a relaying party trust.

Answer: A

Explanation:

To configure a non-default local authentication type, navigate to inetpub\ads\ls located in the root folder. Select web.config and Edit in Notepad. The use Ctrl+F to find <localAuthenticationTypes>, Cut your preferred local authentication type (the entire line), and Paste it to the top of the list before saving and closing the web.config file.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Global.asax allows you to write code that runs in response to "system level" events. It does not, however, allow you to set the authentication method of the federation servers to forms-based authentication.

C: Adding a claims provider trust is not necessary as you are already managing the servers using a domain admins user account.

D: Adding a relaying party trust is not necessary as you are already managing the servers using a domain admins user account.

<http://social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/1600.ad-fs-2-0-how-to-change-the-local-authentication-type.aspx>

[https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/1xaas8a2\(v=vs.71\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/1xaas8a2(v=vs.71).aspx)

QUESTION 91

Your company uses Office 365. You purchase one subscription to Office 365 for midsize business and enterprises for all of the Office 365 users. You plan to share certain documents with the users at a partner company. The documents are stored on Microsoft SharePoint Online. The partner users will require only Internet access to the documents and will modify documents stored in the SharePoint libraries. You need to recommend the least expensive Office 365 subscription plan to provide the users access to the SharePoint Online content. Which Office 365 plan should you recommend?

- A. K1
- B. K2
- C. E3
- D. E1
- E. P

Answer: E

Explanation:

<http://www.microsoft.com/en-gb/office365/all-plans.aspx#fbid=35uYZuD2B8G>

QUESTION 92

Your network contains three Active Directory forests. Your company plans to migrate all users from the three forests to Office 365 and to deploy the Microsoft Online Services Directory Synchronization tool. You need to recommend a solution to ensure that you can synchronize the users from the three forests to Office 365. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Purchase three Office 365 subscriptions.
- B. Implement forest trusts between all of the forests.
- C. Implement external trusts between all of the forests.
- D. Deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) 2.0.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Multiple forests are absolutely a supported topology for a single AzureAD domain. You don't even need / are not permitted to have multiple DirSync servers.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/active-directory-aadconnect-topologies>

QUESTION 93

Your network contains three Active Directory forests named Forest1, Forest2, and Forest3. For the three forests, you plan to implement Active Directory synchronization to an Office 365 subscription. You need to identify what can be synchronized to Office 365. What should you identify? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose all that apply.)

- A. contacts
- B. computers
- C. role groups
- D. role assignment policies
- E. permissions
- F. groups
- G. users

Answer: AFG

QUESTION 94

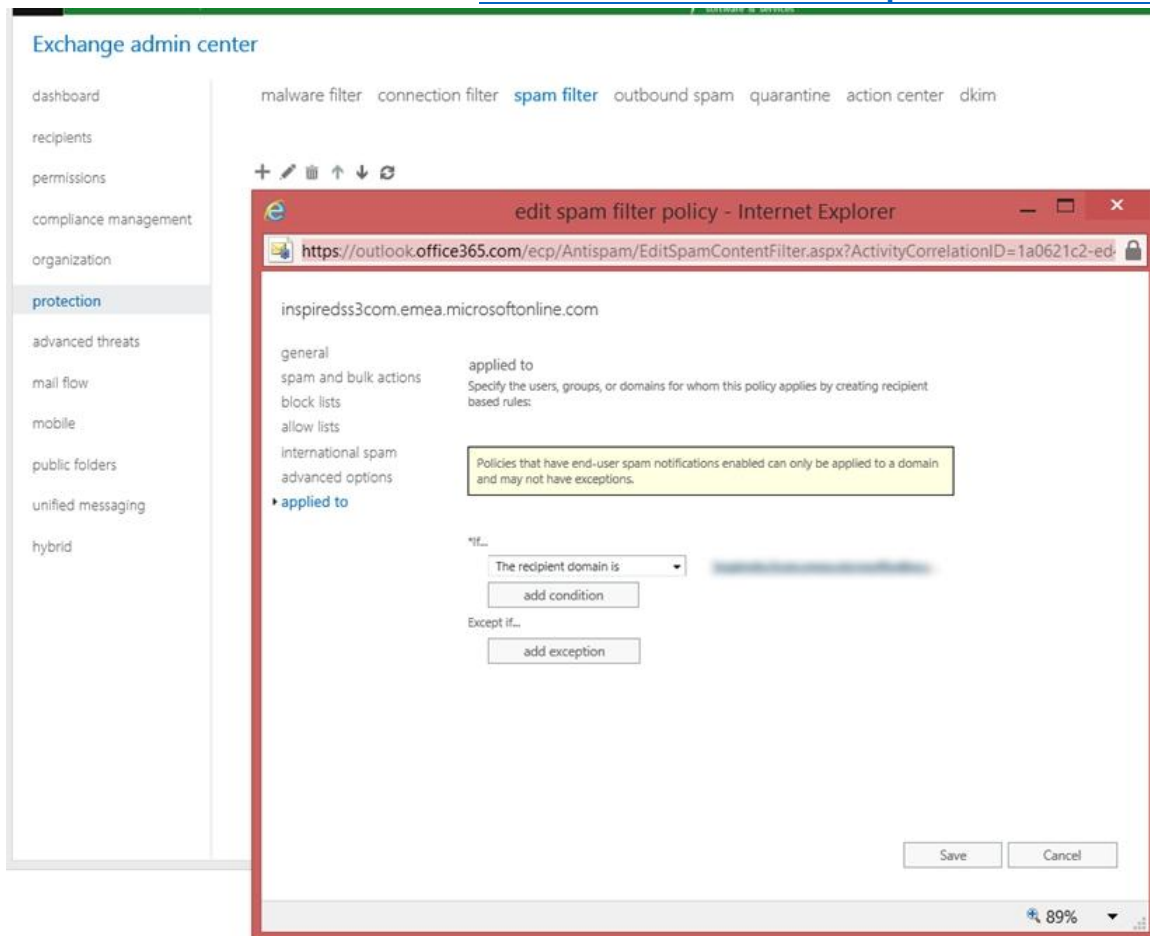
Your company has an Office 365 subscription. All users receive email by using the contoso.com SMTP suffix. The company acquires another company named A. Datum Corporation. You configure the Office 365 subscription to receive all email sent to adatum.com. You need to ensure that all of the email sent to adatum.com is filtered by using the same anti-spam settings as those used for contoso.com. What should you do?

- A. Deploy an Exchange Server 2010 Hybrid server.
- B. Run the Transfer security settings wizard from the Microsoft Forefront Online Protection for Exchange (FOPE) Administration Center.
- C. Create a service request from the Microsoft Online Services Administration Center.
- D. From the Exchange Control Panel, set the domain type as Shared.
- E. From Windows PowerShell, create a transport rule.

Answer: E

Explanation:

Spam rules are not domain-specific. Only filtered by domain if the rule 'applied to' is on. Simply adapting one of the existing enabled spam filters to include the new domain will do it. (Protection - Spam Filter).



QUESTION 95

Your company has an Exchange Server 2010 Service Pack 1 (SP1) organization named tailspintoys.com. You plan to implement a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You need to move 55 mailboxes from the Exchange on-premises environment to Office 365. Which cmdlet should you use?

- A. New-MigrationBatch
- B. New-Mailbox
- C. New-MoveRequest
- D. New-ProvisioningRequest

Answer: C

Explanation:

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219166\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219166(v=exchg.150).aspx)

<http://blog.c7solutions.com/2011/07/migrate-to-office-365-using-command.html>

QUESTION 96

Your company has a subscription to Office 365 for professionals and small businesses and uses Microsoft Exchange Online. You need to plan the implementation of Microsoft Lync services to meet the following requirements:

- Automatically deliver voice mail messages to email recipients.
- Support Enterprise Voice.
- Minimize costs.

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What should you include in the plan?

- A. Deploy a Lync Server 2010 on-premises environment and a voice gateway.
- B. Use the Microsoft Lync Online features included in the subscription to Office 365 for professionals and small businesses.
- C. Purchase a subscription to Office 365 for midsize business and enterprises and use the Microsoft Lync Online features included in the subscription.
- D. Deploy an on-premises Microsoft Exchange Server 2010 Unified Messaging (UM) server.

Answer: A

QUESTION 97

Your company has an email infrastructure that is hosted by Office 365. The company does not use Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS). All users access their email by using Outlook Web App. You need to ensure that a user named User1 can reset the passwords of all the non-administrative users in the Office 365 organization. The solution must minimize the rights assigned to User1. What should you do?

- A. Add User1 to the Organization Management role group.
- B. Assign the Global administrator role to User1.
- C. Add User1 to the Help Desk role group.
- D. Assign the User management administrator role to User1.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<http://onlinehelp.microsoft.com/en-us/office365-enterprises/ff637584.aspx>

QUESTION 98

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains 12,000 user accounts, 10,000 contacts, and 10,000 computer accounts. You purchase an Office 365 subscription. You deploy Microsoft Online Services Directory Synchronization to a server in the domain. You need to ensure that you can synchronize all of the user accounts and all of the contacts to Office 365. What should you do?

- A. Create an InetOrgPerson object for each user.
- B. Deploy Microsoft Online Services Directory Synchronization on an additional server.
- C. Create a service request from the Microsoft Online Services Administration Center.
- D. Deploy the Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) server role.

Answer: C

QUESTION 99

You deploy Office 365. You need to identify when a specific mailbox was created in Office 365 and who created the mailbox. What should you do?

- A. From the Exchange Control Panel, click Export mailbox audit logs.
- B. From Windows PowerShell, run the Search-AdminAuditLog cmdlet.
- C. From the Microsoft Online Services Admin Overview page, click Create a service request.
- D. From the Exchange Control Panel, click Run an administrator role group report.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff459250.aspx>

QUESTION 100

Your company has a subscription to Office 365 for midsize business and enterprises. The company uses Microsoft Lync Online. You need to open ports on the network firewall to enable all of the features of Lync Online. Which port or ports should you open? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose all that apply.)

- A. inbound TCP 443
- B. outbound TCP 5061
- C. outbound UDP 3478
- D. outbound TCP 443
- E. outbound UDP 50000 to outbound UDP 59999
- F. inbound TCP 8080

Answer: CDE

Explanation:

From internal > external/O365

Audio: TCP/UDP 50,000-50019

Video: TCP/UDP 50,020-50039

Desktop sharing: TCP/UDP 50,040-50059

From external/O365 > internal

Multiple services: TCP 443, UDP 3478, 3479, 3480, & 3481, TCP/UDP 50,000-59,999

Lync Mobile push notifications: TCP 5223

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Office-365-URLs-and-IP-address-ranges-8548a211-3fe7-47cb-abb1-355ea5aa88a2?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 101

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You need to verify whether free/busy information sharing with external users is configured. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you use?

- A. Test-OutlookConnectivity
- B. Test-FederationTrust
- C. Get-OrganizationRelationship
- D. Get-MSOLDomainFederationSettings

Answer: C

QUESTION 102

You manage an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E1 subscription. You configure a retention policy for all mailboxes. You must apply a new retention policy immediately because of upcoming personnel changes. You need to ensure that the new retention policy is applied to the mailboxes immediately. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Enable-JournalRule
- B. New-RetentionPolicyTag
- C. Start-ManagedFolderAssistant
- D. Set-CsUser
- E. Set-CsPrivacyConfiguration
- F. Set-HostedContentFilterPolicy
- G. Set-MalwareFilterPolicy

H. Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998864%28v=exchg.160%29.aspx>

QUESTION 103

Drag and Drop Question

You have an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. You must prevent five specific users from using Skype for Business Online to send instant messages to external users. All other users must be able to send instant messages to both internal and external users. You need to configure the environment. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions		Answer Area
Navigate to the Skype for Business admin center and select the Users page.		
Select the user accounts that you need to configure.		
Select External Communications and then clear the People on public IM networks and Skype for Business users check boxes.	➤	⬆
Select External Communications and then clear the Turn on communication with Skype users and users of other public IM service providers check box.	➤	⬇
Navigate to the Skype for Business admin center and select the Organization page.		

Answer:

Actions		Answer Area
Navigate to the Skype for Business admin center and select the Users page.		Navigate to the Skype for Business admin center and select the Users page.
Select the user accounts that you need to configure.	➤	Select the user accounts that you need to configure.
Select External Communications and then clear the People on public IM networks and Skype for Business users check boxes.	➤	Select External Communications and then clear the People on public IM networks and Skype for Business users check boxes.
Select External Communications and then clear the Turn on communication with Skype users and users of other public IM service providers check box.	➤	
Navigate to the Skype for Business admin center and select the Organization page.		

Explanation:

To configure external communications for individual users:

- Open the Skype for Business admin center: Sign in to the Microsoft Online Services portal, and then click Admin > Skype for Business.

- Click Users, select the users whose settings you want to modify, and then click Edit

- Click External communications, and then select or clear the options as appropriate:

* Skype for Business users Skype for Business users in federated domains.

* People on public IM networks Users of the Skype public IM service.

- Click Save.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn771172.aspx>

QUESTION 104

You manage an Office 365 tenant that uses SharePoint Online. The organization purchases a second domain name to use with SharePoint Online. You need to create a new site collection that uses the new domain name. Which two actions can you perform? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. From the SharePoint admin center, add and configure the domain.
- B. From the SharePoint admin center, rename the site collection by using the new domain.
- C. From the Office 365 admin center, add and configure the domain.
- D. From the Office 365 admin center, configure the Global Administrator user principal name to use the new domain.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

B: Create a Public Web Site by using a custom domain name:

1. Go to SharePoint Online Administration Center and Click 'Site Collections'.
2. Click 'New' button and Click 'Public Website'.
3. Create your Public Website. At the URL, choose the custom domain name you want to use as a SharePoint Public Website address.

C: The New-MSOLFederatedDomain cmdlet, part of Office 365, adds a new single sign-on domain (also known as identity-federated domain) to Microsoft Online Services and configures the relying party trust settings between the on-premises AD FS server and Microsoft Online Services.

Reference: How to add a custom domain name in SharePoint Online with a federated domain environment.

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/ptsblog/archive/2012/06/25/how-to-add-a-custom-domain-name-in-sharepoint-online-with-a-federated-domain-environment.aspx>

QUESTION 105

You manage an Office 365 tenant with an Enterprise E3 subscription. You receive an eDiscovery request for a SharePoint Online site collection. You create an eDiscovery case. You need to find and preserve content for the eDiscovery. What should you do next?

- A. Create an eDiscovery set.
- B. Create a query filter.
- C. Export documents from the SharePoint site collection.
- D. Release the hold on the eDiscovery case.

Answer: A

QUESTION 106

Drag and Drop Question

Your company uses the Office Deployment Tool to deploy Click-to-Run for Office 365 ProPlus. Users report that confirmation dialog boxes do not appear during the installation of Office 365 ProPlus. You need to ensure that confirmation dialog boxes are displayed to users. How should you complete the relevant segment of the config.xml file? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Values

Answer Area

<Display Level= AcceptEULA= />

Answer:

Values

Answer Area

<Display Level= AcceptEULA= />

Explanation:

Box 1: Full

If Display Level is set to Full, the user sees the normal Click-to-Run user interface: Automatic start, application splash screen, and error dialog boxes.

Box 2: True

If the AcceptEULA attribute is set to FALSE or is not set, the user may see a Microsoft Software License Terms dialog box.

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219426.aspx>

QUESTION 107

A company uses Office 365 ProPlus. The company has a main office and a remote office. The remote office experiences occasional bandwidth issues. You must deploy Visio Pro for Office 365 to selected users in a satellite office that experiences bandwidth issues. You need to deploy Visio Pro for Office 365 to a specific set of users. What should you do?

- A. Download the installer to a local network share and use the Office Deployment Tool to deploy the application to client.
- B. Use the Office 365 portal to allow users to deploy Visio Pro.
- C. Use the Office 365 portal to allow users to deploy Office 365 ProPlus.
- D. Download the installer to each local machine and use the Office Deployment Tool to deploy the application to the client.

Answer: A

Explanation:

To deploy Office 365 ProPlus from an on-premises location, such as a local network share, you'll have to use the Office Deployment Tool to download the Office 365 ProPlus software from Office 365.

Reference: Determine the deployment method to use for Office 365 ProPlus.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg998766.aspx>

QUESTION 108

Contoso, Ltd. has an Office 365 Enterprise E3 plan. Contoso uses the domain contoso.com for email and instant messaging (IM). Contoso requires that website visitors who go to <http://contoso.com> be directed to the company's Microsoft SharePoint Online publicwebsite. You need to configure Office 365 to redirect the website requests without affecting the company's email or IM. What should you do?

- A. In the SharePoint admin center, rename the public website to <http://contoso.com>.
- B. In the Office 365 admin center, change the domain purpose for contoso.com to SharePoint.
- C. On the authoritative DNS servers, add a CNAME record for contoso.com.
- D. In the Office 365 admin center, add a new subdomain. Then set up redirection for <http://contoso.com> to the subdomain.

Answer: D

Explanation:

In this question, we need to redirect users to the SharePoint public website by using a root domain, Contoso.com. If we were using www.contoso.com, we could simply configure a CNAME record in DNS. However, this question states that "You need to configure Office 365 to redirect the website requests without affecting the company's email or IM". Email uses MX records. If you have a CNAME record at the root level of a domain, the MX records will not work. To use a root domain, we need to configure a redirect. First we need to add a subdomain such as www.contoso.com in the Office 365 admin center then configure the redirect to the subdomain. "If you want users to see your site when they type just the root domain.contoso.com, contact your DNS hosting provider and ask if they have a URL redirection service to direct traffic from contoso.com to www.contoso.com. Most providers offer URL redirection, and you can check their documentation to learn how to set it up."

Incorrect Answers:

A: Renaming the public website to <http://contoso.com> on its own is not a complete solution. You would still need a CNAME record in DNS (if using www.contoso.com) or a redirection is using a root domain (Contoso.com). Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

B: This question states that "You need to configure Office 365 to redirect the website requests without affecting the company's email or IM". Changing the domain purpose for contoso.com to SharePoint would affect Exchange (email) and Lync (IM). Therefore, this answer is incorrect.

C: This question states that "You need to configure Office 365 to redirect the website requests without affecting the company's email or IM". Email uses MX records. If you have a CNAME record at the root level of a domain, the MX records (and the DNS records required for Lync) will not work.

<https://support.office.com/en-nz/article/Rename-your-SharePoint-Online-Public-Website-address-to-use-your-custom-domain-3d4bd288-772b-4f88-af4d-f025b3825ed3?ui=en-US&rs=en-NZ&ad=NZ>

QUESTION 109

Hotspot Question

Your company has an Office 365 subscription and uses Microsoft Lync Online. The environment includes the domains shown in the following image, and is configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

+ Add domain Buy domain

DOMAIN NAME ▲	STATUS
<input type="radio"/> contoso.com (Default)	Setup complete
<input type="radio"/> contoso.onmicrosoft.com	Setup complete

general external communications Exhibit

external access

You can control access to Lync users in other organizations in two ways: 1) block specific domains, but allow access to everyone else, or 2) allow specific domains, but block access to everyone else. [Learn more](#)

On only for allowed domains ▼

public IM connectivity

☒ Turn on communication with Skype users and users of other public IM service providers.

blocked or allowed domains

+ ✎ 🗑️ 🔍

DOMAIN ▲	STATUS
fabrikam.com	Allowed

Lync is not deployed in a hybrid configuration. An employee requires specific Lync communication settings. The employee's account is configured as shown in the following image.

User1

general

external

communications

dial-in conferencing

Options

Choose people outside your organization that the user can communicate with. [Learn more](#)

- ☒ Lync users
- ☐ People on public IM networks

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statement	Yes	No
The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the contoso.com domain	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the fabrikam.com domain	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The employee can have Lync conversations with Skype users who sign in with a Microsoft account	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Answer Area

Statement	Yes	No
The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the contoso.com domain	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The employee can have Lync conversations with Lync users on the fabrikam.com domain	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The employee can have Lync conversations with Skype users who sign in with a Microsoft account	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Explanation:

Internal communication (contoso.com), and external communication with fabrikam.com are both allowed.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Users-can-contact-external-Skype-for-Business-users-b414873a-0059-4cd5-aea1-e5d0857dbc94>

QUESTION 110

You have an on-premises Exchange 2010 organization. All clients use Outlook 2007 SP1. You enable online archive mailboxes in Exchange Online for several users. The users are unable to access the online archive mailboxes in Microsoft Outlook. You need to ensure that users can access the online archive mailboxes in Outlook. What should you do?

- A. Apply Outlook 2007 SP2 and all related updates.
- B. In the Office 365 admin center, add the users to the Global Administrators group.
- C. Instruct the users to access the online archive mailboxes by using Outlook Web App.
- D. Delete and recreate the users' Outlook profiles.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Users must use Outlook 2010, Outlook 2007 SP2, or Outlook Web App to access the cloud-based archive mailbox.

Reference: Understanding Exchange Online Archiving.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh529934\(v=exchg.141\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh529934(v=exchg.141).aspx)

QUESTION 111

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You have been hired to migrate a legacy

email solution to Office 365. You are creating a migration plan to identify the client computer components that must be updated for use with Office 365. The following table describes the two computer configurations that are part of the migration.

Scenario	Desktop operating system	Current Office version
1	Windows Vista SP1	Office 2007 SP2
2	Windows 8.1	Office 2010 SP2

You need to identify the required updates. Which updates are required? To answer, drag the appropriate status to the correct targets. Each status may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Status

Meets requirements

Operating system update required

Office update required

Answer Area

Scenario	Operating system status	Office status
1	Status	Status
2	Status	Status

Answer:

Status

Meets requirements

Operating system update required

Office update required

Answer Area

Scenario	Operating system status	Office status
1	Operating system update required	Office update required
2	Meets requirements	Meets requirements

Explanation:

- Office 365 does not have an operating system requirement, except that the operating system you use must be supported by its manufacturer.

- Office 365 is designed to work with the following software:

* The current or immediately previous version of Internet Explorer or Firefox, or the latest version of Chrome or Safari.

* Any version of Microsoft Office in mainstream support.

<https://support.office.com/en-US/article/Office-365-system-requirements-719254C0-2671-4648-9C84-C6A3D4F3BE45>

QUESTION 112

A company uses Skype for Business Online. You use contoso.com as the verified domain name for the Office 365 tenant. Users conduct Skype online meetings. You add fabricam.com to the tenant and configure the tenant to use this domain name. You need to ensure that all Skype online meeting URLs contain the new domain name. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Update-CsTenantMeetingUrl
- B. Set-CsMeetingConfiguration
- C. Set-CsUser
- D. Set-CsMeetingRoom
- E. New-CsSimpleURL

Answer: A

Explanation:

This cmdlet replaces the old meeting URL with a new one that contains the custom URL instead. <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn424754.aspx>

You need to ensure that all Skype online meeting URLs contain the new domain name.
<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn424754.aspx?f=255&MSPPErr=-2147217396>

QUESTION 113

You are the administrator for Contoso, Ltd. You have an Office 365 tenant with Skype for Business Online. You have an account named Test.User@contoso.com. You configure the account to use the same email address and Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) address. You need to change the SIP address for the account to Test.User1@contoso.com. What should you do?

- A. In the Office 365 admin center, change the display name for Test.User@contoso.com to Test.User1@contoso.com.
- B. Run the following Windows PowerShell command:
`Get-MsolUser -UserPrincipalName Test.User@contoso.com | Set-MsolUser -UserPrincipalName Test.User1@contoso.com`
- C. In the Office 365 admin center, add the SMTP address Test.User1@contoso.com to Test.User@contoso.com
- D. Run the following Windows PowerShell command:
`Set-MsolUserPrincipalName -UserPrincipalName Test.User@contoso.com -NewUserPrincipalName Test.User1@contoso.com`

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Set-MsolUserPrincipalName cmdlet is used to change the User Principal Name (user ID) of a user.

Example:

The following command renames user1@contoso.com to CCole@contoso.com:

`Set-MsolUserPrincipalName -UserPrincipalName User1@contoso.com -NewUserPrincipalName CCole@contoso.com`

Reference: Set-MsolUserPrincipalName

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn194135.aspx>

QUESTION 114

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Microsoft Lync Online and wants to customize Lync meeting invitations. You need to identify the URLs that can be changed on the Lync meeting invitations from the Lync admin center. Which three URLs can be changed? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Company URL
- B. Meeting URL
- C. Legal URL
- D. Logo URL
- E. Help URL

Answer: CDE

Explanation:

* LegalURL: URL to a website containing legal information and meeting disclaimers.

* LogoURL: URL for the image to be used on custom meeting invitations.

* HelpURL: URL to a website where users can obtain assistance on joining the meeting.

Reference: Set-CsMeetingConfiguration.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398648.aspx>

QUESTION 115

You manage an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E1 subscription. A user receives frequent

email messages from a specific domain that are flagged as spam. You need to ensure that the domain name is not flagged as spam for only the user. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Enable-JournalRule
- B. New-RetentionPolicyTag
- C. Start-ManagedFolderAssistant
- D. Set-CsUser
- E. Set-CsPrivacyConfiguration
- F. Set-HostedContentFilterPolicy
- G. Set-MalwareFilterPolicy
- H. Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration

Answer: H

Explanation:

Use the Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration cmdlet to configure the junk email rule for specific mailboxes. The junk email rule helps Microsoft Outlook and Outlook Web App users to automatically remove any spam that gets past anti-spam filters and reaches the users' mailboxes. With this cmdlet, users and administrators can make changes to the junk email rule that's configured for a specific mailbox.

Example:

This example disables the junk email rule configuration for the user named David Pelton:

Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration "David Pelton" -Enabled \$false

Incorrect:

Not G: Use the Set-MalwareFilterPolicy cmdlet to modify malware filter policies in your organization.

Reference: Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd979780\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd979780(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 116

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. Employees are allowed to purchase a desktop computer of their choosing. The company's owner has one desktop computer, two laptop computers, one Surface RT device, and 2 Surface Pro 2 devices. You plan to deploy Office ProPlus. You provide each user with an Office 365 ProPlus license. You need to deploy Office 365 ProPlus to the unlicensed devices using the fewest number of licenses possible. What should you do? To answer, move the appropriate license to the correct device. Each license may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Device	License
Desktop1	License A
Surface RT	License B
Laptop1	
Laptop2	
Surface Pro 2	
Surface Pro 2	

Answer:

License A	License B	License C
License D	License E	License F

Device	License
Desktop1	License A
Surface RT	License B
Laptop1	License B
Laptop2	License B
Surface Pro 2	License B
Surface Pro 2	License B

Explanation:

Each Office 365 ProPlus license allows a user to install Office on up to five computers. If the user decides to install Office 365 ProPlus on a sixth computer, she will need to deactivate one of the first five.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg982959.aspx>

QUESTION 117

Drag and Drop Question

An organization has an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. The organization plans to migrate users to Office 365. You do not want users to install Office 365 ProPlus until you complete the migration. You need to prevent all users from self-provisioning Office 365 ProPlus. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

- From the Apps page, select Manage licenses.
- Sign in to Office 365 admin center.
- From the Service Settings page, select User software.
- Clear the check box for Office software that you must disallow.
- Sign in to the SharePoint admin center.
- Set the value of the **Apps for Office from the store** setting to No.

Answer Area



Answer:

Actions	Answer Area
From the Apps page, select Manage licenses.	Sign in to Office 365 admin center.
Sign in to Office 365 admin center.	From the Service Settings page, select User software.
From the Service Settings page, select User software.	Clear the check box for Office software that you must disallow.
Clear the check box for Office software that you must disallow.	
Sign in to the SharePoint admin center.	
Set the value of the Apps for Office from the store setting to No.	

Explanation:

As an Office 365 admin, you can use the User software page in the Office 365 admin center to choose whether users can install Office software from the Office 365 portal. For example, you might want to let users install Word, Excel, and PowerPoint, but not Visio. Whatever you decide to do, your choice applies to all users. To choose which Office software that users can install from the portal:

1. Sign in to Office 365 with your work or school account.
2. Go to the Office 365 admin center, and then choose Service Settings > User software.
3. In the Manage user software through Office 365 section you'll see a list of available Office software.
4. If the check box is selected, users can install that Office software. By default, all check boxes are selected.
5. Clear the check box if you don't want users to install that Office software.
6. If you make a change, click Save.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/us-en/library/jj219421.aspx>

QUESTION 118

You manage an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E1 subscription. You need to ensure that users are informed when Exchange Online Protection quarantines email messages. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Enable-JournalRule
- B. New-RetentionPolicyTag
- C. Start-ManagedFolderAssistant
- D. Set-CsUser
- E. Set-CsPrivacyConfiguration
- F. Set-HostedContentFilterPolicy
- G. Set-MalwareFilterPolicy
- H. Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration

Answer: F

Explanation:

EnableEndUserSpamNotifications:

The EnableEndUserSpamNotification parameter enables or disables sending end-user spam quarantine notification messages. Valid input for this parameter is \$true or \$false. The default value is \$false. End-user spam notification messages periodically alert users when they have messages in the quarantine. When you enable end-user spam notifications, you may also specify values for the EndUserSpamNotificationCustomFromAddress, EndUserSpamNotificationCustomFromName, and EndUserSpamNotificationCustomSubject parameters.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj200781%28v=exchg.160%29.aspx>

QUESTION 119

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You deploy Office 365 ProPlus. You plan to implement a software change control process for software updates. You have a group of test users that need custom updates. You need to install updates for only the test users. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <code><Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\MyServer\Updates" /></code>	
Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <code><Updates Enabled="FALSE" /></code>	
Create the following login script and configure the script to run for all users except for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe /configure LocalUpdates.xml	
Create the following a login script and configure the script to run only for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe /configure LocalUpdates.xml.	
Update \\MyServer\Updates with reviewed and approved updates every month.	
Update \\MyServer\Updates with all released updates every month.	

Answer:

Actions	Answer Area
Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <code><Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\MyServer\Updates" /></code>	Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <code><Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\MyServer\Updates" /></code>
Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <code><Updates Enabled="FALSE" /></code>	Create the following a login script and configure the script to run only for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe /configure LocalUpdates.xml.
Create the following login script and configure the script to run for all users except for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe /configure LocalUpdates.xml	Update \\MyServer\Updates with all released updates every month.
Create the following a login script and configure the script to run only for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe /configure LocalUpdates.xml.	
Update \\MyServer\Updates with reviewed and approved updates every month.	
Update \\MyServer\Updates with all released , updates every month.	

QUESTION 120

Hotspot Question

You are the Exchange Online administrator for a company that has offices in Seattle, New York, London, and Paris. The StateOrProvince attribute in Active Directory is populated with each user's location. Employees must be able to send email messages to all users in Europe. You need to create the distribution group. How should you complete the Windows PowerShell command? To answer, select the appropriate segment from each list in the answer area.

<div>-Name Europe -Alias Europe</div> <div> <div>New-DistributionGroup</div> <div>Enable-DistributionGroup</div> <div>New-DynamicDistributionGroup</div> <div>Set-DynamicDistributionGroup</div> </div>	
<div> <div> <div>-RecipientFilter</div> <div>-IncludedRecipients</div> <div>-ExternalDirectoryObjectId</div> </div> <div> <div>contoso.com</div> <div>-Organization</div> <div>-DomainController</div> <div>-RecipientContainer</div> </div> </div>	<div>{{(RecipientType -eq 'UserMailbox') -and (StateOrProvince -eq 'London' -or StateOrProvince -eq 'Paris' -or StateOrProvince -eq 'Paris')}}</div> <div>These are the responses for the second Windows PowerShell segment.</div> <div>These are the responses for the third Windows PowerShell segment.</div>

Answer:

<div>-Name Europe -Alias Europe</div> <div> <div>New-DistributionGroup</div> <div>Enable-DistributionGroup</div> <div>New-DynamicDistributionGroup</div> <div>Set-DynamicDistributionGroup</div> </div>	
<div> <div> <div>-RecipientFilter</div> <div>-IncludedRecipients</div> <div>-ExternalDirectoryObjectId</div> </div> <div> <div>contoso.com</div> <div>-Organization</div> <div>-DomainController</div> <div>-RecipientContainer</div> </div> </div>	<div>{{(RecipientType -eq 'UserMailbox') -and (StateOrProvince -eq 'London' -or StateOrProvince -eq 'Paris' -or StateOrProvince -eq 'Paris')}}</div> <div>These are the responses for the second Windows PowerShell segment.</div> <div>These are the responses for the third Windows PowerShell segment.</div>

QUESTION 121

Hotspot Question

You manage an Office 365 tenant. You plan to deploy Office 365 ProPlus. You create the following deployment configuration file.

```
<Configuration>
  <Add SourcePath="\\Server\Share\" OfficeClientEdition="32" >
    <Product ID="O365ProPlusRetail">
      <Language ID="en-us" />
      <ExcludeApp ID="Access" />
      <ExcludeApp ID="Publisher" />
    </Product>
  </Add>
  <Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\Server\Share\" />
  <Display Level="None" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />
  <Logging Path="%temp%" />
</Configuration>
```

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that answers each question or to select the answer choice that completes each statement, based on the information presented in the code

segment. NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

Which architectures of Office 365 ProPlus will be installed?

32-bit only
64-bit only
Both 32-bit and 64-bit

After installation, Office 365 ProPlus

will not be activated.
will be activated automatically.
will prompt the user for activation.

Is OneDrive for Business included in the installation?

Yes
No

Answer:

Which architectures of Office 365 ProPlus will be installed?

32-bit only
64-bit only
Both 32-bit and 64-bit

After installation, Office 365 ProPlus

will not be activated
will be activated automatically
will prompt the user for activation.

Is OneDrive for Business included in the installation?

Yes
No

Explanation:

Box 1: 32-bit only

The configuration file says OfficeClientEdition="32".

Box 2: will be activated automatically

The following example displays no user interface when the product is installed and accepts the license terms on behalf on the user:

```
<Display Level="None" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />
```

Box 3: Yes

OneDrive has included by default. It has not been explicitly excluded. The value "Groove" is used to exclude OneDrive for Business.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219426.aspx>

QUESTION 122

Hotspot Question

You manage an Office 365 tenant. You plan to deploy Office 365 ProPlus. You create the following deployment configuration file.

```
<Configuration>
  <Add SourcePath="\\Server\Share\" OfficeClientEdition="64" >
    <Product ID="O365ProPlusRetail">
      <Language ID="en-us" />
      <ExcludeApp ID="Access" />
      <ExcludeApp ID="Groove" />
    </Product>
  </Add>
  <Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\Server\Share\" />
  <Display Level="None" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />
  <Logging Path="%temp%" />
</Configuration>
```

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that answers each question or to select the answer choice that completes each statement, based on the information presented in the code segment. NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

Which architectures of Office 365 ProPlus will be installed?

32-bit only
64-bit only
Both 32-bit and 64-bit

After installation, Office 365 ProPlus

will not be activated.
will be activated automatically.
will prompt the user for activation.

Is OneDrive for Business included in the installation?

Yes
No

Answer:

Which architectures of Office 365 ProPlus will be installed?

32-bit only
64-bit only
Both 32-bit and 64-bit

After installation, Office 365 ProPlus

will not be activated.
will be activated automatically.
will prompt the user for activation.

Is OneDrive for Business included in the installation?

Yes
No

Explanation:

Box 1: 64-bit only

As OfficeClientEdition="64".

Box 2: will be activated automatically

Office 365 Click-to-Run products are already set to activate automatically. You must not set AUTOACTIVATE for Office 365 Click-to-Run products.

Box 3: No

The value "Groove" is used to exclude OneDrive for Business.

References:

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219426.aspx#BKMK_DisplayElement

QUESTION 123

You manage an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E1 subscription. You create a policy to record email messages for all recipients. You observe that email messages are not being recorded. You need to ensure that all email messages are recorded. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Enable-JournalRule
- B. New-RetentionPolicyTag
- C. Start-ManagedFolderAssistant
- D. Set-CsUser
- E. Set-CsPrivacyConfiguration
- F. Set-HostedContentFilterPolicy
- G. Set-MalwareFilterPolicy
- H. Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration

Answer: A

Explanation:

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj898487\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj898487(v=exchg.150).aspx)

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123902\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123902(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 124

Drag and Drop Question

You plan to deploy an Office 365 tenant. The tenant has the following requirements:

- The engineering department must centralize time reporting and task management.
- The customer service department must be able to collaborate by using a social network platform.
- The finance department must be able to collaborate and track versions of financial documents.
- All users must be able to synchronize files across multiple computers.

You need to plan the solution. Which services should you deploy? To answer, drag the appropriate service to the correct department. Each service may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

	Department	Service
Exchange Online	Engineering	
SharePoint Online	Customer service	
Project Online	Finance	
OneDrive for Business	All users	
Yammer		
Parature Enterprise		

Answer:

Exchange Online
SharePoint Online
Project Online
OneDrive for Business
Yammer
Parature Enterprise

Department	Service
Engineering	Project Online
Customer service	Yammer
Finance	SharePoint Online
All users	OneDrive for Business

Explanation:

* Engineering: With Project Online time and task management you utilize a centralized and common approach to time reporting and task management.

* Customer service: Yammer. Yammer is a private microblogging and collaboration platform for enterprise social networking. Unlike public social media platforms such as Twitter, Yammer only allows members to connect with other members who belong to the same email domain. This unique feature provides corporate employees with the ability to communicate privately, using a graphical user interface (GUI) that resembles Facebook.

Finance: SharePoint Online. Document collaboration is a critical element to working effectively as a team in your enterprise. The combination of SharePoint and Office offers a spectrum of document collaboration methods, whether it is co-authoring a spreadsheet or routing a business plan through a workflow.

* All users: Save your work files to OneDrive for Business so they're always with you. One place for everything in your work life.

Store: Securely store all your files and share them with coworkers. Each user gets 1 TB of storage.
Sync: Sync files across devices and access them anywhere, even when you're offline.

QUESTION 125

You manage SharePoint Online for an Office 365 tenant. The site collection administrator receives an email message reporting that the resource usage reaches the warning level. You need to increase the resource quota for the site collection. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-SPOTenant
- B. Set-SPOUser
- C. Set-SPOSite
- D. Set-SPOSiteGroup
- E. New-SPOSiteGroup

Answer: C

Explanation:

The StorageQuota parameter of the SET-SPOSITE command specifies the storage quota in megabytes of the site collection.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/fp161394.aspx>

QUESTION 126

You plan to implement a collaboration platform for a company. All 1,000 employees currently use Excel 2010. You have the following requirements:

- All employees must be able to co-author Excel workbooks.
- You must minimize the costs associated with any solution.

You need to recommend a solution. Which solution should you recommend?

- A. Purchase an Office 365 Small Business subscription.
- B. Implement SharePoint 2013 with an Office Web Apps server.
- C. Implement SharePoint 2013 and continue using Excel 2010.
- D. Implement SharePoint Online and upgrade clients to Excel 2013.

Answer: C

Explanation:

By using Excel Services, you can reuse and share Excel workbooks on SharePoint 2013 portals and dashboards.

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office/ms546696.aspx>

QUESTION 127

You manage an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E1 subscription. You need to ensure that Skype for Business Online audio and video communication is disabled for all accounts. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Enable-JournalRule
- B. New-RetentionPolicyTag
- C. Start-ManagedFolderAssistant
- D. Set-CsUser
- E. Set-CsPrivacyConfiguration
- F. Set-HostedContentFilterPolicy
- G. Set-MalwareFilterPolicy
- H. Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Set-CsUser cmdlet enables you to modify the Skype for Business Server 2015-related user account attributes that are stored in Active Directory Domain Services. For example, you can disable or re-enable a user for Skype for Business Server 2015; enable or disable a user for audio/video (A/V) communications; or modify a user's private line and line URI numbers. The AudioVideoDisabled indicates whether the user is allowed to make audio/visual (A/V) calls by using Skype for Business. If set to True, the user will largely be restricted to sending and receiving instant messages.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398510.aspx>

QUESTION 128

Hotspot Question

Contoso, Ltd., has an Office 365 tenant. All employees have Exchange Online mailboxes. You have an existing ActiveSync mailbox policy named Contoso-ActiveSync-Policy that applies to all sales users. You must prevent Sales users from copying their Exchange contacts to the native address book of their mobile devices while they are using OWA for Devices. You need to ensure that all sales users comply with the new policy. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell command? To answer, select the appropriate Windows PowerShell segment from each list in the answer area.

● ● ● ● ●

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may be exclusive to one environment or the other. Use the Set-Mailbox cmdlet to modify the settings of existing mailboxes.

Incorrect:

* Not Get-MsolUser

The Get-MsolUser cmdlet can be used to retrieve an individual user, or list of user, but it applies only to Azure, Office 365, Windows Intune. Here we need the Exchange online users.

* Not New-ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy

AllowCopyContactsToDeviceAddressBook

Reference: New-OwaMailboxPolicy

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd351067\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd351067(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 129

Drag and Drop Question

You are the administrator for an Office 365 tenant. All employees have Exchange Online mailboxes. You have a user named User1 that is a member of the Compliance Management admin role group. User1 needs to move all data from local PST files into Exchange Online. Which four actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

.....

Actions		Answer Area
Assign the Mailbox Import Export management role to the Compliance Management admin role group.		
Copy the secure storage account key and URL.	➤	⬆
Use the Microsoft Azure AzCopy command line tool to upload the PST file.	⬅	⬇
Create and upload the user-mapping file.		
Assign the Discovery Management Admin Role to User1.		

Answer:

.....

Actions		Answer Area
		Assign the Mailbox Import Export management role to the Compliance Management admin role group.
	➤	Copy the secure storage account key and URL.
	⬅	Use the Microsoft Azure AzCopy command line tool to upload the PST file.
Assign the Discovery Management Admin Role to User1.		Create and upload the user-mapping file.

Explanation:

<https://blogs.perficient.com/microsoft/2015/05/office-365-using-the-new-pst-import-service/>

QUESTION 130

A company uses Skype for Business Online. You need to ensure that all employees can search for and add Skype consumer contacts. What should you do?

- A. Instruct all employees to use the Skype for Business client, and connect to Skype for Business Online by using their Office 365 credentials.
- B. Instruct all employees to use the Skype consumer client, and connect to Skype for Business Online by using their

- Skype ID credentials.
- C. Instruct all employees to use the Skype for Business client, and connect to Skype for Business Online by using their Skype ID credentials.
- D. Instruct all employees to use the Skype consumer client, and connect to Skype for Business Online by using their Office 365 credentials.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The client for Skype for Business Online is Skype for Business client. To be able to search for Skype consumer contacts the users must connect through the Skype consumer client, and must log in with Office 365 credentials.

<https://social.technet.microsoft.com/Forums/lync/en-US/c9ac5532-b18f-4e51-929b-647eeea42f1f/skype-for-business-and-skype-consumer?forum=lynconferencing>
<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn705313.aspx>

QUESTION 131

You implement Skype for Business Online. You deploy the following client policy:

```
Identity : Tag:ClientPolicyDefaultPhoto
DisableSavingIM :
DisplayPhoto : AllPhotos
EnableAppearOffline :
EnableCallLogAutoArchiving :
EnableClientMusicOnHold : False
MaximumDGsAllowedInContactList : 10
MaximumNumberOfContacts :
MaxPhotoSizeKB : 30
MusicOnHoldAudioFile
```

You have the following requirements:

- Photos must be displayed for users.
- If possible, the maximum size for user photos must be 25 KB.

You need to reconfigure the environment. Which Windows PowerShell command or commands should you run?

- A. Get-CsOnlineUser | Set-CsClientPolicy -PolicyName ClientPolicyDefaultPhoto -MaxPhotoSizeKB 25
- B. Set-CsClientPolicy -Identity ClientPolicyDefaultPhoto -MaxPhotoSizeKB 25
Get-CsOnlineUser | Grant-CsClientPolicy -PolicyName ClientPolicyDefaultPhoto
- C. New-CsClientPolicyEntry -Identity ClientPolicyDefaultPhoto -MaxPhotoSizeKB 25
Get-CsOnlineUser | Grant-CsClientPolicy -PolicyName ClientPolicyDefaultPhoto
- D. Get-CsOnlineUser | Grant-CsClientPolicy -PolicyName ClientPolicyDefaultPhoto
- E. New-CsClientPolicy -Identity PhotoPolicy -DisplayPhoto All Photos -MaxPhotoSizeKB 25
Get-CsOnlineUser | Grant-CsClientPolicy -PolicyName PhotoPolicy

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Set-CsClientPolicy modifies the property values of an existing client policy.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398300.aspx>

QUESTION 132

Drag and Drop Question

A company plans to deploy Office 365 ProPlus. You must gather compatibility data, hardware information, and Microsoft Office usage statistics. You must also deploy the Office Telemetry Dashboard. Which four actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Install SQL Server 2012.	
On the SQL Server, grant sysadmin permissions to the account that is used for installation.	
On the SQL Server, grant dbowner permissions to the account that is used for installation.	
Install the Telemetry Processor tool.	
Connect the Telemetry Dashboard to the SQL database.	

Answer:

Actions	Answer Area
	Install SQL Server 2012.
	On the SQL Server, grant sysadmin permissions to the account that is used for installation.
On the SQL Server, grant dbowner permissions to the account that is used for installation.	Install the Telemetry Processor tool.
	Connect the Telemetry Dashboard to the SQL database.

Explanation:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219431.aspx>

QUESTION 133

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You must implement the Skype for Business Web App for all employees. Which two features can you implement? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Scheduled meetings
- B. Audio calls
- C. Video calls
- D. Instant Messaging
- E. Presence information

Answer: BC

Explanation:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/What-is-Skype-for-Business-Web-App-1ff3d412-718a-4982-8ff2-a4992608cdb5>

QUESTION 134

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You plan to use Skype for Business Online on all mobile devices. Employees currently use the following device types:

- Android
- iOS
- Nokia Symbian
- Windows Phone

Some users report that they do not receive push notifications. Skype for Business Online must be able to send push notifications to all devices. You need to open the required ports in the firewall. Which destination port or ports should you open?

- A. TCP 443
- B. UDP 3478
- C. TCP/UDP 50,000 - 59,999
- D. TCP 5223

Answer: D

Explanation:

Skype for Business mobile push notifications uses TCP port 5223.

<https://support.office.com/en-au/article/Set-up-your-network-for-Skype-for-Business-Online-d21f89b0-3afc-432e-b735-036b2432fdbf>

QUESTION 135

You have purchased Office 365 E1 Licenses for your 9000 users. You have 5TB of data to place in Sharepoint Storage. How much additional data is required to be purchased from Microsoft?

- A. purchase 10TB
- B. purchase 500GB
- C. purchase 5TB
- D. no addition space required

Answer: B

Explanation:

500MB is allowed per user plus an initial allocation of 10GB for the organization with an E1 license. With 9000 users that means 4.6TB is available. Therefore another 400GB would be required to meet this requirement, with option B as the nearest answer.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/SharePoint-Online-and-OneDrive-for-Business-software-boundaries-and-limits-8f34ff47-b749-408b-abc0-b605e1f6d498?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 136

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Any communication to the Internet using a port other than 80 requires a unique firewall rule to be configured. You successfully deploy Office 365 ProPlus to all users by using Click-to-Run for Office 365. Users install and activate Office 365 ProPlus. Thirty days after activation, users report that they are unable to edit files by using any Office applications. You need to ensure that users can edit files. For which site should you configure a firewall exception?

- A. <https://activation.sls.microsoft.com>
- B. <https://ols.officeapps.live.com/olsc>
- C. <http://ols.officeapps.live.com/olsc>
- D. <http://officecdn.microsoft.com>

Answer: A

Explanation:

The activation.sls.microsoft.com url is needed to renew the product key approximately every 30 days for Office 365 ProPlus users.

Incorrect:

Not B: The ols.officeapps.live.com URL is the Office Licensing Service, which is used during activation and subscription maintenance.

Reference: Office 365 URLs and IP address ranges.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Office-365-URLs-and-IP-address-ranges-8548a211-3fe7-47cb-abb1-355ea5aa88a2?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 137

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Drag and Drop Question

An organization has an on-premises Exchange organization that consists of two Active Directory forests in an account and resource forest configuration. The resource forest hosts Exchange 2013. You plan to migrate to Exchange Online. You need to prepare for the migration. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

- In the account forest, install the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool.
- Configure the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool for both forests.
- In the resource forest, run the Hybrid Configuration wizard.
- In the account forest, install Office 365 Directory Sync (DirSync) tool.
- Configure the Office 365 Directory Sync (DirSync) for both forests.
- In the account forest, install Exchange 2013.
- In the account forest, run the Hybrid Configuration wizard.

Answer Area



Answer:

Actions

- In the account forest, install the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool.
- Configure the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool for both forests.
- In the resource forest, run the Hybrid Configuration wizard.
- In the account forest, install Office 365 Directory Sync (DirSync) tool.
- Configure the Office 365 Directory Sync (DirSync) for both forests.
- In the account forest, install Exchange 2013.
- In the account forest, run the Hybrid Configuration wizard.

Answer Area



Explanation:

Before the migration to Exchange Online we must set up a hybrid deployment.

Box 1: DirSync for both Forests

* What if I have a resource forest for Exchange and an account forest for logins? Setup dirsnc against the resource forest (this we need to do) and setup ADFS (this is already done) against the account forest. Eventually, collapse the resource forest data into the account forest and then change dirsnc to work against the account forest.

Box 2, Box 3: Run the Hybrid Configuration Wizard in each Forest

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/educcloud/archive/2013/08/02/multi-forest-and-multi-tenant-scenarios-with-office-365.aspx?pi47623=3>

QUESTION 138

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Office 365 ProPlus and has multiple Microsoft SharePoint Online sites. The company recently started a project that requires employees to collaborate with external users on the development of a set of documents that are stored in a team site. You need to ensure that external users can access and edit the documents without affecting the security of other content. What should you do?

- A. Configure and share guest links to the documents for the external users.
- B. Configure and share a guest link to the existing SharePoint team site for the external users.
- C. Share documents by using the Share function and adding the external users to the Contributors group.
- D. Share the existing SharePoint team site by using the Share function and adding the external users to the Contributors group.

Answer: A

Explanation:

If you perform work that involves sharing documents or collaborating directly with vendors, clients, or customers, then you might want to use your sites to share content with people outside your organization who do not have licenses for your Office 365 subscription. There are three ways that you can do this:

* You can send users a guest link that they can use to view individual documents on your site anonymously.

* You can share an entire site by inviting external users to sign in to your site using a Microsoft account* or a work account.

* You can share individual documents by inviting external users to sign in to your site using a Microsoft account* or a workacct_short.

Reference: Share sites or documents with people outside your organization

<https://support.office.com/en-AU/article/Share-sites-or-documents-with-people-outside-your-organization-5f4cee39-5c91-4dc8-8fb1-96bca76f4eb0>

QUESTION 139

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company's environment includes only Office 2013 and Windows 8. Users are not allowed to install applications on client computers. You need to enable Office Telemetry logging. What should you do?

- A. In Group Policy, enable logging in the User Configuration\Administrative Templates\Microsoft Office 2013\Telemetry Dashboard node.
- B. Create a .reg file that sets the registry values under the HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Office\15.0\OSM key to enable the Telemetry Agent to collect and upload data. Run the .reg file with standard privileges.
- C. In Group Policy, enable logging in the User Configuration\Administrative Templates\Microsoft Office 2013\Telemetry logging node.
- D. Create a .reg file that sets the registry values under the HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Office\15.0 key to enable Telemetry Agent to collect and upload data. Run the .reg file with standard privileges.

Answer: B

QUESTION 140

You manage an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E1 subscription. A user takes an extended leave of absence. The user reports that email messages in the Junk Email folder are deleted before they can read the messages. You need to ensure that email messages for the user's Junk Email folder are deleted after 60 days. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run first?

- A. Enable-JournalRule

- B. New-RetentionPolicyTag
- C. Start-ManagedFolderAssistant
- D. Set-CsUser
- E. Set-CsPrivacyConfiguration
- F. Set-HostedContentFilterPolicy
- G. Set-MalwareFilterPolicy
- H. Set-MailboxJunkEmailConfiguration

Answer: B

Explanation:

Use the New-RetentionPolicyTag cmdlet to create a retention tag. This cmdlet is available in on-premises Exchange Server 2016 and in the cloud-based service. It applies to Exchange Online and Exchange Server 2016. Retention tags are used to apply message retention settings to folders and items in a mailbox.

Example:

This example creates the retention policy tag Finance-DeletedItems for the Deleted Items default folder. When applied to a mailbox as a part of a retention policy, the tag permanently deletes items of all types in the Deleted Items folder in 60 days.

New-RetentionPolicyTag "Finance-DeletedItems" -Type DeletedItems -RetentionEnabled \$true -AgeLimitForRetention 60 ?

Reference: New-RetentionPolicyTag

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335226\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335226(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 141

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Microsoft Lync Online and wants to customize Lync meeting invitations. You need to identify the URLs that may NOT be changed on the Lync meeting invitations from the Lync admin center. Which two URLs may NOT be changed? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Help URL
- B. Company URL
- C. Meeting URL
- D. Legal URL
- E. Logo URL

Answer: BC

Explanation:

You can customize meeting invitations sent by the Online Meeting Add-in for Lync 2013 by including the following optional items in the body of the meeting invitation:

- * Your organization's logo
- * A Custom Help or Support Link
- * Legal disclaimer text
- * Custom footer text

Note:

To Customize the Meeting Invitation by using Lync Server Control Panel:

1. Open a browser window, and then enter the Admin URL to open the Lync Server Control Panel.
2. In the left navigation bar, click Conferencing and then click Meeting Configuration.
3. On the Meeting Configuration page, click New.
4. Do any of the following:
 - In the Logo URL field, type the URL for your organization's logo image.
 - In the Help URL field, type the URL to your organization's help or support site.
 - In the Legal text field, type the URL to the legal text or disclaimer that you want to include in meeting invitations.

- In the Custom footer text field, type footer text, up to 2 KB.

Etc.

Reference: Configuring the meeting invitation in Lync Server 2013.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398638\(v=ocs.15\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398638(v=ocs.15).aspx)

QUESTION 142

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Many employees work in remote locations with intermittent Internet connectivity. Employees must be able to access and reply to email messages, and access calendars, even when their devices are not connected to the Internet. You need to ensure that employees can access their Microsoft Exchange content offline. What should you do?

- A. Deploy and configure the AppFabric Caching service.
- B. Deploy and configure a BranchCache server.
- C. Configure the Microsoft OneDrive for Business Windows Sync client for offline access.
- D. In Internet Explorer 10, configure Outlook Web App (OWA) for offline access.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Offline access lets you use Outlook Web App on your laptop or desktop computer when you're not connected to the Internet. After you've enabled offline access, Outlook Web App will work in an offline mode as needed depending on your network connection. When you're online, Outlook Web App will automatically update the offline information.

Reference: Using Outlook Web App offline.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Using-Outlook-Web-App-offline-3214839c-0604-4162-8a97-6856b4c27b36>

QUESTION 143

You are deploying an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. You plan to deploy Office 365 ProPlus to client computers. You create the following Office customization file. Line numbers are included for reference only:

```
01 <Configuration>
02   <Add SourcePath="\\Server\Share\" OfficeClientEdition="64" >
03     <Product ID="O365ProPlusRetail">
04       <Language ID="en-us" />
05       <ExcludeApp ID="Access" />
06       <ExcludeApp ID="Groove" />
07     </Product>
08   </Add>
09   <Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\Server\Share\" />
10   <Display Level="None" AcceptEULA="TRUE" />
11   <Logging Path="%temp%" />
12 </Configuration>
```

The Office 365 ProPlus deployment must meet the following requirements:

- Sales users must use the 32-bit version.
- Sales users must not launch Microsoft Access.
- Engineering users must not use OneDrive for Business.
- Engineering users must be able to monitor the Office installation progress.
- Sales users must not be notified of the Office installation.

You need to modify the configuration file to meet the requirements. Which two lines in the configuration file should you modify? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. For the sales users, modify line 11.
- B. For the engineering users, modify line 02.
- C. For the sales users, modify line 02.
- D. For the engineering users, modify line 10.
- E. For the sales users, modify line 10.
- F. For the engineering users, modify line 11.

Answer: CD

Explanation:

C: For the Sales users we must change line to OfficeClientEdition="32".

D: For Engineering users the display level must be change from None to Full. If Level is set to Full, the user sees the normal Click-to-Run user interface: Automatic start, application splash screen, and error dialog boxes. Note: The value "Groove" is used to exclude OneDrive for Business.

Incorrect:

Not E: Display level is already None.

Reference: Reference for Click-to-Run configuration.xml file.

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219426.aspx#BKMK_DisplayElement

QUESTION 144

Your company uses Microsoft Exchange Online. Employees frequently need to change their primary email addresses. The messaging operations team has requested a script to simplify the process of changing email addresses. The script must perform the following actions:

- Obtain employee information from a .csv file that has a header line of UserPrincipalName,CurrentPrimaryAddress,NewPrimaryAddress.
- Change employees' primary email addresses to the values in the NewPrimaryAddress column.
- Retain employees' current email addresses as secondary addresses.

You create the following Windows PowerShell script to read the .csv file. Line numbers are included for reference only.

```
01 param ([string]$filename = ${throw "-filename is required."})
02 import-csv $filename | foreach-object {
03     $UserPrincipalName = $_.UserPrincipalName
04     $OldPrimary = $_.CurrentPrimaryAddress
05     $NewPrimary = $_.NewPrimaryAddress
06
07 }
```

You need to complete the script to meet the requirements. Which Windows PowerShell command should you insert at line 06?

- A. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -EmailAddresses @{add="SMTP:" + "\$NewPrimary"; remove="SMTP:" + "\$OldPrimary"}
- B. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -EmailAddresses @{add="SMTP:" + "\$NewPrimary", "smtp:" + "\$OldPrimary"; remove="SMTP:" + "\$OldPrimary"}
- C. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -EmailAddresses @{add="SMTP:" + "\$NewPrimary"}
- D. Set-Mailbox -Identity \$UserPrincipalName -PrimarySmtpAddress \$NewPrimary

Answer: C

Explanation:

We add the new e-mail address. We retain the old email address by not removing it.

Incorrect:

Not A: We should keep the old address.

Not B: We should keep the old address.

Not D: This just change the PrimarySmtAddress. We need to retain the old address.

Note: You can add a new email address to multiple mailboxes at one time by using the Shell and a comma separated values (CSV) file. This example imports data from C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\AddEmailAddress.csv, which has the following format.

Mailbox,NewEmailAddress

Dan Jump,danj@northamerica.contoso.com

David Pelton,davidp@northamerica.contoso.com

Kim Akers,kima@northamerica.contoso.com

Janet Schorr,janets@northamerica.contoso.com

Jeffrey Zeng,jeffreyz@northamerica.contoso.com

Spencer Low,spencerl@northamerica.contoso.com

Toni Poe,tonip@northamerica.contoso.com

Run the following command to use the data in the CSV file to add the email address to each mailbox specified in the CSV file.

```
Import-CSV "C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\AddEmailAddress.csv" | ForEach {Set-Mailbox $_.Mailbox -EmailAddresses @{a
```

Reference: Add or remove email addresses for a mailbox.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123794\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123794(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 145

Hotspot Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You have a level 1 help desk that helps troubleshoot user issues. You must allow help desk personnel to generate reports on user configurations for Office 365 ProPlus Outlook clients. Help desk personnel must not require user input to generate the reports. You need to create an Office Configuration Analyzer Tool script. How should you configure the Office Configuration Analyzer Tool script? To answer, select the appropriate option from each list in the answer area.

<input type="text" value="OffCAT.exe"/> <input type="text" value="OffCATcmd.exe"/>	-dat //shared_folder/OffCAT/[username].offx	<input type="text" value="-cfg Outlook"/> <input type="text" value="-gs majorversion 15"/>	-AE -NoRTS
---	---	---	------------

Answer:

<input type="text" value="OffCAT.exe"/> <input type="text" value="OffCATcmd.exe"/>	-dat //shared_folder/OffCAT/[username].offx	<input type="text" value="-cfg Outlook"/> <input type="text" value="-gs majorversion 15"/>	-AE -NoRTS
---	---	---	------------

Explanation:

Box 1: The Microsoft Office Configuration Analyzer Tool (OffCAT) 2.1 provides a quick and easy way to analyze Microsoft Office programs for known configurations that cause problems. The files that are installed by the OffCAT.msi file include OffCATcmd.exe. This is a command-line version of OffCAT.

Box 2: -cfg <Office program>

If you are using Offcatcmd.exe to scan an Office program, you must use the -cfg switch to specify the Office program that is going to be scanned. The following is the current list of available values you can use with the -cfg switch:

- Access
- Excel
- InfoPath
- OneDrive
- OneNote

- Outlook
- Powerpoint
- Publisher
- Visio
- Word

Incorrect:

-gs <global substitution values>

The -gs switch provides control over two important parameters that specify your Office version and the type of Office installation.

Reference: Microsoft Office Configuration Analyzer Tool 2.1.

<http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=36852>

QUESTION 146

You are the SharePoint administrator for a company's SharePoint Online tenant. The company merges with another company, and the number of users has grown 400 percent over the last month. You plan to hire SharePoint site collection administrators. The additional administrators must have permission to only manage site collections that you assign to them. You need to assign the correct permissions to the administrators. Which permission level should you grant to the administrators?

- A. Global admin
- B. SharePoint Online admin
- C. Site Collection admin
- D. Site admin
- E. User Management admin

Answer: C

Explanation:

Site collection administrator is a user with administrator permissions to manage a site collection.

Incorrect:

Not A: Global administrator is an administrator of the Office 365 portal; can manage service licenses, users and groups, domains, and subscribed services. In Office 365, a Global administrator is also a SharePoint Online administrator.

Not B: SharePoint Online administrator. Administrator of the SharePoint Online Administration Center; can create and manage site collections, designate site collection administrators, determine tenant settings, and configure Business Connectivity Services and Secure Store, InfoPath Forms Services, Records Management, Search, and User Profiles. In Office 365, a Global administrator is also a SharePoint Online administrator.

Reference: Manage administrators for a site collection.

https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Manage-administrators-for-a-site-collection-9a7e46f9-3fc4-4297-955a-82cb292a5be0#__toc341786265

QUESTION 147

Hotspot Question

Contoso, Ltd., has an Office 365 tenant. All employees have Exchange Online mailboxes. You create a shared mailbox named SharedMailbox1@contoso.com. You need to grant full mailbox access to User1@contoso.com for the SharedMailbox1 mailbox. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell commands? To answer, select the appropriate Windows PowerShell commands from each list in the answer area.

.....

<div> <div>▼</div> <div> Set-Mailbox Add-ADPermissions Add-MailboxPermission Add-RecipientPermission </div> </div>	-Identity	<div> <div>▼</div> <div> User1@contoso.com SharedMailbox1@contoso.com </div> </div>	-AccessRights FullAccess
<div> <div>▼</div> <div> -User -Trustee </div> </div>		<div> <div>▼</div> <div> User1@contoso.com SharedMailbox1@contoso.com </div> </div>	

Answer:

.....

<div> <div>▼</div> <div> Set-Mailbox Add-ADPermissions Add-MailboxPermission Add-RecipientPermission </div> </div>	-Identity	<div> <div>▼</div> <div> User1@contoso.com SharedMailbox1@contoso.com </div> </div>	-AccessRights FullAccess
<div> <div>▼</div> <div> -User -Trustee </div> </div>		<div> <div>▼</div> <div> User1@contoso.com SharedMailbox1@contoso.com </div> </div>	

Explanation:

The Add-MailboxPermission is available in on-premises Exchange Server 2016 and in the cloud-based service. Some parameters and settings may be exclusive to one environment or the other. Use the Add-MailboxPermission cmdlet to add permissions to a mailbox. It applies to Exchange Online and Exchange Server.

Example:

This example grants Kevin Kelly full access to Terry Adams's mailbox.

Add-MailboxPermission -Identity "Terry Adams" -User KevinKelly -AccessRights FullAccess -InheritanceType All

Add-MailBoxPermission

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124097\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124097(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 148

Drag and Drop Question

An organization has an Office 365 tenant. You hire a new administrator. The new administrator is responsible for several SharePoint Online site collections. You need to grant the new administrator access to SharePoint Online as a site collection administrator. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

From Office 365 admin center, select the option to manage SharePoint Online.

Select the option to manage administrators for the site collection.

Add the account name as a site collection administrator.

Select the option to manage user permissions.

From Office 365 admin center, select the option to manage delegated admins.

Answer Area



Answer:

Actions

From Office 365 admin center, select the option to manage SharePoint Online.

Select the option to manage administrators for the site collection.

Add the account name as a site collection administrator.

Select the option to manage user permissions.

From Office 365 admin center, select the option to manage delegated admins.

Answer Area

From Office 365 admin center, select the option to manage SharePoint Online.

Select the option to manage administrators for the site collection.

Add the account name as a site collection administrator.



Explanation:

Add or remove site collection administrators on the SharePoint Admin page. To change the primary administrator or to add or remove site collection administrators in SharePoint Online, do the following:

1. Sign in to Office 365 with your work or school account.
2. Go to the Office 365 admin center.
3. In the left navigation, under Admin, choose SharePoint.
4. Select the check box next to the site collection where you want to add an administrator.
5. Click Owners then Manage Administrators.
6. Change the name in the Primary Site Collection Administrator box, or add or remove names in the Site Collection Administrators box.
7. Click Check Names Check Names button to verify that the user names are valid.
8. Click OK.

https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Manage-administrators-for-a-site-collection-9a7e46f9-3fc4-4297-955a-82cb292a5be0#_toc341786265

QUESTION 149

Drag and Drop Question

A company has an Office 365 tenant. All employee mailboxes are in Exchange Online. You plan to implement archiving. The archive name for each archive mailbox must use the following format: "Archive-" followed by the display name of the user.

You need to enable online archives for all mailboxes. Which three Windows PowerShell commands should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
\$ArchiveUsers = Get-Mailbox -ResultSize unlimited -Filter { ArchiveStatus -Eq 'None' -AND RecipientTypeDetails -Eq 'UserMailbox'}	
\$ArchiveUsers foreach {\$_ArchiveName.Add ("Archive- \$_Displayname")}	
\$ArchiveUsers foreach {Enable-Mailbox \$_Identity -Archive -ArchiveName \$_ArchiveName}	
\$ArchiveUsers foreach {Set-Mailbox \$_Identity - Archive -ArchiveName \$_ArchiveName}	

Answer:

Actions	Answer Area
\$ArchiveUsers = Get-Mailbox -ResultSize unlimited -Filter { ArchiveStatus -Eq 'None' -AND RecipientTypeDetails -Eq 'UserMailbox'}	\$ArchiveUsers = Get-Mailbox -ResultSize unlimited -Filter { ArchiveStatus -Eq 'None' -AND RecipientTypeDetails -Eq 'UserMailbox'}
\$ArchiveUsers foreach {\$_ArchiveName.Add ("Archive- \$_Displayname")}	\$ArchiveUsers foreach {\$_ArchiveName.Add ("Archive- \$_Displayname")}
\$ArchiveUsers foreach {Enable-Mailbox \$_Identity -Archive -ArchiveName \$_ArchiveName}	\$ArchiveUsers foreach {Enable-Mailbox \$_Identity -Archive -ArchiveName \$_ArchiveName}
\$ArchiveUsers foreach {Set-Mailbox \$_Identity - Archive -ArchiveName \$_ArchiveName}	

Explanation:

You can configure a different archive name when you use Windows PowerShell to enable archive mailboxes. For example, to name archive mailboxes "In-Place Archive - <display name>" when you enable archive mailboxes for all users in your organization, run the following commands:

```
$users = Get-Mailbox -ResultSize unlimited -Filter { ArchiveStatus -Eq "None" -AND  
RecipientTypeDetails -eq 'UserMailbox'}
```

```
ForEach ($a in $users) {$a.ArchiveName.Add("In-Place Archive - $a")}
```

```
$users | %{Enable-Mailbox $_.Identity -Archive -ArchiveName $_.ArchiveName}
```

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj984357\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj984357(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 150

All employees at a company have Exchange Online mailboxes. You observe a surge in email messages that contain malware. You determine that all of the messages originate from a single IP address. You need to ensure that no email messages from the IP address are delivered to the users. What should you do?

- A. Create a malware filter.
- B. Create a connection filter.
- C. Create a content filter.
- D. Create a new transport rule.

Answer: B

Explanation:

You can create an IP Allow list or IP Block list by editing the connection filter policy in the Exchange admin center (EAC). The connection filter policy settings are applied to inbound messages only.

Reference: Configure the connection filter policy.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj200718\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj200718(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 151

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An organization has an Office 365 tenant and uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. You enable licenses for 1,000 users. You must implement a file sync service for users that meets the following requirements:

- Users must be able to sync offline versions of all files to local computers.
- The organization must be able to manage permissions for all files.

You need to recommend a solution. Which solution should you recommend?

- A. Microsoft Storage Spaces
- B. SharePoint document libraries
- C. Windows offline files
- D. Distributed File System Replication

Answer: B

Explanation:

You can work offline and sync within a SharePoint document library. The document library permissions can be managed by the organization.

Reference: How to work with Documents Offline in SharePoint 2013.

<http://www.learningsharepoint.com/2012/12/12/how-to-work-with-documents-offline-in-sharepoint-2013/>

QUESTION 152

Drag and Drop Question

A company has an Office 365 tenant. You plan to implement Skype for Business Online for all users. You are evaluating client and conferencing policies. You need to identify the default limits for file transfers and users to configure the appropriate policies for users. What are the default limits? To answer, drag the appropriate limits to the correct feature. Each feature may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

		Feature	Maximum limit
No limit	250 MB	Peer-to-peer file transfer	
500 MB	1 GB	Online meeting file upload	
100 users	250 users	Participants in online meetings	
500 users	1000 users	Presenters in online meetings	

Answer:

		Feature	Maximum limit
No limit	250 MB	Peer-to-peer file transfer	No limit
500 MB	1 GB	Online meeting file upload	500 MB
100 users	250 users	Participants in online meetings	250 users
500 users	1000 users	Presenters in online meetings	250 users

Explanation:

Peer-to-peer limits across Office 365 options.

Feature	Skype for Business Server 2015
File transfer limit	No limit

Feature	Skype for Business Server 2015
File upload limit	500 MB
Participants in a Skype for Business meeting	250
Presenters in a Skype for Business meeting	250

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/skype-for-business-online-limits.aspx>

QUESTION 153

You are deploying an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. You have a legacy application that requires the use of Office 2010 on client computers. A number of users download and install Office 365 ProPlus. They are no longer able to run the legacy application. You must prevent users from installing Office 365 ProPlus on client computers. The users must be able to install Office on tablets and phones. You need to configure the Office 365 users. From the Office 365 admin center, what should you do?

- A. Assign and configure a rights management license to the user accounts.
- B. Remove the service administrator privileges from the user accounts.
- C. Reassign the user accounts an Enterprise E1 subscription.
- D. Remove Office 365 ProPlus from the available user software.

Answer: D

Explanation:

As an Office 365 admin, you can control which Office software your users can download and install from Office 365. The choices you make on the Manage user software through Office 365 page determine which software users can install from the Software page in Office 365. Whichever choices you make, they apply to all users in your organization.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Manage-user-software-in-Office-365-c13051e6-f75c-4737-bc0d-7685dcedf360>

QUESTION 154

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company has a single Active Directory Domain Services domain. As part of the Office 365 deployment, the company is preparing to deploy Office Telemetry. You need to disguise file names and document titles, while still collecting the telemetry data. What should you do?

- A. In the Telemetry Dashboard, disable data collection for the Telemetry Agent.
- B. In the Telemetry Dashboard, obfuscate the document name, title, and path.
- C. In the Telemetry Dashboard, display only files that are used by multiple users.
- D. In the Default Domain policy, set the Turn on data uploading for the Telemetry agent Group Policy setting to Disabled.

Answer: B

Explanation:

In Manage privacy settings in Telemetry Dashboard, you can learn about Telemetry Dashboard settings that help you protect user privacy by disguising file names and titles or by preventing data for selected applications or solutions from being reported.

Figure: Three ways to configure privacy settings in Telemetry Dashboard.



<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj863580.aspx>

QUESTION 155

Drag and Drop Question

An organization has an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. You assign licenses to all users. You need to customize an Office 365 ProPlus image as a standard deployment image. In which order should you perform the actions? To answer, move all actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Install the Office Deployment Tool.	
Download the Office package from the Office 365 website.	
Customize the XML configuration file by using the Office Deployment Tool.	>
Add new packages to your software distribution infrastructure.	<
Deploy new Office packages.	^
	v

Answer:

Actions	Answer Area
	Install the Office Deployment Tool.
	Download the Office package from the Office 365 website.
	Customize the XML configuration file by using the Office Deployment Tool.
	Add new packages to your software distribution infrastructure.
	Deploy new Office packages.

Explanation:

To customize a Click-to-Run for Office 365 installation, administrators run the Office Deployment Tool and provide a custom Configuration.xml configuration file. The Office Deployment Tool performs the tasks that are specified by using the optional properties in the configuration file. Administrators can run the Office Deployment Tool to perform the following tasks:

- Generating a Click-to-Run for Office 365 installation source

To do this, administrators prepare a configuration file and run the tool in download mode.

- Configuring Click-to-Run for Office 365 clients

To do this, administrators prepare a configuration file and run the tool in configure mode.

- Creating an App-V package

To do this, administrators prepare a configuration file and run the tool in packager mode.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219422.aspx>

QUESTION 156

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You need to generate a list of all subscriptions that the company purchases. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolUserLicense
- B. Get-MsolAccountSku
- C. Get-MsolUser
- D. Get-MsolSubscription

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Get-MsolSubscription cmdlet returns all the subscriptions that the company has purchased.

QUESTION 157

Hotspot Question

Your company uses Microsoft SharePoint Online. You share a file named Document1 with several

users, as shown in the image below.

Share 'Document1'

Shared with lots of people

Invite people

User1@contoso.com x User2@fabrikam.com x
User3@adatum.com x

Can edit

Include a personal message with this invitation (Optional).

☐ Require sign-in

HIDE OPTIONS

☒ Send an email invitation

Share Cancel

You must share Document1 with several other users. The new users must be able to view Document1 but not make changes. You need to share the document with the new users. What should you do? Select the correct answer from each list based on the information presented in the image. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The first step to achieve the goal is:

- Withdraw the invitations to the users.
- Delete the guest link to the document.
- Change the permission level in the invitations to View Only.
- Open the Shared With dialog box for Document1 and remove the users.
- Run the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet for each of the users.

The second step to achieve the goal is:

- Resend the invitations to the users.
- Send new invitations that assign the View permission level to the users.
- Add the users to the Visitors group for the site.
- Add the users to the Visitors group for the document.

Answer:

Answer Area

The first step to achieve the goal is:

- Withdraw the invitations to the users.
- Delete the guest link to the document.
- Change the permission level in the invitations to View Only.
- Open the Shared With dialog box for Document1 and remove the user.
- Run the Remove-SPOExternalUser cmdlet for each of the users.

The second step to achieve the goal is:

- Resend the invitations to the users.
- Send new invitations that assign the View permission level to the user.
- Add the users to the Visitors group for the site.
- Add the users to the Visitors group for the document.

Explanation:

Step 1: Delete the guest link to disallow anonymous access.

Step 2: Send new invitations with view permissions to the new users.

https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Share-sites-or-documents-with-people-outside-your-organization-80e49744-e30f-44db-8d51-16661b1d4232#__disable_an_anonymous

QUESTION 158

Hotspot Question

You are the SharePoint Online administrator for Contoso, Ltd. You create a test site. The specifications for the site are described in the following table.

Property	Value
URL	https://contoso.sharepoint.com
Site Name	ContosoTest
Quota	100 Mb

You need to configure the specified site. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell command? To answer, select the appropriate Windows PowerShell segment from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

<div> <div></div> <div>Set-SPOSite</div> <div>Set-SPOTenant</div> <div>Set-SPOSiteGroup</div> </div>	<div> <div></div> <div>-Url</div> <div>-Title</div> <div>-Identity</div> <div>-LocaleID</div> </div>	https://contoso.sharepoint.com
<div> <div></div> <div>-StorageQuota</div> <div>-ResourceQuota</div> <div>-SharingCapability</div> </div>	100 MB	
<div> <div></div> <div>-Url</div> <div>-Title</div> <div>-Identity</div> <div>-LocaleID</div> </div>	"ContosoTest"	

Answer:

Answer Area

<div> <div></div> <div>Set-SPOSite</div> <div>Set-SPOTenant</div> <div>Set-SPOSiteGroup</div> </div>	<div> <div></div> <div>-Url</div> <div>-Title</div> <div>-Identity</div> <div>-LocaleID</div> </div>	https://contoso.sharepoint.com
<div> <div></div> <div>-StorageQuota</div> <div>-ResourceQuota</div> <div>-SharingCapability</div> </div>	100 MB	
<div> <div></div> <div>-Url</div> <div>-Title</div> <div>-Identity</div> <div>-LocaleID</div> </div>	"ContosoTest"	

Explanation:

Set-SPOSite sets or updates one or more properties' values for a site collection.

Example:

Example 2 updates the settings of site collection https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/site1. The storage quota is updated to 15000 megabytes.

Set-SPOSite -Identity

https://contoso.sharepoint.com/sites/site1 -StorageQuota 15000

Parameters include: Title Specifies the title of the site collection.

QUESTION 159

Drag and Drop Question

A company uses Exchange Online. You need to create a shared mailbox and a group that has full

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access to the shared mailbox. Which four Windows PowerShell commands should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate commands from the list of commands to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions		Answer Area
\$MBX = New-Mailbox -Name Shared1-MBX -Alias Shared1-MBX -DisplayName Shared1-MBX -Shared		
\$GroupName = \$MBX.Alias + "-Admins"		
\$Group = New-DistributionGroup -Name \$GroupName -Alias \$GroupName -Type Security		
Add-MailboxPermission -Identity \$MBX.UserPrincipalName -AccessRights FullAccess -User \$Group.Alias		
\$Group = New-DistributionGroup -Name \$GroupName -Alias \$GroupName -Type Distribution	>	^
Add-ADPermission -Identity \$MBX.UserPrincipalName -AccessRights FullAccess -User \$Group.Alias	<	v
Add-RecipientPermission -Identity \$MBX.UserPrincipalName -AccessRights FullAccess -User \$Group.Alias		
\$MBX = New-MailUser -Name Shared1-MBX -Alias Shared1-MBX -DisplayName Shared1-MBX -Shared		

Answer:

Actions		Answer Area
		\$MBX = New-Mailbox -Name Shared1-MBX -Alias Shared1-MBX -DisplayName Shared1-MBX -Shared
		\$GroupName = \$MBX.Alias + "-Admins"
		\$Group = New-DistributionGroup -Name \$GroupName -Alias \$GroupName -Type Security
		Add-MailboxPermission -Identity \$MBX.UserPrincipalName -AccessRights FullAccess -User \$Group.Alias
\$Group = New-DistributionGroup -Name \$GroupName -Alias \$GroupName -Type Distribution	>	^
Add-ADPermission -Identity \$MBX.UserPrincipalName -AccessRights FullAccess -User \$Group.Alias	<	v
Add-RecipientPermission -Identity \$MBX.UserPrincipalName -AccessRights FullAccess -User \$Group.Alias		
\$MBX = New-MailUser -Name Shared1-MBX -Alias Shared1-MBX -DisplayName Shared1-MBX -Shared		

Explanation:

Box 1: First create a new mailbox.

Box 2: Set the group name.

Box 3: Define the group. * New-DistributionGroup

Use the New-DistributionGroup cmdlet to create distribution groups and mail-enabled security groups. In this case we need security group.

Box 4: Add-MailboxPermission

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj150570\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj150570(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 160

Drag and Drop Question

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An organization has an on-premises Exchange 2010 server. The organization plans to migrate to Exchange Online. You have the following requirements:

- You must minimize the impact of the migration on users.
- Users must sign in to Office 365 by using the same password that they use for on-premises services.
- You must use the fewest additional servers possible.

You need to complete the migration. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions		Answer Area
Install and configure the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool with password sync on an existing domain controller.		
Run the Hybrid Configuration wizard on the existing Exchange 2010 server.		
Migrate users by using a Remote move migration.		
Migrate users by using a Cutover migration.		
Install and configure the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool with password sync on a new member server.	➤	⬆
Migrate users by using a Staged migration.	⬅	⬇
Migrate users by using an IMAP migration.		

Answer:

Actions		Answer Area
		Run the Hybrid Configuration wizard on the existing Exchange 2010 server.
		Install and configure the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool with password sync on an existing domain controller.
		Migrate users by using a Remote move migration.
Migrate users by using a Cutover migration.		
Install and configure the Azure Active Directory Synchronization (AAD Sync) tool with password sync on a new member server.	➤	⬆
Migrate users by using a Staged migration.	⬅	⬇
Migrate users by using an IMAP migration.		

QUESTION 161

Contoso, Ltd. has a SharePoint Online tenant and uses an Office 365 Enterprise E1 plan. The company currently has 9,000 users and has 5 TB of content on local file shares. You must minimize storage costs. You need to migrate the content from the local file shares to SharePoint Online. How much additional storage is needed?

- A. 500 GB
- B. 5 TB
- C. 10 TB
- D. No additional storage is needed

Answer: B

Explanation:

Included in Office 365 Enterprise E1 plan is OneDrive for Business, which gives each user 1 TB of personal cloud storage that can be accessed from anywhere and that syncs with their PC/Mac for offline access. Limits in SharePoint Online in Office 365 plans include: Storage base per tenant: 1

TB + 5 GB per subscribed user + additional storage purchased. You can purchase an unlimited amount of additional storage. In this scenario there are 9,000 users, and we assume they 0.5 GB per user we would need 4.5 TB. That is, 5 TB would be sufficient.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/SharePoint-Online-software-boundaries-and-limits-8f34ff47-b749-408b-abc0-b605e1f6d498>

QUESTION 162

Your company is planning to migrate to Microsoft Exchange Online. The company employs 1,000 people, each with a mailbox currently located on Exchange 2010 on-premises. You estimate that it will take a minimum of four weeks to migrate all mailboxes from on-premises Exchange to Exchange Online. The company has the following migration requirements:

- During the migration, do not change the existing Microsoft Outlook profiles and .ost files used by the employees.
- Ensure that email messages sent between on-premises mailboxes and online mailboxes during the migration are secure.
- Do not send email messages between on-premises mailboxes and online mailboxes over the Internet in plain text.

You need to select the migration strategy that meets the requirements. Which migration strategy should you use?

- A. Hybrid migration only
- B. IMAP migration followed by staged migration
- C. Staged migration only
- D. Staged migration followed by remote move migration

Answer: A

Explanation:

You can use a hybrid migration to migrate from Exchange 2010 to Exchange Online. Note: In the Deployment Assistant, a hybrid deployment is when you create a new Exchange Online Exchange organization in Microsoft Office 365 for enterprises and then connect it to your existing on-premises Exchange 2010 organization by configuring Active Directory synchronization and using the Hybrid Configuration wizards.

Incorrect Answers:

Not B: IMAP migration is targeted at customers who may be using non-Exchange-based mail systems in their current hosted environment or have access to the data only by using the IMAP 4 protocol.

Not C, D: You can't use a staged migration to migrate Exchange 2013 or Exchange 2010 mailboxes to Office 365.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Decide-on-a-migration-path-0d4f2396-9cef-43b8-9bd6-306d01df1e27?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 163

You need to migrate a Microsoft Exchange Server 2007 organization that has 50 mailboxes to Exchange Online by using the cutover migration method. Which two requirements should be met before you can begin the mailbox migration? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. The migration administrator account must be granted Full Access permission for each on-premises mailbox that will be migrated.
- B. The migration administrator account must be granted Send As permission for each on-premises mailbox that will be migrated.
- C. Exchange Web Services (EWS) must be enabled and accessible from the Internet.
- D. The migration administrator account must be granted Receive As permission for each on-premises mailbox that will be migrated.

E. Outlook Anywhere must be enabled and accessible from the Internet.

Answer: AE

Explanation:

A: To migrate the mailboxes, the admin must have one of the following permissions:

The migration administrator must be assigned the FullAccess permission for each on-premises mailbox.

or

The migration administrator must be assigned the Receive As permission on the on-premises mailbox database that stores user mailboxes.

E: The email migration service uses Outlook Anywhere (also known as RPC over HTTP), to connect to your on-premises Exchange Server.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Perform-a-cutover-migration-of-email-to-Office-365-9496e93c-1e59-41a8-9bb3-6e8df0cd81b4?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 164

All employees at a company have Exchange Online mailboxes. You have a policy that allows users to send email messages to a maximum of 500 specific recipients per message. You need to grant User1 the ability to send email messages to 700 specific recipients per message. What should you do?

- A. Add the recipients to a new distribution list. Instruct User1 to send email messages to the list.
- B. Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet: Set-TransportConfig.
- C. Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet and apply the policy to User1: New-ThrottlingPolicy.
- D. In the Exchange Admin Center, modify the mailbox properties for User1.

Answer: A

Explanation:

For distribution groups stored in an organization's address book, the group is counted as one recipient.

Incorrect Answers:

Not B: The Set-TransportConfig cmdlet is used to modify the transport configuration settings for the whole Exchange organization, not for a single user.

Not C: A throttlingPolicy does not refer to the number of recipients of email messages.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/exchange-online-limits.aspx#RecipientLimits>

QUESTION 165

You manage a Microsoft SharePoint Online deployment. You create a new site collection named ContosoSites. You attempt to modify the storage quota from the SharePoint admin center, but you discover the Storage Quota option is missing. You need to ensure that the Storage Quota option is available. What should you do?

- A. From the SharePoint admin center, set Site Collection Storage Management to Manual.
- B. Sign in to the Office 365 admin center by using a user account that has Global administrator privileges.
- C. Sign in to the SharePoint admin center by using a user account that has Global administrator privileges.
- D. From the SharePoint admin center, set Site Collection Storage Management to Automatic.

Answer: A

Explanation:

If you can see the SP Admin center, you have enough privilege already. This is nothing to do with server resources, and everything to do with storage allocation.

QUESTION 166

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You manage a Microsoft SharePoint Online deployment. You need to ensure that In-Place Holds only preserve files from the moment that In-Place hold was created. You open the document library settings as shown in the exhibit.

The screenshot shows the 'Versioning' settings for a document library. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Question' and 'Exhibit', with 'Exhibit' being the active tab. Below the tabs, the settings are as follows:

- Require content approval for submitted items?**
☐ Yes ☒ No
- Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library?**
☐ No versioning
☒ Create major versions
Example: 1, 2, 3, 4
☐ Create major and minor (draft) versions
Example: 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 2.0
- Optionally limit the number of versions to retain:**
☒ Keep the following number of major versions:
10
☐ Keep drafts for the following number of major versions:
[Empty text box]
- Who should see draft items in this document library?**
☒ Any user who can read items
☐ Only users who can edit items

What should you do?

- A. Set Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library to No versioning.
- B. Set Require documents to be checked out before they can be edited to Yes.
- C. Set Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library to Create major and minor (drafts) versions.
- D. Set Keep the following number of major versions option to 0.

Answer: A

Explanation:

If document versioning isn't enabled and an item is placed on hold multiple times, SharePoint preserves the version that's current at the time each hold is placed. For example, if version 27 of an item is the most recent when the site is placed on hold the first time, and version 51 is the most recent when the site is placed on hold the second time, versions 27 and 51 are preserved.

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/fp161516.aspx#in_place_holds

QUESTION 167

You open the settings for the site collection and discover that the External sharing option cannot be configured. You need to ensure that the site collection can be shared to external users. What should you do first?

- A. From the Microsoft SharePoint admin center, modify the External sharing setting.
- B. From the Microsoft SharePoint admin center, modify the bcs settings.
- C. From Office 365 PowerShell for SharePoint Online, set ShowEveryoneClaim to \$true.
- D. From Office 365 PowerShell for SharePoint Online, set SharingDomainRestrictionsMode to AllowList.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Turn external sharing on or off for a SharePoint Online environment (tenant). You must be a SharePoint Online administrator to configure external sharing:

1. From the SharePoint admin center, click sharing.
2. Select one of the following:

Sharing outside your organization
Control how users share content with people outside your organization.

- ☐ Don't allow sharing outside your organization
- ☐ Allow sharing only with the external users that already exist in your organization's directory
- ☐ Allow users to invite and share with authenticated external users
- ☒ Allow sharing to authenticated external users and using anonymous access links
 - ☐ Anonymous access links expire in this many days:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Manage-external-sharing-for-your-SharePoint-Online-environment-c8a462eb-0723-4b0b-8d0a-70feafe4be85>

QUESTION 168

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. Users at the company use Microsoft Skype for Business to send instant messages to internal users, external partners, and users on the consumer version of Skype. You discover that the Skype for Business users fail to communicate with users on Google Hangout. You need to ensure that the Skype for Business users can send instant messages to the Google Hangout users.

Solution: You run the Set-CSExternalAccessPolicy-identity FederationAndPICDefault-EnablePublicCloudAccess \$true command.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

The net result: all external access policies that allow public cloud access will also allow federation access. The EnablePublicCloudAccess parameter indicates whether the user is allowed to communicate with people who have SIP accounts with a public Internet connectivity provider such as MSN. The default value is False.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398916.aspx>

QUESTION 169

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. Users at the company use Microsoft Skype for Business to send instant messages to internal users, external partners, and users on the consumer

version of Skype. You discover that the Skype for Business users fail to communicate with users on Google Hangout. You need to ensure that the Skype for Business users can send instant messages to the Google Hangout users.

Solution: You run the `Set-CSEExternalAccessPolicy-identity FederationAndPICDefault-EnableXmppAccess $true` command.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

The `EnableXmppAccess` parameter indicates whether the user is allowed to communicate with users who have SIP accounts with a federated XMPP (Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol) partner. The default value is `False`. Google hangout uses a proprietary protocol instead of the XMPP open standard protocol.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398916.aspx>

QUESTION 170

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

You have an Office 365 subscription. All user mailboxes have an archive mailbox. A new compliance policy has the following requirements:

- All email messages that are more than one year old must be moved to the archive mailbox.
- All email messages that are more than two years old must be deleted.

You create two default policy tags and one retention policy. You need to implement the compliance policy.

Solution: You run the `Set-Mailbox cmdlet` and specify the `-RetentionPolicy` parameter.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

The `Set-Mailbox -RetentionPolicy` parameter specifies the retention policy that you want applied to this mailbox. Retention policies consist of tags that are applied to mailbox folders and mail items to determine the period of time that the items should be retained.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123981\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123981(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 171

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

You have an Office 365 subscription. All user mailboxes have an archive mailbox. A new compliance policy has the following requirements:

- All email messages that are more than one year old must be moved to the archive mailbox.
- All email messages that are more than two years old must be deleted.

You create two default policy tags and one retention policy. You need to implement the compliance policy.

Solution: You run the `Set-RetentionPolicy cmdlet` and specify the `-isDefault $true` parameter.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Set-RetentionPolicy -isDefault parameter is reserved for internal Microsoft use.
[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335196(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 172

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

You have an Office 365 subscription. All user mailboxes have an archive mailbox. A new compliance policy has the following requirements:

- All email messages that are more than one year old must be moved to the archive mailbox.
- All email messages that are more than two years old must be deleted.

You create two default policy tags and one retention policy. You need to implement the compliance policy.

Solution: You run the Set-Mailbox cmdlet and specify the -RetentionUrl parameter.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Set-Mailbox RetentionUrl parameter specifies the URL or an external web page with additional details about the organization's messaging retention policies. This URL can be used to expose details regarding retention policies in general, which is usually a customized legal or IT website for the company.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123981\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb123981(v=exchg.160).aspx)

QUESTION 173

Drag and Drop Question

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You deploy Office 365 ProPlus. You plan to implement a software change control process for software updates. Users receive a recent update. They report that they are now having issues with the product. You need to install future updates and prevent similar issues from occurring again. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\MyServer\Updates" />	
Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <Updates Enabled - "FALSE " />	
Create the following login script and configure the script to run for all users except for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe/configure LocalUpdates.xml	➤
Create the following a login script and configure the script to run only for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe/configure LocalUpdates.xml.	➤
Update \\MyServer\Updates with reviewed and approved updates every month.	
Update \\MyServer\Updates with all released updates every month.	

Answer:

Actions	Answer Area
	Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\MyServer\Updates" />
Create a LocalUpdates.xml file that includes the following XML markup: <Updates Enabled - "FALSE " />	
	Create the following login script and configure the script to run for all users except for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe/configure LocalUpdates.xml
Create the following a login script and configure the script to run only for a group of users who test updates: Setup.exe/configure LocalUpdates.xml.	
	Update \\MyServer\Updates with reviewed and approved updates every month.
Update \\MyServer\Updates with all released updates every month.	

Explanation:

Step 1: If you want Office 365 ProPlus to get updates automatically from a network share called \\MyServer \Updates, you would include the following line in your configuration.xml file:

<Updates Enabled="TRUE" UpdatePath="\\MyServer\Updates" />

Step 2: The users who test updates should not be required to install updates.

Step 3: We should only use reviewed updates.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn761708.aspx>

Case Study – Contoso, Ltd. (QUESTION 174 - QUESTION 185)

In this section, you will see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine

whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem. Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Overview

General Overview

Contoso, Ltd. Is a manufacturing company that has 500 employees. The company has sales, marketing, research, and accounting departments. Contoso recently acquired another company named A. Datum Corporation, which has 100 users with mailboxes hosted on a third-party, non-Microsoft Exchange Server platform. Contoso recently purchased an Office 365 subscription and began using Exchange Online, SharePoint Online, and Skype for Business Online. All Office 365 identities are managed in the cloud.

Physical Locations

Contoso has two offices. One office is located in New York and the other office is located in London. The offices connect to each other by using a WAN link. Each office also connects directly to the Internet.

Existing Environment

Active Directory

The network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a single domain. All domain controllers run Windows Server 2008 R2. Each office contains five domain controllers. Each office is configured as an Active Directory site.

Current Business Model

Users in the accounting department have access to Windows by using Remote Desktop Services (RDS). All client applications, including Office, are made available through Remote Desktop sessions. Users in the marketing department frequently change their computer and must reinstall Office. Users in the research department deal with highly sensitive patents; therefore, they do not have access to the Internet from their computer.

Problem Statements

Contoso identifies the following issues on the network:

- Users who started using Skype for Business Online for instant messaging report that they receive increased amounts of unsolicited commercial instant messages from a domain named fabrikam.com.
- A new employee named User1 reports that this name was misspelled when his account was initially created, which has resulted in an incorrect user sign-in SIP address in Skype for Business Online.

Mobile Device Mailbox Policies

You have the following mobile device mailbox policies in Office 365.

```
[PS] C:\Windows\system32>Get-CASMailbox VPUser1 | fl Name,ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy*

Name                                     : VPUser1
ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy                 : Default
ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsDefaulted     : True

[PS] C:\Windows\system32>Get-CASMailbox VPUser2 | fl Name,ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy*

Name                                     : VPUser2
ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy                 : Restricted
ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsDefaulted     : False

[PS] C:\Windows\system32>Get-CASMailbox VPUser3 | fl Name,ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy*

Name                                     : VPUser3
ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy                 : Default
ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsDefaulted     : False
```

Requirements

Business goals

Contoso plans to upgrade to Office 2016 during the next six months. As much as possible, Contoso plans to minimize the costs associated with purchasing hardware and software.

Planned Changes

Contoso plans to implement the following changes on the network:

- The A.Datum mailboxes will be migrated to the Exchange Online tenant of Contoso by using the IMAP migration method.
- The executive management at Contoso wants to prevent users from accessing their Exchange Online mailbox by using Outlook on the web.
- As a part of the A. Datum acquisition, some managers in the New York office will receive a new primary SMTP address. The current primary SMTP addresses of the managers must be demoted to secondary addresses.
- The manager of a user named User2 in the accounting department requests a new email address of user2@contoso.com for the user. All new email messages sent by User2 must come from the new address. User2 must still be able to receive messages by using the current address of acctuser2@contoso.com.

Technical Requirements

Contoso identifies the following technical requirements:

- The amount of time required to install Office on the marketing department computers must be minimized.
- The computers of the users in the sales department must have only the 64-bit version of Office 365 ProPlus installed.
- All Exchange Online mailbox data must be retained for 18 months (540 days) and then moved to a user's archive mailbox.
- The legal department requests that only items in the mailbox of a user named User5 that were sent or received between July and November of last year be preserved for 540 days. The legal department requests that all mailbox items in the organization that have the keyword ProjectX be placed on hold for 180 days from the time they were received or created.
- If an In-Place Hold is configured for a user, the For compliance, turn off non-archived features Skype for Business Online option must be enabled. Users must only be notified that these features will be disabled temporarily while the In-Place Hold is in effect.
- Contoso plans to introduce a new mobile device mailbox policy by running the New- MobileDeviceMailboxPolicy-Name "Unrestricted"-PasswordEnabled

```
$true- AlphanumericPasswordRequired $true- PasswordRecoveryEnabled  
$true-IsDefault $true- AttachmentsEnabled $true-AllowStorageCard $true  
command.
```

QUESTION 174

You need to modify the existing environment to meet the technical requirement for Outlook on the web.

Solution: You run the Set-Mailbox command.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Set-CASMailbox command, not the Set-Mailbox command, must be used to disable Outlook Web App. This example disables Outlook Web App for the mailbox of Yan Li.

Set-CASMailbox -Identity "Yan Li" -OWAEnabled \$false

From scenario: The executive management at Contoso wants to prevent users from accessing their Exchange Online mailbox by using Outlook on the web. Note: You can use the EAC or the Shell to enable or disable Outlook Web App for a user mailbox. When Outlook Web App is enabled, a user can use Outlook Web App to send and receive email. When Outlook Web App is disabled, the mailbox will continue to receive email messages, and a user can access it to send and receive email by using a MAPI client, such as Microsoft Outlook, or with a POP or IMAP email client, assuming that the mailbox is enabled to support access by those clients.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124124\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124124(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 175

You need to modify the existing environment to meet the technical requirement for Outlook on the web.

Solution: You run the Set-OWAMailboxPolicy command.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Set-CASMailbox command, not the Set-OWAMailboxPolicy command, must be used to disable Outlook Web App. From scenario: The executive management at Contoso wants to prevent users from accessing their Exchange Online mailbox by using Outlook on the web. Note: You can use the EAC or the Shell to enable or disable Outlook Web App for a user mailbox. When Outlook Web App is enabled, a user can use Outlook Web App to send and receive email. When Outlook Web App is disabled, the mailbox will continue to receive email messages, and a user can access it to send and receive email by using a MAPI client, such as Microsoft Outlook, or with a POP or IMAP email client, assuming that the mailbox is enabled to support access by those clients.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124124\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124124(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 176

You need to modify the existing environment to meet the technical requirement for Outlook on the web.

Solution: You run the Set-CASMailbox command.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Set-CASMailbox command can be used to disable Outlook Web App. This example disables Outlook Web App for the mailbox of Yan Li.

Set-CASMailbox -Identity "Yan Li" -OWAEnabled \$false

From scenario: The executive management at Contoso wants to prevent users from accessing their Exchange Online mailbox by using Outlook on the web. Note: You can use the EAC or the Shell to enable or disable Outlook Web App for a user mailbox. When Outlook Web App is enabled, a user can use Outlook Web App to send and receive email. When Outlook Web App is disabled, the mailbox will continue to receive email messages, and a user can access it to send and receive email by using a MAPI client, such as Microsoft Outlook, or with a POP or IMAP email client, assuming that the mailbox is enabled to support access by those clients.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124124\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124124(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 177

Drag and Drop Question

You plan to implement the new mobile device mailbox policy based on the technical requirement. Which mobile device mailbox policy will apply to VPUser1, VPUser2, and VPUser3? To answer, drag the appropriate mobile device mailbox policies to the correct users. Each mobile device mailbox policy may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Mobile Device Mailbox Policies		Answer Area
Default		VPUser1
Restricted		VPUser2
Unrestricted		VPUser3

Answer:

Mobile Device Mailbox Policies	Answer Area
	VPUser1
	Unrestricted
	VPUser2
	Restricted
	VPUser3
	Default

Explanation:

Confusingly, the policy that Exchange Server 2010 and 2013 create automatically during setup is called "Default". However the name "Default" is not the true indication of which policy is the default. Instead it is the `IsDefaultPolicy` (for Exchange 2010) or `IsDefault` (for Exchange 2013) property that actually determines which one is the default policy. For VPUser1's mailbox we see that the `ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsDefaulted` property is set to `True`. This means that if we change the default mobile device mailbox policy to a different policy, that change will also take effect for VPUser1. VPUser2 is configured with a mobile device policy named `Restricted`. This means that if we change the default mobile device mailbox policy to a different policy, that change will not take effect for VPUser2, and he will remain on the same policy. VPUser3 is assigned to the "Default" policy again (see And also from scenario below), but the `ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsEnabled` property is still set to `False`. This means that VPUser3 will remain configured with the policy named "Default" even if the default is changed to a different policy.

From the scenario:

Name: VPUser1

ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy: Default

ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsDefaulted: True

Name: VPUser2

ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy: Restricted

ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsDefaulted: False

Name: VPUser3

ActiveSyncMailboxPolicy: Default

ActiveSyncMailboxPolicyIsDefaulted: False

And also from scenario:

Contoso plans to introduce a new mobile device mailbox policy by running the `New-MobileDeviceMailboxPolicy-Name "Unrestricted"-PasswordEnabled $true-AlphanumericPasswordRequired $true-PasswordRecoveryEnabled $true-IsDefault $true-AttachmentsEnabled $true-AllowStorageCard $true` command.

<http://exchangeserverpro.com/exchange-server-configure-default-mobile-device-mailbox-policy-activesync/>

QUESTION 178

Hotspot Question

You are planning the deployment of Office 365 ProPlus. You need to identify which deployment

method to use for each department based on the current business model and the technical requirement. Which method should you identify for each department? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

Marketing:

	▼
Click-to-Run Windows Installer (MSI)	

Accounting:

	▼
Click-to-Run Windows Installer (MSI)	

Research:

	▼
Click-to-Run Windows Installer (MSI)	

Answer:

Answer Area

Marketing:

	▼
Click-to-Run Windows Installer (MSI)	

Accounting:

	▼
Click-to-Run Windows Installer (MSI)	

Research:

	▼
Click-to-Run Windows Installer (MSI)	

Explanation:

Marketing: Click-to-Run

Users in the marketing department frequently change their computer and must reinstall Office.

Accounting: Windows Installer (MSI)

Users in the accounting department have access to Windows by using Remote Desktop Services (RDS). All client applications, including Office, are made available through Remote Desktop sessions.

Research: Windows Installer (MSI)

Users in the research department deal with highly sensitive patents; therefore, they do not have access to the Internet from their computer.

Note: The default method for an Office 365 user to install an Office product, such as Office 365 ProPlus or Visio Pro for Office 365, on a computer is to use the Office 365 portal. When a user installs an Office product from the Office 365 portal, Click-to-Run is used to stream the necessary files from the Internet to the user's computer and install the Office product.

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj219423.aspx>

QUESTION 179

You need to resolve the incorrect Skype for Business Online user sign-in SIP address of User1. What should you do?

- A. From users in the Skype for Business admin center, modify the general options for User1.
- B. Instruct User1 to go to his personal site and edit his contact information.
- C. From users in the Office 365 admin center, change the primary email address for User1.
- D. From recipients in the Exchange admin center, modify the email addresses for User1.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Use the Exchange Admin Center (EAC) to change the primary or a secondary SIP address:

1. In the EAC, navigate to Recipients > Mailboxes.
2. In the list view, select the mailbox for which you want to change a SIP address, and then click Edit Edit icon.
3. On the User Mailbox page, under Email address, select the SIP address you want to change, and then click Edit Edit icon. The primary SIP address is listed in bold letters and numbers.
4. On the Email address page, in the Address/Extension box, enter the new SIP address for the user, and then click OK. If you need to select a new UM dial plan, you can click Browse.
5. Click Save.

From scenario: A new employee named User1 reports that this name was misspelled when his account was initially created, which has resulted in an incorrect user sign-in SIP address in Skype for Business Online.

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335189\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335189(v=exchg.150).aspx)

QUESTION 180

You configure an In-Place Hold for a user based on the technical requirement. Which three Skype for Business features are disabled for the user? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. shared Microsoft OneNote pages
- B. file transfers
- C. desktop sharing
- D. audio conferencing
- E. video conferencing
- F. Microsoft PowerPoint annotations

Answer: ABF

Explanation:

The For compliance, turn off non-archived features options turns off the following features:

- Shared OneNote pages
- File transfer using instant messaging
- PowerPoint annotations

From scenario: If an In-Place Hold is configured for a user, the For compliance, turn off non-archived features Skype for Business Online option must be enabled.

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Admins-Configure-Skype-for-Business-settings-for-individual-users-77b26eac-8228-4161-ba9f-733b187bd836?ui=en-US&rs=en-US&ad=US>

QUESTION 181

You need to deploy Office 365 ProPlus to the sales department computers by using an XML configuration file. The solution must meet the technical requirement. Which attribute should you include in the XML file?

- A. Product ID
- B. OfficeClientEdition
- C. TargetVersion
- D. Version

Answer: B

Explanation:

The computers of the users in the sales department must have only the 64-bit version of Office 365 ProPlus installed.

QUESTION 182

Hotspot Question

You need to configure Exchange Online to meet the technical requirements for the legal department. Which command and parameter should you use for each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Requirement for:	Command to use:	Parameter to use:
ProjectX	<div> <input type="text"/>▼ New-MailboxSearch Set-Mailbox </div>	<div> <input type="text"/>▼ -ItemHoldPeriod -LitigationHoldDate -LitigationHoldDuration </div>
User5	<div> <input type="text"/>▼ New-MailboxSearch Set-Mailbox </div>	<div> <input type="text"/>▼ -ItemHoldPeriod -LitigationHoldDate -LitigationHoldDuration </div>

Answer:

Answer Area

Requirement for:	Command to use:	Parameter to use:
ProjectX	<div> <div></div> <div>New-MailboxSearch</div> <div>Set-Mailbox</div> </div>	<div> <div></div> <div>-ItemHoldPeriod</div> <div>-LitigationHoldDate</div> <div>-LitigationHoldDuration</div> </div>
User5	<div> <div></div> <div>New-MailboxSearch</div> <div>Set-Mailbox</div> </div>	<div> <div></div> <div>-ItemHoldPeriod</div> <div>-LitigationHoldDate</div> <div>-LitigationHoldDuration</div> </div>

Explanation:

The legaldepartment requests that only items in the mailbox of a user named User5 that were sent or received between July and November of last year be preserved for 540 days. The legal department requests that all mailbox items in the organization that have the keyword ProjectX be placed on hold for 180 days from the time they were received or created.

QUESTION 183

You need to recommend a solution to implement the planned change for the email addresses of the New York office managers.

Solution: Populate the attributes in Active Directory and implement directory synchronization.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

QUESTION 184

You need to recommend a solution to implement the planned change for the email addresses of the New York office managers.

Solution: From the Exchange Online module, run the Set-Mailbox cmdlet and specify the -EmailAddresses parameter.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

QUESTION 185

You need to recommend a solution to implement the planned change for the email addresses of the New Your office managers.

Solution: From the Exchange Management Shell, create a new email address policy by running the New-EmailAddressPolicy cmdlet and specifying the -RecipientFilter parameter. Run the Update-EmailAddressPolicy cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

QUESTION 186

Drag and Drop Question

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. All mailboxes have an archive mailbox. The company identifies the following compliance policies for users in different departments:

- The users in the sales department must have an unlimited mailbox size and must be able to choose from different archive and retention policies.
- For the users in the legal department, all email messages that are more than two years old must be moved to an archive folder and kept permanently.
- For all other users, email messages that are more than 60 days old and are in either the Deleted Items folder or the Sent Items folder must be deleted permanently.

Which type of retention tag should you use for each user type? To answer, drag the appropriate retention tag types to the correct user types. Each retention tag type may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Retention Tag Types

Default policy tag
Personal tag
Retention policy tag

Answer Area

Sales department users:	Retention tag type
Legal department users:	Retention tag type
All other users:	Retention tag type

Answer:

Retention Tag Types

Answer Area

Sales department users:	Personal tag
Legal department users:	Default policy tag
All other users:	Retention policy tag

QUESTION 187

An organization has an on-premises Exchange 2010 organization. You plan to implement online email archives in Office 365. You need to add online archive mailboxes to all of the user accounts. What should you do?

- A. In the Exchange Admin Center, navigate to the Recipients page and click mailboxes. Select the users who need the archive mailbox functionality and perform a bulk enable.

- B. In the Exchange Admin Center, navigate to the Recipients page and click users. Select the users who need the archive mailbox functionality, and perform a bulk enable.
- C. Connect to Exchange Online and run the following Windows PowerShell command:
Enable-Mailbox -UserPrincipalName <UPN> -RemoteArchive
- D. In the Exchange Admin Center, navigate to the Organization page and click mailboxes. Individually select mailboxes and enable the archive mailbox functionality.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/rmilne/2015/04/30/enable-remote-archive-with-exchange-hybrid/>

QUESTION 188

You have an Office 365 subscription. A new compliance policy requires that a Microsoft Exchange Server administrator must be able to search all user email messages. You add the Exchange administrator to the Discovery Management role group. You need to deploy an eDiscovery Center in Microsoft SharePoint Online. Which three actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From the Site settings of the eDiscovery Center, add the Exchange administrator as an owner of the eDiscovery Center.
- B. From search in the SharePoint admin center, add Exchange Online as a Result Resources.
- C. From the Site settings of the eDiscovery Center, add Exchange Online as Result Resources.
- D. From the SharePoint admin center, create an eDiscovery Center as a site collection.
- E. From search in the SharePoint admin center, import a search configuration.

Answer: ACD

QUESTION 189

Hotspot Question

You have an Office 365 subscription that has a site collection with a URL of <https://contoso.sharepoint.com>. Users report that they are prevented from uploading documents to the site because of free space issue. You increase the storage quota for the site collection to 1000 MB. You need to ensure that you receive a warning message when the site collection uses 90 percent of the available space. What command should you run? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

<div>▼</div> <div>Set-SPOSite</div> <div>Set-SPOSiteGroup</div>	<div>▼</div> <div>-Identify</div> <div>-Site</div> <div>-URL</div>	https://contoso.sharepoint.com	<div>▼</div> <div>-ResourceQuotaWarningLevel 90</div> <div>-StorageQuota 900</div> <div>-StorageQuotaWarningLevel 900</div>
---	--	---	---

Answer:

Answer Area

<div>▼</div> <div>Set-SPOSite</div> <div>Set-SPOSiteGroup</div>	<div>▼</div> <div>-Identify</div> <div>-Site</div> <div>-URL</div>	https://contoso.sharepoint.com	<div>▼</div> <div>-ResourceQuotaWarningLevel 90</div> <div>-StorageQuota 900</div> <div>-StorageQuotaWarningLevel 900</div>
---	--	---	---

QUESTION 190

You manage a Microsoft SharePoint Online tenant that has coauthoring enabled. A user named User1 fails to access a document that she uses regularly. You open the document library settings as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

Require content approval for submitted items?

- ☐ Yes ☒ No

Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library?

- ☐ No versioning
☒ Create major versions
Example: 1, 2, 3, 4
☐ Create major and minor (draft) versions
Example: 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 2.0

Optionally limit the number of versions to retain:

- ☒ Keep the following number of major versions:

☐ Keep drafts for the following number of major versions:

Who should see draft items in this document library?

- ☒ Any user who can read items
☐ Only users who can edit items
☐ Only users who can approve items (and the author of the item)

Require documents to be checked out before they can be edited?

- ☐ Yes ☒ No

You need to ensure that User1 can access the document in the document library. What should you do?

- A. Set Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library to No versioning.
- B. Set Require documents to be checked out before they can be edited to No.
- C. Set Create a version each time you edit a file in this document library to Create major and minor (drafts) versions.
- D. Set Keep the following number of major versions and set the option to 0.

Answer: C

QUESTION 191

Hotspot Question

You have an Office 365 subscription. A user adds an external user to the Team Site Visitors role for a team site. What is the effect of adding the user to the role? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The user access level to the site:

	▼
Edit	
Full Control	
Read	

The invitation to the site will expire in:

	▼
5 days	
7 days	
10 days	
14 days	

Answer:

Answer Area

The user access level to the site:

	▼
Edit	
Full Control	
Read	

The invitation to the site will expire in:

	▼
5 days	
7 days	
10 days	
14 days	

QUESTION 192

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an In-Place Hold that was implemented by running the following command:

```
New-MailboxSearch -Name "Hold-ProjectX" -SourceMailboxes "User1".
```

You are notified that the In-Place Hold is no longer required. You need to ensure that the mailbox data can be deleted by using retention policies.

Solution: You run the Set-Mailbox "User1" -LitigationHoldEnabled \$false.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

QUESTION 193

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an In-Place Hold that was implemented by running the following command:

```
New-MailboxSearch -Name "Hold-ProjectX" -SourceMailboxes "User1".
```

You are notified that the In-Place Hold is no longer required. You need to ensure that the mailbox data can be deleted by using retention policies.

Solution: You run the Remove-MailboxSearch "Hold-ProjectX".

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Ye
- B. No

Answer: B

QUESTION 194

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this sections, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an In-Place Hold that was implemented by running the following command:

```
New-MailboxSearch -Name "Hold-ProjectX" -SourceMailboxes "User1".
```

You are notified that the In-Place Hold is no longer required. You need to ensure that the mailbox data can be deleted by using retention policies.

Solution: You run Set-MailboxSearch "Hold-ProjectX" -InPlaceHoldEnabled \$false.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

QUESTION 195

Drag and Drop Question

An organization has an on-premises Exchange 2016 server. The organization plans to migrate to Exchange Online. You have the following requirements:

- You must minimize the impact of the migration on users.
- Users must sign in to Office 365 by using the same password that they use for on-premises services.
- You must use the fewest additional servers possible.

You need to complete the migration. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions		Answer Area
Install and configure Azure Active Directory Connect with password sync on an existing domain controller.		
Run the Hybrid Configuration wizard on the existing Exchange 2016 server.	➤	⬆
Migrate users by using a Remote move migration.		
Migrate users by using a Cutover migration.	⬅	⬇
Install and configure Azure Active Directory Connect with password sync on a new member server.		
Migrate users by using a Staged migration.		
Migrate users by using an IMAP migration.		

Answer:

Actions		Answer Area
		Install and configure Azure Active Directory Connect with password sync on an existing domain controller.
	➤	Run the Hybrid Configuration wizard on the existing Exchange 2016 server.
		Migrate users by using a Remote move migration.
Migrate users by using a Cutover migration.	⬅	
Install and configure Azure Active Directory Connect with password sync on a new member server.		
Migrate users by using a Staged migration.		
Migrate users by using an IMAP migration.		

QUESTION 196

Drag and Drop Question

An organization has a single Exchange 2016 server. The organization plans to migrate to Exchange Online. You have the following requirements:

- You must perform a test migration to Exchange Online with a subset of the mailboxes.
- These mailboxes must be migrated back on-premises if the test fails.
- Users must sign in to Office 365 by using the same password that they use for on-premises services.
- You must use the fewest additional servers possible to complete the migration.

You need to complete the test migration. Which four actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Install Azure Active Directory Connect on an existing domain controller.

Configure Azure Active Directory Connect with password sync.

Run the Hybrid Configuration wizard.

Migrate mailboxes.

Install and configure Active Directory Federation Services on a new server.

Install Azure Active Directory Connect on a new server.

Configure a staged migration.

Answer Area



Answer:

Actions

Install and configure Active Directory Federation Services on a new server.

Install Azure Active Directory Connect on a new server.

Configure a staged migration.

Answer Area

Install Azure Active Directory Connect on an existing domain controller.

Configure Azure Active Directory Connect with password sync.



Run the Hybrid Configuration wizard.

Migrate mailboxes.



QUESTION 197

Drag and Drop Question

You have three customers named Customer1, Customer2, and Customer3 that plan to migrate to Microsoft Exchange Online. The customers have the following characteristics:

- Customer1 has 100 mailboxes hosted on Exchange Server 2007. All of the users at Customer1 work during the weekdays only. All mailboxes will be

migrated during the weekend.

- Customer2 has 3,000 mailboxes hosted on Exchange Server 2013. The users at Customer2 work during various times of the day, seven days a week. Eighty percent of the mailboxes will be migrated, while 20 percent of the mailboxes will remain on-premises indefinitely.

- Customer3 has 50 mailboxes hosted in Google Gmail. All of the users at Customer3 work during the weekdays only. All mailboxes will be migrated during the weekend.

You need to recommend which migration method each customer must use. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize the amount of time that the users will lose access their mailbox.
- Minimize administrative effort.

Which migration method should you recommend for each customer? To answer, drag the appropriate migration methods to the correct customers. Each migration method may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Migration Methods

Cutover
Hybrid
IMAP
Staged

Answer Area

Customer1:	Migration method
Customer2:	Migration method
Customer3:	Migration method

Answer:

Migration Methods

Staged

Answer Area

Customer1:	Cutover
Customer2:	Hybrid
Customer3:	IMAP

QUESTION 198

You administer Microsoft Exchange Online for Fabrikam, Inc. Fabrikam's Exchange Online tenant domain name is fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com. You verify the domain fabrikam.com in the Office 365 admin center and instruct other administrators to configure new Exchange Online users with fabrikam.com as the primary SMTP domain. The fabrikam.com domain is not federated. A user reports that his reply-to address is displayed to external email message recipients as User1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com. You need to configure the user's mailbox to meet the following requirements:

- The user's reply-to address must be User1@fabrikam.com.
- The email address User1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com must function as a secondary email address for the user.

Which Windows PowerShell command should you run?

- A. Set-Mailbox -Identity user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com -EmailAddresses SMTP:user1@fabrikam.com, user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com
- B. Set-Mailbox -Identity user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com -EmailAddresses SIP:user1@fabrikam.com
- C. Set-Mailbox -Identity user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com -EecondaryAddress user1@fabrikam.com
- D. Set Mailbox -Identity user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com -EmailAddresses user1@fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com,user1@fabrikam.com

Answer: A

QUESTION 199

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You need to configure Microsoft Skype for Business Online to disable alerts for voicemail and instant messages to Windows Phones. What should you do?

- A. In the Lync admin center, disable public IM connectivity.
- B. In the Lync admin center, disable the Microsoft Push Notification Service.
- C. Use theSet-CsPrivacyConfigurationWindows PowerShell cmdlet.
- D. Use theSet-CsHostedVoiceMailPolicyWindows PowerShell cmdlet.

Answer: B

QUESTION 200

You manage an Office 365 tenant with an Enterprise E3 subscription. You have a sales department that uses Project Online and Microsoft Dynamics CRM Online Professional. Sales department employees must be able to share documents with, and submit time sheets to the finance department. You need to enable these services for the finance department. Which subscription should you assign to the finance department users?

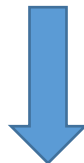
- A. Project Online
- B. Power BI for Office 365
- C. Microsoft Dynamics CRM Online Professional
- D. ParatureEnterprise

Answer: A

QUESTION 201

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